"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day and probably Thursday; not much change in temperature; light west winds.
☞ For full weather report see Page 8.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,562. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1911.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

TWO AIRMEN FALL TO DEATH

W. R. Badger Crushed by His Engine and St. Croix Johnstone Drowned at Chicago.

TANGLED IN HIS MONOPLANE

Explosion Caused Fall—Wings of Badger's Biplane Doubled Up in Recovery from Quick Dip.

500,000 SAW THE TRAGEDY

Badger, Son of Rich Pittsburgh Family, an Amateur—Johnstone a Chicago Doctor's Son.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Two airmen were killed here on this, the fourth day of the big aviation meet at Grant Park, after three days without a serious accident. The victims were William R. Badger, son of a wealthy Pittsburgh family, and St. Croix Johnstone of Chicago, both young men, and the double tragedy took place in the presence of 500,000 spectators.

Badger was literally broken to pieces by the engine of his Baldwin biplane in front of the grands tands. He was still living when he was taken from the wreckage, but died immediately after his arrival at a hospital to which he was hurried in an ambulance.

Johnstone, whose father is a Chicago physician, fell into Lake Michigan from a height of 1,000 feet, nearly an hour being consumed before his body was recovered and towed to the Chicago Yacht Club.

Apparently no one saw the beginning of the fall which caused Johnstone's death except his wife, who was standing in the doorway of the Moisant hangar, her eyes glued to the darting craft which supported her husband above the lake. Suddenly Mrs. Johnstone uttered a piercing scream and pointed to the falling machine her husband was driving. Johnstone's aeroplane was seen to drop like a shot into the lake, yet, fast as it fell, it seemed to the watching thousands that it took minutes instead of fractions of seconds. The airman was caught under his machine, from which he had jumped as he fell, and which sank in the lake. The fall of Johnstone's monoplane is ascribed to the explosion of his engine.

Badger Crushed Under Biplane.

Badger's fatal accident occurred while he was flying over an elliptical depression which had been excavated in Grant Park for the purpose of creating either a lagoon or a stadium, and which was recently utilized as the arena for a big military tournament, in which 10,000 troops participated. Its sides are now used for grand stands, with a seating capacity of 70,000.

Badger was flying above this depression in the centre of the lake side of the course, about 300 feet in the air. All the afternoon he had been performing feats that even the more experienced aviators hesitated to attempt in the tricky airs prevailing. Though he was an amateur flier merely, the spiral dips and long glides in the red machine driven by Badger had thrilled the spectators time and again.

Just before his fall he had soared from within a few feet of the ground to the 300-foot level. Then he turned the nose of his machine toward the earth and dipped with terrific speed toward the depression. He dropped within seventy-five feet of the earth and then attempted to straighten out his machine for another ascension.

The resulting air pressure, experts say, was over 7,000 pounds, too great for the frail wings of the biplane. Both wings crumpled up and the machine was dashed into the bank of the excavation with a force that buried a part of the engine in the mud and reduced the canvas and wood structure of the machine to rags and splinters.

Earl Ovington was the first man to reach the wreck of the machine. He found Badger crushed between the radiator and the engine. He was bleeding from the nose and the eyes, and was unconscious, while a steel rod of the engine had pierced his skull. He was hurried to St. Luke's Hospital in an ambulance, and died immediately after his arrival in the institution.

A post mortem examination disclosed the fact that in addition to having a crushed skull the fall broke Badger's back in several places.

Efforts to Save Johnstone.

It was very soon after Badger's accident and death that Johnstone's machine fell into the lake. Motor boats which were at some distance of the scene immediately started for him. The first boat to reach him was the Kousie, a speed motor boat belonging to C. W. Houck, a chauffeur, working for J. Ogden Armour. When the Kousie arrived Johnstone had been in the water ten minutes, held under by the wreckage, in which he was entangled. Although Mr. Houck made strenuous efforts to lift the drowning aviator into his boat, he was unable to do so, as his narrow craft was several times in imminent danger of capsizing.

In a few minutes the almost submerged machine was surrounded by a swarm of little boats which had put out from the Columbian and Chicago Yacht Clubs. Nothing could be done toward getting the machine out of the water until the arrival of Harbor Police Captain George De Mar in Patrol Motor Boat 1 twenty minutes after the aviator had fallen into the water. Immediately, upon getting Johnstone out of the water Dr. Kinloch, who was with the patrol boat, attempted to revive him. He worked on him all the time he was being taken to the Columbian Yacht Club and for twenty minutes after arrival there in vain, though at one time it was thought that Johnstone might live.

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PHOTOGRAPHS OF THOUGHTS

French Scientist Declares He Has Succeeded in Taking Them.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—Much interest has been aroused here by the announcement of the well-known scientific investigator, Commander Darget, of the success of experiments in photographing human thought.

Commander Darget, who has devoted a long time to the study of hypnotism and kindred subjects, stated yesterday to the Academy of Sciences that after many trials he had succeeded in obtaining photographic impressions of thoughts of concrete objects. He produced as evidence two photographs, one showing a walking stick and the other a bottle, in each case the image being perfectly distinct.

In explanation of his achievement, Commander Darget gave the following account of the process:

After staring a long time on the object to be photographed in a strong red light, concentrating all his attention on it, he fixed his gaze with all the will power at his command on a photographic plate that had previously been immersed in a weak developer in a dark room. At the end of a quarter of an hour the image of the object appeared on the negative.

According to the Commander's theory, these astounding results are due to certain obscure light rays which he calls "V" rays.

As the Academy of Sciences is the highest official body of savants in France, and all Commander Darget's experiments were made in the presence of six witnesses, there seems no doubt as to their authenticity.

WOMEN FAST FROM SODA.

No Sweets Nor Theatregoing While They're Saving for Suffrage Cause.

The woman suffragists of New York, that is a goodly proportion of them, are going to make a great sacrifice for the cause for a week beginning to-day. From sunrise this morning until midnight next Tuesday not one among those referred to will enjoy an ice cream soda, a chocolate soda, or even a glass of cherry phosphate. Candy has also been blacklisted for the period named, as have also theatrical tickets. The money that would have been spent for cooling drinks, theatre parties, and all that sort of thing will go into the treasury of the woman's suffrage movement, half of the proceeds to be sent to California to help finance the fight for votes for women now being waged out there. An amendment giving California women the suffrage will be voted on in California on Oct. 10.

A large number of those who are interested in suffrage journeyed to Clason's Point yesterday, where a series of meetings in a big tent are about to start. Many of the women will remain there through the fasting period. Meals will be served, but they will be of the plainest sort. Luxuries of no kind are to be permitted.

Two New York women orators will be sent to California to help in the fight, it was said yesterday. Rumor is that they will be Mrs. Helen Hoy Greeley and Mrs. A. C. Fiske. In California, it is said, the women are staying at home this Summer so as to use the money they would have spent in going away to aid in financing the fight for the right to vote.

GRANDSON UNITES DREXELS.

Heir Born to Lady Maidstone Brings Anthony J. and Wife Together.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Aug. 15.—A special dispatch from London received to-day by friends of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel confirms the rumor that a reconciliation has been effected.

When the news was received in this country last week that a son and heir had been born to Lady Maidstone, formerly Miss Margaret Drexel, there was a general prophecy that this domestic event would probably end the breach between the grandparents.

The dispatch received from London to-day will be received by the many friends of Mrs. Drexel in this country with pleasure. Both Mr. and Mrs. Drexel refused to discuss the situation when the question of an absolute divorce was suggested, and on Mrs. Drexel's recent visit to America, when she visited for several weeks in this city, New York, and Baltimore, she refused to be interviewed on the subject, neither confirming nor denying the rumors.

No announcement was made in regard to a reconciliation, but they were seen together in several public places.

THE POPE STRONGER.

Condition Generally Improved—How a Reporter Deceived His Sisters.

ROME, Aug. 15.—The general condition of Pope Pius to-night is better. His strength has perceptibly increased, the irregularity of the pulse which alarmed the doctors has almost disappeared, and his Holiness's temperature remains at about 98.9. To-day the Pope took a few steps in his bedroom without feeling any the worse because of the exertion. His gouty knee is less swollen and the pain in it continues to diminish.

The Pope is more obedient to his physicians than was his predecessor, Leo XIII. He follows their directions implicitly and takes his medicine without complaint. The doctors call him a model patient.

An incident amusing to some but annoying to the sisters of the Pope is related to-day. The sisters, who have been besieged by newspaper men and photographers, have become unapproachable to those wishing information regarding the pontiff's condition for public use. Late yesterday a reporter, disguised as an inspector for the gas company, entered their home, and, after examining the meter and the pipes, humbly inquired about the Holy Father. The sisters, mistaking the man for a devout Catholic anxious regarding the pontiff's health, answered candidly. A few hours later they were chagrined to see every word they had spoken published in the Giornale d'Italia.

This morning a genuine clerk from the gas company's office, who had not read the Giornale d'Italia, visited the home of the sisters in the performance of his routine duty. No sooner had he explained his mission than he was overwhelmed by a torrent of Venetian remonstrances. The unhappy clerk retired hastily, discomfited and at a loss to know how he had given offense.

Latest Shipping News.

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Baltic, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 1,000 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M. yesterday. Will be at her pier, unless delayed, Friday forenoon.

TORNADO-LIKE STORM TURNS DAY TO NIGHT

Many Buildings Struck All Over the City in the Tropical Downpour.

SEVERAL PERSONS KILLED

Subways and New Haven Road Tied Up—Boats Wrecked—Panic in School and Recreation Pier—Liner Hit.

New Yorkers had an opportunity yesterday afternoon of seeing what the sky looks like in a tropical thunder storm or before a typhoon in the China Sea. From 2:45 to 3:10 o'clock the sky was as black as night. The rain fell in sheets, accompanied by crashes of thunder and vivid flashes of lightning, which gave a weird effect to the unnatural darkness.

As the sky became dark there was the same peculiar stillness in the air which mariners always dread at sea—one that forebodes a conflict of the elements which often results in loss of life. The lightning darted in all directions from the Bronx to Hoboken, striking trees, splintering flagpoles, cracking stone copings of houses, and frightening thousands of women and children who were returning from excursions to the seashore, but doing none any bodily harm.

Admiral Togo, who was crossing Brooklyn Bridge, returning from the Navy Yard, in an automobile when the storm was at its height, remarked to Capt. Potts that it was as bad as anything he had experienced, except a typhoon off the Chinese coast.

Rain commenced to fall yesterday about 1:20 o'clock in the afternoon. The temperature had risen from 73 at 8 o'clock to 85 degrees. The downpour, accompanied by thunder and lightning, lasted until about 2:15, when the rain ceased and the sun came out for a brief period, the temperature having fallen to 80 degrees.

Was Dark as Night.

About half-past two the sky became overcast again and the rain recommenced with squalls of wind and thunder and lightning which became louder and more vivid as the sky got darker, until at quarter of three it was so black that it was impossible to see across the Hudson River. Ferry and tugboats lighted their side signal lamps.

The storm was moving from the northwest to the southeast and at 3 o'clock the velocity of the wind was reported on the Weather Bureau in the Whitehall Building to have been 55 miles an hour. The Central Park observers estimated that 30 miles an hour was the maximum. In Central Park .85 of an inch of rain was recorded; the Government observer reported that .71 of an inch fell downtown.

At 2:50 o'clock lightning struck the wireless apparatus of the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie. She had just arrived from Bremen, and the ball of fire, according to Operator Westphal, who was in his room on the boat deck, ran along the antennae between the masts and disappeared over the side of the ship after hitting the shed with a crash that smashed several panes of glass and frightened women passengers who were having their baggage examined by the customs men.

Five minutes after the lightning struck the liner another vivid bolt hit the flagstaff on the Lackawanna Railroad clock tower in Hoboken, splintering it and stopping the clock underneath at 2:55.

At 3 o'clock the temperature had dropped to 72 and the electric storm was at its height over New York City and the surrounding districts. At 3:05 the clouds began to break, and ten minutes later daylight appeared again and the fall of rain lessened until at 3:30 it ceased. The sun shone until the rain began again about 4:45.

The first accident reported at Police Headquarters as a result of the storm was from the Arsenal Station in Central Park, where the lightning struck several trees near the station. Lieut. Joseph S. Ryan, who was transmitting a telephone message to headquarters, was thrown violently across the office against the wall with a force which stunned him for a while.

Joseph Herman, employed on the farm of Wyckoff Van Sicklen at Dunton in Queens Borough, was killed by lightning as he was driving from a field with a load of potatoes. The bolt made a hole in his skull and burned the hair from his head and the greater part of his clothing. The horse was killed also.

Panic at East Side School.

About 2:45 o'clock a flagpole on School 91, Forsythe and Stanton Streets, was struck by lightning and splintered, but did not fall. The crash, however, started a rumor in the district that the school had been set on fire by the lightning and a crowd of women, whose children were attending vacation classes in the building, rushed to the school and tried to get in. The darkness increased the terrors of the women, some of whom cried out that the end of the world had come and that they were all going to be killed.

At the time there were about 400 boys and girls in the building, and the teachers had difficulty in calming them when it became so dark that they could not see to read. Carrie Rauch's fifty pupils on the top floor were almost hysterical with fright.

Policeman Randall saw the rush of women at the door, and assisted the janitor in telling them the children were in no danger, pointing out that the flagpole was still standing. The rain drenched them to the skin, but it was half an hour before the women could be calmed. Then the children were dismissed.

The storm was most severe in the northern section of the city and in the Bronx. Abraham Siegel, with his wife and two children, was sitting in the dining room of his apartment, on the ground floor of the apartment house 165 Edgecombe Avenue, when lightning entered the window and struck a table in the centre of the room. The place was set on fire.

Siegel and his wife ran to the street, carrying their children, and an alarm was turned in. The firemen confined the blaze to a damage of about $500.

Lightning struck the coping of the twelve-story building 305 West Seventeenth Street, tearing off a large part of it. It left the coping in a dangerous condition, but no fire resulted.

Railroad Trains Stopped.

The downpour flooded the tracks of the Harlem Division of the New York Central and the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroads, in the deep cut in Park Avenue, between 182d and 183d Streets. Traffic was tied up for an hour and a half. A crew of 100 men was rushed from the Grand Central Station and pumps set up, but before that could be done the water was more than three feet deep in the cut. All trains on the New Haven Road and on the Harlem Division of the New York Central were delayed from half an hour to an hour.

At City Island rowboats left tied at

Continued on Page 2.

BUSINESS CONDITIONS THE WORLD OVER.
An interview of unusual importance with Roger W. Babson, the well-known expert on matters financial, will be one of the interesting articles in
Next Sunday's Times

THREE MILLIONS LEFT BY PATRICK GOODMAN

Plain, Weazened Old Resident Whose Great Wealth Was Unsuspected Before His Death.

RELATIVES TO FIGHT WILL

Bequeathed His Residuary Estate to Two Nephews in Ireland—Distant Kin as Executors.

Patrick Goodman, who died Aug. 7, at 344 East Fifty-eighth Street, left an estate of about $3,000,000. This was revealed yesterday when relatives announced that they were about to institute proceedings to contest his will, made Aug. 2, 1907, and filed a few days ago for probate.

Goodman, who was also known as Goodwin, was a familiar figure on the east side. It was his habit to collect in person the rents from various tenement houses which he owned. He drove about behind a team of brown mustangs, principally along Second Avenue. After he had passed his three-score-and-ten, and had become a weazened old landlord, he continued his monthly visits to his tenants, although his mustangs showed their age through loss of hair.

It was learned yesterday by a TIMES reporter that Goodman had been pronounced incompetent before his death by a decree of the Supreme Court. Another Patrick Goodman, whom the decree describes as a cousin, but who, according to other relatives, is only a distant relation, if a cousin at all, was named as committee of his person and property by Supreme Court Justice Bischoff in this decree. Various delays prevented the committee from filing his bond and final qualification until the date of the old man's death. This raises a question as to the actual custody of the valuable properties left by Patrick Goodman.

Back of the will contest lies a remarkable family history. Goodman was a thorough-going Irishman and a devoted Catholic. But his grandfather was a Hebrew, who, about a hundred years ago, according to some of the heirs, married a comely Irish lass and became a Catholic. This religion has been the faith of all his descendants. Goodman's father and mother came to this country before the civil war well supplied with money and made discreet investments in real estate in both Manhattan and the Bronx. They bought stock also in corporations which have expanded with the growth of the city. Among these is the Consolidated Gas Company, in which Patrick Goodman is said to have had large holdings.

Patrick Goodwin or Goodman never married. He was 74 years old at his death. He lived with two nieces, Teresa Kear and Mrs. Pfeiffer. Both of these were cut off without a cent in his will and are among the heirs who will join in contesting it.

The old man adopted the name of Goodwin after he had acquired extensive sand properties at Port Washington, taking the appellation from the famous Goodwin sands. His sand properties at Port Washington proved to be the most profitable within the reach of Manhattan building operations, and soon he had a line of barges of his own in operation.

Shortly after he acquired the Port Washington properties a well-known Congressman, who held a nearby estate, endeavored to restrict him by calling into play a covenant against the selling of the land in question to Hebrews. Mr. Goodman came into court and declared:

"Well, Mr. Blank, I am as good an Irishman and a Catholic as you are."

His defense was successful, and his sand enterprise was unmolested. In recent years it was reported that he had refused $250,000 for it.

Among the contestants of Mr. Goodman's or Goodwin's will are several who are wealthy in their own right. Among these are the members of the Bannigan family of Providence, R. I., who are extensively interested in rubber companies. Other relatives not so prominent have substantial holdings of New York City real estate.

The proceedings in which Mr. Goodman, the testator, was declared incompetent were instituted by his nephew, Bernard Bannigan of 820 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, through his attorney, Michael E. Finnegan of 44 Court Street, Brooklyn. Dr. John Hoch testified before a Sheriff's Jury that Goodman had suffered an attack of cerebral apoplexy. He was unable, according to the testimony of two trained nurses, to execute the simplest suggestions for his own welfare unless they were translated into action for his imitation. Before the Commissioners inquiring into his competency evidence as to the extent of his wealth, hitherto unsuspected, was given. It was shown that he held more than $145,000 in mortgages alone.

Ample funds to finance the contest of the will are expected from well-to-do relatives of the testator. Mrs. Helen Pfeiffer of 1,028 Second Avenue, wife of a police Lieutenant, and Mrs. Teresa Kear, wife of a Custom House Inspector, who lives in a tenement house of her own ownership in East Fifty-second Street, near Second Avenue; John C. Duffy, associated with John McGlynn in the Hotel La Reine at Bradley Beach, N. J., the two former his nieces, and the last his nephew, are among these.

Mr. Goodman or Goodwin made the following bequests to Roman Catholic charities:

Five hundred dollars to St. Joseph's Seminary, Dunwoodie, N. Y.; $250 to the Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, $250 to the Convent of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd, $1,000 to the Little Sisters of the Poor, $500 to St. Francis's Home for Chronic Invalids, $500 to St. Joseph's Home for Consumptives, $250 to the Rosary Hill Home and Cancer Hospital, $1,000 to the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, $250 to the Church of the Immaculate Conception, $1,000 to the University of Notre Dame, $250 to St. Joseph's Normal College, $250 to the Society for the Propagation of the Faith, $500 to the Corpus Christi Monastery Sisters of St. Dominic, and $1,000 to Archbishop Farley.

The principal personal bequests made by him were equal shares of his residuary estate to his nephews, Francis and Patrick Goodman, sons of his deceased brother, Francis Goodman. These are residents of Corlea, County Monaghan, Ireland.

"Tiikit," the stylish eyeglasses at Spencer's, [illegible] 7 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

ATWOOD FLYING EAST REACHES ELKHART

Leaving Chicago, Adds 101 Miles to 286 from St. Louis Made on Monday.

TIME, 2 HOURS 16 MINUTES

Airman on Flight to Atlantic Has Altercation with Chicago Aviation Officials Over Check.

Times of Atwood's Flight.

City.	Miles.	Hour. P. M.
Chicago	0	3:31
South Chicago	12	3:45
Whiting, Ind.	17	3:52
Pine	23	4:00
Gary	26	4:06
Millers	30	4:10
Dune Park	35	4:16
Norwood	38	4:23
Chesterton	41	4:27
Burdick	45	4:33
Otis	49	4:38
Durham	53	4:43
Laporte	59	4:51
Rolling Prairie	66	5:01
New Carlisle	73	5:10
South Bend	86	5:28
Mishawaka	90	5:31
Osceola	96	5:40
Elkhart	101	5:47

Distance from St. Louis to Elkhart, via Chicago, 387 miles.

Special to The New York Times.

ELKHART, Ind., Aug. 15.—After crossing a corner of Lake Michigan and a wide stretch of Indiana, Harry N. Atwood landed here to-day at 5:47 P. M., having made the distance of 101 miles from Chicago in 2 hours and 16 minutes without a stop. He started from Chicago at 3:31 P. M. Thus he completes the second stage of his proposed 1,460-mile air-journey from St. Louis to New York and Boston. In two days he has accomplished 387 miles, the total time actually spent in flight being 7 hours and 59 minutes.

In making the distance from Chicago to Elkhart in 2 hours 16 minutes he was behind the Twentieth Century Limited schedule only 20 minutes and beat the fast mail schedule by 4 minutes and the Lake Shore Limited schedule by 24 minutes.

The second lap of the 1,460-mile aerial course was covered without a mishap, with the exception of slight engine trouble experience near Chicago. Atwood, traveling at a speed of nearly fifty miles an hour, followed the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad through from Chicago to Elkhart, where he had arranged to give a park exhibition. He carried a railroad time card and checked off each station as he passed over so as to prevent confusion in locating the terminus of the second day's lap. The maximum altitude attained was 2,000 feet, while he remained in the air about 1,500 feet up for a greater part of the distance.

Atwood on reaching Elkhart alighted twice, the first time two miles south of Elkhart Driving Park, where an eager and expectant crowd had gathered. Again ascending, Atwood made direct for the Driving Park and, after circling it twice, descended.

Weather permitting, Atwood will leave here at 7 o'clock to-morrow morning for Sandusky, the third station in his flight, the distance being 191 miles. He may not negotiate it without a stop.

In the event of his stopping he will descend at Waterloo, as it is his purpose to follow the line of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern eastward. Atwood plans to spend to-morrow night in Sandusky and then start for Cleveland, the fourth station in his flight. To date Atwood has covered by air line 387 miles of his St. Louis to New York flight in 7 hours 59 minutes.

He was feeling in excellent spirits to-night, and after a trip about the city in an automobile enjoyed a pleasant half hour at the piano in a local hotel before going to bed at 10 P. M. Two additional aeroplanes are following the aviator by rail to use in an emergency.

Atwood made his first landing here because he could not find the park where he had been scheduled to alight. Thousands of spectators who lined buildings and roofs and crowded the streets greeted the aviator when he alighted. He learned where the park was and rose again and flew thither.

The airman will carry a passenger when he starts out over the third leg of the long course to-morrow. Leo Stevens, his manager, who followed the aviator from Chicago to Elkhart by train, will accompany him when he starts east in the morning. Stevens had planned to ride with Atwood from Chicago to Elkhart, but changed his plans following the dispute with the park management just before the departure from Grant Park.

"It was a fine day for the second leg of the trip," said Atwood after successfully completing the 101-mile stretch. "Weather conditions were perfect and the railroad afforded an excellent trail to follow. I did not get off my course and was able to keep my bearings by referring to the schedule which I carried, checking off each station as I passed. With the exception of a little trouble with the engine immediately after leaving the park in Chicago, I had no trouble with the machine throughout the entire distance. I am highly elated over my success in covering the second leg of the long journey without mishap and with the speed that is being maintained. I am already a day ahead of the schedules as planned, and feel that I will have no trouble in capturing the $10,000 purse."

Atwood learned of the accident which befell W. R. Badger this afternoon in Chicago soon after his arrival at the hotel here and was deeply affected.

THE START FROM CHICAGO.

Dispute Over a Check for $500 Precedes Atwood's Departure.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Harry N. Atwood, who yesterday flew from St. Louis to Chicago, 286 miles, in 5 hours and 43 minutes actual flying time, left the aviation grounds at Grant Park here in his Burgess-Wright biplane at 3:31 this afternoon bound for Elkhart, Ind.

Atwood appeared on the aviation field here at 3:15, and ten minutes later his machine was hauled out to the white line marking the starting point. The airman stood on the beak of his machine while an automobile towed it to the starting place. At the report of a gun his assistants hurried to the propellers and with a twist the motors began to roar. Atwood

Continued on Page 2.

ARRANGE ASTOR SETTLEMENT

Will Set Aside Separate Fortune for Miss Force in Place of Dower.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 15.—Former Supreme Court Justice Henry A. Gildersleeve, representing Miss Madeleine Talmage Force and her family, is consulting with Lewis Cass Ledyard of the firm of Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, counsel for Col. John Jacob Astor, regarding the ante-nuptial financial settlement which Col. Astor will make upon Miss Force.

This is in accord with the custom of the men of the Astor family, who have set aside specific fortunes for their wives in lieu of dower rights.

J. P. MORGAN RETURNS.

Among Passengers on Olympic, Which Got to Quarantine Last Night.

J. Pierpont Morgan was a passenger on the White Star liner Olympic, which arrived last night and anchored at Quarantine for the night. When the ship was boarded at Quarantine Mr. Morgan was engaged at solitaire. Asked if he had anything to say about the steel investigation, he declined to talk.

Robert Bacon, American Ambassador to France; Lord Charles Beresford and Lady Beresford, and P. A. B. Widener were other passengers.

ODD SIGHT IN THE HEAVENS.

Mars and Saturn Close Together in the Eastern Sky.

Many New Yorkers wondered last night what the two bright lights in the eastern sky might be. The sky was clear after the storm, and a glance in the direction of the moon, half up to the zenith, revealed two planets so close together that the disk of the moon could have covered them both.

The planets were Mars and Saturn. They have been approaching each other visibly for several nights, and to-night will reach their closest juxtaposition. The distance that will separate them will be 21 minutes, or about one-third of a degree.

WAIT FOR CONGRESSMAN.

McGillicuddy's Case Called at New London and Held Open.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 15.—The bond in the case of Congressman D. J. McGillicuddy of Maine, who was arrested here last night for refusing to show his ticket to the conductor of the Federal express on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, was called in the City Court to-day with the understanding that the case should be reopened when the Congressman returned from Washington, for which place he left on an early train to-day.

Conductor Baker says he had no idea of the identity of the passenger until the latter signed his name at the police station.

DOG BRINGS AID TO WOMAN.

Summons Daughter of Mrs. O'Donnell When Latter Falls in Faint.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Mrs. William E. O'Donnell of 147 Johnston Street, while in her kitchen yesterday fell to the floor in a faint. Her little dog, seeing that something was the matter with his mistress, rushed to the room of Mrs. O'Donnell's daughter and barked.

At first Miss O'Donnell paid no attention to him. The dog ran down stairs again and again, showing unmistakable signs of being greatly worried about something. After he had repeated this performance for the third time Miss O'Donnell went to the kitchen, where she found her mother unconscious on the floor. A physician quickly revived her.

GOULDS AVOID RAILROAD WAR

Report That Edwin Takes His Brother Frank Into Southwestern Board.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 15.—Edwin Gould has averted a conflict in the St. Louis Southwestern Railway, it is reliably reported, by acceding to a demand from Frank Jay Gould for a stronger representation in the company, and it is also stated that Frank Jay Gould and R. Lancaster Williams of Baltimore, his banker, will be elected to the Directorate some time this Autumn.

The ultimatum was presented to Edwin by Frank Jay Gould in Europe. Frank told his brother that the Gould family desired to avoid trouble in the St. Louis Southwestern similar to that encountered in the Missouri Pacific, and he was no longer willing to trust to one-man power. George Jay Gould had been the controlling factor in the Missouri Pacific, and at the moment when it appeared that the Harriman banking institution, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., was about to get practical control of the property, Frank led a fight against George Gould and Williams was elected to the Missouri Pacific Board.

For months it has been the confident belief of financiers that the Illinois Central longed to buy the St. Louis Southwestern, and negotiations had gone so far that Edwin fixed a price. Executive officials of the Illinois Central in Chicago refused to make any statement regarding their attitude toward the St. Louis Southwestern, but their manner left the impression that they would like to have the road. The probable effect of Frank Gould's move will be the prevention of the purchase of the St. Louis Southwestern by the Illinois Central.

DEMOCRATS WIN IN TRENTON.

Elect Three of Five Commissioners for New Plan of Government.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 15.—The commission form of government election in Trenton to-day resulted in the success of Frederick W. Donnelly, J. Ridgway Fells, William F. Burke, George B. La Barre, and Edward W. Lee. Donnelly, Fells, and La Barre are Democrats, and Burke and Lee are Republicans. Four of them are office holders, and Fells was former City Engineer. Donnelly is President of the Trenton Harbor Board, Burke is Street Commissioner, La Barre is an Assessor, and Lee is City Controller.

The election was very quiet. Only about two-thirds of those who voted last Fall came out. Daniel J. Henry, Socialist, ran eighth in the race, receiving 5,024 votes. Donnelly, the high man, received 8,294, and Lee, the lowest of the successful candidates, received 6,156.

While the voting was not as heavy to-day as at the primary election several weeks ago there was far more excitement, due to the fact that the Republican machine leaders of the city came out boldly in an effort to obtain control of the new commission. This action was in violation of the promise previously made by the County Committee to maintain a neutral attitude.

Another matter to lend excitement was that numerous official ballots were on the streets, notwithstanding that every one of the ten candidate had pledged himself against such distribution.

TROOPS KILL TWO IN LIVERPOOL

A Reign of Terror There—Famine Feared—Martial Law May Be Declared.

RAILWAY STRIKE ANNOUNCED

Companies Have Twenty-four Hours in Which to Give Way and Negotiate.

150,000 MEN ARE INVOLVED

Government Trying Hard to Prevent Threatened Disaster—Atlantic Liners Unable to Get Away.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Aug. 16.—A new and even more serious aspect was given to the labor situation by last night's news of two fatalities in Liverpool and a threatened general railway strike.

With the advent of cooler weather yesterday had come a disposition to take a calmer view of the situation than on the previous day. The excessive heat had undoubtedly contributed to the spread of the strike movement, and probably had also affected journalistic reports. Winston Churchill, the Home Secretary, yesterday afternoon gave an official denial of newspaper accounts of volley firing by troops in Liverpool, and investigation had shown that there had been a tendency to exaggeration in other quarters. From acute pessimism people had gone to extreme optimism, and were saying that now that the Government had shown a determination to take a firm stand the strike fever would die down.

Within a couple of hours the outlook changed again. The decision reached by the executive of the three great railway trades unions to proclaim a general strike unless the railway companies agree to negotiate a basis of settlement is regarded as making a national strike inevitable. Representatives of various companies in the last few days have declared that the companies would stop working rather than agree to the men's demands. The executive of the railway unions has given them twenty-four hours in which to eat their words.

This ultimatum is in defiance of the conciliation scheme which Mr. Lloyd-George, then President of the Board of Trade, and Richard Bell, then Secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, drew up in 1907 in order to end the threatened general strike of that Autumn. The scheme prescribed that all disputes should be settled by conciliation boards, composed of representatives of the companies and the men, with arbitrators such as Lord Gorell and Lord Cromer. In case of dispute, no strike was to be declared before 1914. The arbitration awards have all been given, and disputes of interpretation have been in most cases settled, yet the men are hopelessly discontented with the conciliation scheme, which, they say, is far too slow and gives the companies power to postpone their demands. No other specific grievance is alleged.

The President of the Board of Trade will meet representatives of the companies and the men to-day, but not much hope is felt for the success of his intervention.

Exactly what power the railway trades unions possess to tie up national communications is a disputed point. The Board of Trade statistics show that of nearly half a million railway servants in the United Kingdom, only about a quarter are members of unions. Some companies assert that the percentage of union men in their employ is so small that the working of the roads will not be seriously affected unless the non-unionists go out. In the case of other companies, however, traffic is already seriously dislocated by partial strikes in various towns.

Labor Agitation Gone Mad.

All this morning's papers regard the crisis as most alarming. The Times heads a leader "Labor Agitation Gone Mad," and says:

"The situation seems to be going hopelessly from bad to worse. The monstrous proposal of a general railway strike is clearly designed to force the companies to recognize the unions, and for this the trades unionists in their crazy fanaticism are prepared to starve the whole population and ruin the country and leave it defenseless to the world."

With reference to the Liverpool riots The Times says:

"Anarchy reigns and the so-called labor members of Parliament know nothing about the whole mad business. Indeed, the movement is said to be largely directed against them by agitators who have been less successful in public life than themselves."

After describing yesterday afternoon's rioting in Liverpool, in which two men were killed, The Times's correspondent telegraphs:

"For about an hour there was really desperate street fighting, the rioters facing with wonderful coolness and courage the police batons. For the remainder of the evening there were baton charges all over the Scotland Road district, and a state of anarchy prevails.

"The police and troops are preparing to cope with more serious disorder than any that has yet taken place.

"Both in Liverpool and Manchester supplies are running short, and deep apprehension is felt that both cities will be isolated. 'We are practically within three days of starvation,' said a leading Manchester flour merchant, and in the Liverpool district the millers give notice that the city in a few days will be absolutely without bread."

Reign of Terror in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 15.—A reign of terror exists here to-night, and troops are pouring into the city.

A special guard has been detailed to protect the landing stages of the transatlantic steamers, which, it is asserted, the rioters have planned to destroy by fire.

Five prison vans, escorted by fifty Hussars, which were carrying riot prisoners from the police court to Waltham jail, were attacked this evening in Vauxhall Street by 3,000 members of the roughest class, who tried to rescue the prisoners.

The mob attacked the soldiers with missiles of every description, and in defending themselves the Hussars fired. At first blanks were used, and then ball cartridges. In this affray one man was killed and many persons were severely wounded. One of them died later in a hospital.

The troops then charged the mob with drawn sabres and cleared the street. So daring were the rioters that one of them tried to unhorse an officer, who was obliged to use his revolver, wounding the man severely in the head.

Another, but less serious, affray in which the troops again were compelled to fire, occurred in Bond Street. Only a few persons were wounded there.

Still another riot occurred in the Everton district, where the mob was trying to stop the street cars. The Riot act was read, but the disorderly element answered with a fusillade of stones at the police, many of whom were injured. This disturbance, however, was quelled without the necessity of aid from the military.

In each case before the troops were ordered to fire many of their number had their faces streaming with blood from injuries caused by stones and broken bottles thrown by the rioters.

At a meeting this evening of the executives of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, the Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, and the General Railway Workers' Union a resolution was unanimously adopted declaring a general railway strike throughout the United Kingdom. This will affect 150,000 men.

Before enforcing the general strike order, however, the strike leaders have decided to allow the railroad companies twenty-four hours in which to agree to meet the representatives of the employes and discuss the grievances.

The riot in Great Homer Street early this morning began when a Constable arrested a man for having assaulted a woman. Roughs rescued the prisoner from the officer, and police reserves who were hurriedly called could not control the mob, which vented its fury in wrecking the shops of the neighborhood.

Then 200 troops were brought to the scene. The soldiers were at once made the targets of bricks, bottles, and other missiles hurled from roofs and windows of near-by buildings. Several soldiers and police received shocking wounds. A bayonet charge was ordered, and when this failed to clear the streets, an order to fire into the air was given. Two volleys were discharged over the heads of the rioters, with great moral effect. A number of the rioters were wounded by bayonet charges, but none was hit by a bullet. Many of the mob were arrested.

Shipping here is becoming completely paralyzed. The steamer Lusitania, which arrived to-day from New York, has been unable to dock owing to the strike of the tugboat men, and it is doubtful if she will be able to coal in time to sail on her return voyage next Saturday.

The Celtic is in a similar dilemma, and the White Star Line officials have notified passengers who have booked for the voyage to New York that she probably will be delayed.

Other transatlantic liners which are likely to be affected by the strike are the [illegible], Virginian, Haverford, Lake Champlain, and Canadian.

The special boat-trains from London to Liverpool were canceled to-day, but hundreds of Americans are already here waiting for vessels to take them home.

Government Intervenes.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—An index to the extreme gravity of the labor upheaval throughout the country may be found in the unusual measures that have been taken by the Government to meet the situation.

Two conferences were held to-day in the offices of Premier Asquith in Downing Street, and the Premier was able to obtain the views of some of the most influential representatives of the big industries, such as shipping, cotton, coal, engineering, and railways, and also of all the important heads of trades unions and other institutions representing the workmen. Throughout the afternoon there also was a conference in session at the Board of Trade between the Dockers' Strike Committee and the officials of the Board of Trade, while Sydney Buxton, the President of the board, has invited the representatives of all the railway companies and of the railway employes to meet him to-morrow with a view to adjusting their differences.

That intervention by the Government with a view to ameliorating conditions has not come a moment too soon is to be seen in the fact that the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants to-night, despite the agreement entered into with the railway companies in 1907, decided to call a general railway strike throughout the country and gave the companies twenty-four hours in which to decide whether they were willing to meet the men and negotiate for an adjustment of their grievances. This is the reply of the men to the decision reached by the railway managers on Monday night to refuse all concessions to their employes.

The situation has become so serious that already there is talk of Parliament prolonging its session in order to pass special legislation dealing with industrial problems.

At the Board of Trade the announcement of the intention of the railway men to strike came as a complete surprise, as it has been the opinion of the officials there that the disputes would be adjusted without serious difficulty with the aid of the existing arbitration machinery. The temper of the railway employes and the managers of the lines is rising, however, and the utmost tact will be required to reach a settlement of the matters in dispute.

King George is taking keen interest in the situation and to-day his Secretary, Lord Knollys, called at the Premier's offices to discuss the situation with Mr. Asquith.

So acute has the situation become in Liverpool that there are rumors that martial law will be declared there. Hundreds of special constables already have been sworn in and the prospect is that there will be a complete stoppage of trade, which will be followed by a jump to famine prices for the necessaries of life.

Manchester is suffering from about the same conditions as prevail in Liverpool, except that there has been no rioting. It is estimated that 25,000 carters and railway men are out on strike there to-night. The city is practically cut off from outside rail communication.

A large number of other towns became affected by the railway men's strike to-day, while in this city the dockers' troubles are still acute.

To-day's scheduled sailing of the White Star steamer Zeeland from Liverpool for Boston was canceled.

The Atlantic Transport steamer Minnewaska, which should have sailed from London for New York last Saturday, expects to get away to-morrow.

The Cunard steamer Caronia, due to sail from Liverpool for New York to-day, and other liners were still in the Mersey, unable to get away.

The delay in the delivery of a telegram saved the passengers of the Lusitania from unpleasant experiences upon their arrival at Fishguard last night. It had been announced that the steamer would unload her passengers and as much of her cargo as possible at Fishguard, and the Strike Committee forthwith sent a telegram to the Seamen's Union branch at Fishguard instructing its members not to touch the Cunarder's cargo. The telegraph office at Fishguard closed at 8 o'clock last evening, and the message was not delivered until this morning. In the meantime the passengers had disembarked and a part of the freight had been landed.

American Importers Suffer.

American importers, who rely upon London for their Autumn stocks will in many cases suffer from serious delay in the delivery. Since the dock strike commenced the exports for America have been cut down to less than one-fourth their usual quantity. Usually during the few days previous to the departure of a steamer the American Consulate certifies between 300 and 400 invoices. On no day since the strike was declared have more than eight invoices been presented by exporters. It is expected that some days will elapse before the shipments resume normal proportions.

The employment of soldiers, while heartily approved by the Unionist Party, threatens to involve the Government in a warm conflict with its own supporters. The Laborites and the ultra-Radicals are totally opposed to lending military assistanace to the police in quelling riots, and, curiously, the only support accorded to Home Secretary Churchill when he announced in the House of Commons yesterday that a brigade of troops had been ordered to Liverpool came from Opposition benches.

The Home Secretary, therefore, is charged with excessive flabbiness in dealing with the dislocation of trade, by reason of his fear of offending political supporters.

It is even asserted, without contradiction, that the Post Office officials were obliged to get permits from the strike leaders to move the postal vans so long as the strike lasted. The London Water Works authorities also had to obtain similar permits in order to obtain a coal supply, and so avert a water famine.

CARDIFF, Aug. 15.—The police to-day charged a mob of 500 striking negro seamen, who had started an attack on the officers of the shipping companies.

The police used their batons freely and a dozen of the negroes were taken to a hospital, two of them suffering from dangerous wounds.

SHEFFIELD, Aug. 15.—Railway traffic here has been disorganized through a strike of the Midland Company's signalmen.

Disorderly crowds are parading the streets, and there have been numerous conflicts between them and the police. In these clashes several persons were injured.

MANCHESTER, Aug. 15.—The strike in the transport service in this city is entailing serious consequences.

The supplies of provisions and of cotton for the mills are running low and the Retail Traders' Association has appealed to the Home Secretary for immediate protection by the military in the movement of goods. The association says the shortage of provisions is so great that a famine will result unless the city is enabled to get fresh supplies.

Nearly all the cotton mills in Oldham have exhausted their supplies and will be compelled to shut down unless the supplies are quickly renewed.

HOLD GIRL AS GEM THIEF.

Accused of "Pennyweighting" $600 in Diamonds—Posed as Foss's Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 15.—Vera Darling, a stylishly dressed young woman, was the prisoner that Judge Morton, in the Superior Criminal Court, looked down upon as he picked up to-day an indictment charging her with "pennyweighting" $600 worth of diamonds from Shreve, Crump & Low, a diamond firm of 147 Tremont Street.

The prisoner, who is only 19, and who upon her arrest had furnished $500 cash bail, looked up smilingly from beneath a large white picture hat that almost completely hid her pretty face and demurely answered "Not guilty" when Clerk Campbell read the indictment.

The indictment charged that the girl had gone to the store of the firm on June 27 and had asked to see some diamond pendants, and while inspecting them had concealed two of them in the palm of her hand and had left without making a purchase or returning the articles, of which she is accused of stealing.

Her answer made and her continuance recorded, Miss Darling, clad in a handsome gray broadcloth suit, walked jauntily from the courtroom.

The police say she posed as a daughter of Gov. Foss.

BANKER'S JEWELS UNTRACED.

Every Pawnshop in City Searched for Mr. Melville's Property.

Detectives Barber and Brickman of the East Fifty-first Street Police Station have searched in vain every pawnshop in the city for $1,000 worth of jewelry, consisting of studs, link cuff buttons, and a scarf pin, the property of H. H. Melville, a banker of 37 Wall Street, which were stolen from the New York Yacht Club on last Aug. 5.

Mr. Melville left his jewelry in a shirt in a room at the club after spending the night of Aug. 4 there. He was accompanied by his son, and gave up his regular room—46—to the latter, taking himself Room 44, adjoining. He disrobed in this room, but in the morning stepped into his own room, where he donned fresh linen.

It was not until he had reached his office that Mr. Melville recalled that he had left the shirt with studs, links, and pin in it, in the room he had occupied the night before. He telephoned to the club immediately, and Supt. Jouffret instituted a search. No trace of the jewelry was found.

WED SOON AFTER DIVORCE.

Mrs. Werner Becomes Wife of C. Allen Hayden of New York.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Aug. 15.—Mrs. Ida Werner, former wife of a New York attorney, who obtained a divorce in this city last week, was married last night to Cotton Allen Hayden, a New York inventor.

The ceremony was performed in the apartments of a friend of Mrs. Werner.

Hayden owns Hayden Island in the St. Lawrence River and the couple will spend their Summers on the island, and Winters in New York City. They plan to leave for New York in a few days. Hayden arrived here the day after Mrs. Werner got her divorce.

C. Allen Hayden, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. William B. Hayden of 150 West Fifty-ninth Street. He is a member of the New York Athletic Club, and a graduate of Princeton University, class of 1900.

DIVORCE FOR MRS. WALKER.

Wife of New York Silk Merchant Says Club Life Estranged Them.

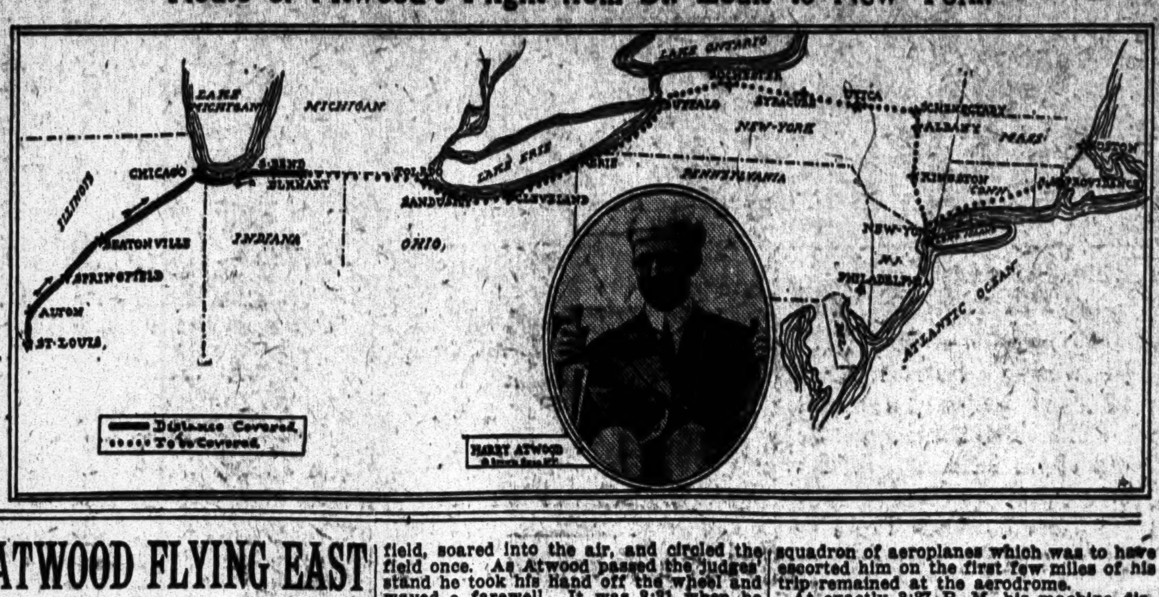
Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Aug. 15.—On the ground of cruelty and neglect, Mrs. Bertha S. Walker, wife of Alex. D. Walker, a New York silk merchant, obtained a decree of divorce in this city yesterday.

Mrs. Walker told the court that her husband was a clubman, and on account of his devotion to club life was inclined to neglect his home. He spent very little time with his wife, and she was left alone at home for days at a time. She said that her husband would become angry with her over trivial events and would not speak to her for weeks.

Mr. Walker appeared and was represented in court, but made no vigorous contest.

Route of Atwood's Flight from St. Louis to New York.



ATWOOD FLYING EAST REACHES ELKHART

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jumped into the seat, and at 3:29 gave the signal to start.

Amid tremendous applause from the spectators the biplane darted down the field, soared into the air, and circled the field once. As Atwood passed the judges' stand he took his hand off the wheel and waved a farewell. It was 3:31 when he left the field.

The airman and Chairman Mudd of the aviation meet indulged in a heated argument just before the start of the flight. Atwood asserted that $1,000 was offered him to delay his start and make it a feature of the aviation meet's programme. The airman refused an uncertified check for $500 and insisted on $1,000. The $500 check, duly certified, was thrust into his hands just before he started.

As the result of this dispute Atwood circled the field only once, instead of four times, as had been expected, and the squadron of aeroplanes which was to have escorted him on the first few miles of his trip remained at the aerodrome.

At exactly 3:37 P. M. his machine disappeared in the haze over South Chicago. At 3:45 P. M. he passed over South Chicago, 11 miles out from Chicago, flying a mile a minute, at an altitude of 300 feet. He crossed the State line into Indiana at East Side at 3:50 P. M., and arrived at Whiting, 16½ miles from Chicago, at 3:52 P. M. Indiana Harbor, 23 miles from Chicago, was passed at 4 o'clock. Six minutes later Gary was reached. At 4:23 he flew over Norwood, Ind., where the entire population of the town were in a field just outside the village to greet him.

TWO AIRMEN FALL TO DEATH

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as he seemed to make several feeble gasps for breath.

Hugh A. Robinson, in the Curtiss hydroaeroplane, was but a short distance from Johnstone when the accident occurred. He says he saw the gasoline tank explode, and hurried to the rescue, but was unable to do anything, as Johnstone was entangled in the wreckage.

"I started right away," said Robinson. "I saw the engine drop through the frame and the planes fold up, and in thirty seconds Johnstone and his machine were both under water. He seemed to try to dive under the wreckage, but was unable to free himself. Although I hovered over the spot where he disappeared for ten minutes, his body did not appear. The engine sank in the water, and only one corner of the plane remained near the surface."

The officers of the meet, including Harold F. McCormick, who has financed the affair, were severely criticised by the aviators participating for permitting the programme to be carried out in spite of the death of Badger. Had the day's events been called off following Badger's death, they said, Johnstone would not have perished.

Badger Recently Licensed.

Badger was the stepson of John F. Goettman of Pittsburgh, Penn. His mother recently died, and he was reported wealthy. He was flying in the local meet as an amateur, and without being associated with any firm of aeroplane makers, although he flew a Baldwin machine exclusively, having purchased it a few months ago. Badger was 25 years old, and took up aviation after he had exhausted the possibilities of automobile racing as a source of pleasure.

He became interested in aviation during a meet in Pittsburgh last Summer and expressed his determination to buy a machine and secure an aviator's license. After months of practice he was successful and made a number of successful flights at Mineola, L. I., before he got the coveted permission from the Aero Club of America.

His Chicago flights were his first public performances, and he had attracted a great deal of attention to himself by his recklessness and daring. He had entered the Boston meet which will open next week.

Badger had hosts of friends among the airmen of the country. His good-natured face, topped by hair of fiery red, led his friends to nickname him and his machine "Red and his Red."

This red machine challenged the attention of the spectators and his spectacular performances soon taught them to identify him even when flying high.

Johnstone Trained in France.

Like Badger, Johnstone flew as an amateur. His father, Dr. Stuart Johnstone, a practicing physician here, however, had refused to buy him an aeroplane. Johnstone, who was 26 years old and ambitious, started to build one, and went to France, where he entered the Drexel school of Aviation. He then went to the Blériot school and learned to fly. Still his father again refused to buy him an aeroplane, and his answer, found to-day in a letter written by the father to his son almost a year ago, seamed to foretell the fatal accident.

"My conscience will not permit me to contribute to your certain death by providing you with a flying machine," he wrote. "I can't buy you one, St. Croix."

After learning to fly in France Johnstone went to Havana, where he was the first to fly over the city. He was the first also to fly around the wreck of the battleship Maine. He returned to the United States late in the Spring and was immediately engaged by Alfred Moisant, and had since been with the group of French aviators.

This was his first serious fall, although a month ago in Detroit, Mich., his machine dropped some distance, the aviator escaped without a scratch.

After his return from Havana Johnstone established one American record. During a flying exhibition at Mineola on Aug. 5 he remained in the air four hours one minute and fifty-nine seconds.

Johnstone had been one of the spectacular fliers during the four days of the present meet. Although he had won no races, he had become a favorite with the crowds, which had come to know him as a daring airman. He made several startling descents from the clouds yesterday and the appearance of No. 18, his identification flag at the meet, always was the signal for special attention from the grand stands.

When Johnstone's young wife first saw the monoplane faltering in midair, then crashing downward to the surface of the lake, she cried out: "My boy will be killed." Wives of a half dozen other aviators rushed to Mrs. Johnstone's side, and as the machine hurtled into the lake and out of sight, they tried to assure her that Johnstone would suffer nothing worse than a ducking. She would not be reassured.

"You could see," she cried, "the way the machine plunged that St. Croix had completely lost control of it. Oh, why don't they hurry up and get out to him. Some of you men must take me to a boat so I can go out and help him."

But by this time half a dozen mechanics and hangar attachés had rushed up to the group. They whispered to the women surrounding Mrs. Johnstone that she must be taken back to her apartments in a Michigan Avenue hotel. For five minutes Mrs. Johnstone pleaded to be allowed to cross the field and out to the lake where her husband's machine had plunged. Then another mechanic rushed up to the group and assured Mrs. Johnstone that her husband had been plucked out of the lake unharmed, that a boat was bringing him ashore, and that he would join her in the hotel immediately.

Reassured by this information, which had been deliberately invented to calm the fears of the aviator's wife, she went back to her hotel and hurriedly laid out dry apparel for her husband. For half an hour and more she waited, then a member of the Johnstone family took her word of Johnstone's death.

Twenty minutes before the accident Dr. Stuart Johnstone and Mrs. Johnstone, the young man's father and mother, stood in front of the Moisant hanger with St. Croix's wife watching the young aviator. The elder Johnstones left the aviation field a very little while before the fatal fall.

BADGER HAD FORTUNE.

Pittsburgher Killed at Chicago Son of Wealthy Oil Man.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Aug. 15.—William R. Badger, who was killed by the fall of his aeroplane to-day in Chicago, was one of the best-known men about town in Pittsburgh. His father, a rich oil man, died when the victim of to-day's disaster was a child. His mother later was married to John Goettman, a wealthy restaurant man and real estate owner here. Two years ago his half brother, Charles Goettman, was killed in an automobile accident.

When he became of age Badger fell heir to a portion of his father's estate, valued at about $90,000. Much of this was spent on aeroplane models and in financing flights. The death of his mother occurred about a year ago, and this left him another fortune. Friends here frequently had predicted that he would either take his place at the head of American aeronauts or forfeit his life. Badger left here last Thursday. He was an ardent baseball fan, and would not go to Chicago until the close of the Pittsburgh-Philadelphia series. His home was at 505 North Highland Avenue, Pittsburgh.

TORNADO-LIKE STORM TURNS DAY TO NIGHT

Continued from Page 1.

docks were tossed up on shore and smashed, and a dozen or more trees blown down. At Clason's Point and Pelham Bay the trees suffered too and a score of tents were wrecked.

A crowded car of the Union Railway Company was going along Westchester Avenue near 167th Street when its pole was struck. The pole was melted and window panes broken, but no other damage done.

The flagpole on the roof of the Coroner's office at 177th Street and Third Avenue was smashed to splinters. The telephone wires at Fire Headquarters, 176th Street, near Park Avenue, were crossed and for two hours an alarm could not be received. At the switching station of the New York Central Railroad at 225th Street the flagpole was struck and the operator stunned.

Two hundred women and children were on the recreation pier at the foot of West 129th Street when the storm broke and a crowd landed from a Coney Island steamboat. The darkness, with the thunder and lightning started a panic, which was allayed by the policemen, with the aid of Capt. Jack Bruman of the Volunteer Life Saving Station at that point.

The roof of a five-story building at 533 West 156th Street collapsed under the downpour, and the water which streamed down inside took the plaster from walls and ceiling.

Starts Fire at a Funeral.

In the undertaking establishment of McCloughlin & Pohle, at 887 Tenth Avenue, twenty persons were attending a funeral. At the head of the body were several candles and draperies. A sudden gust blew the draperies against the candles and they caught on fire. The body was taken to the rear room and an alarm turned in. The blaze was put out by the firemen after it had done about $300 damage.

Frightened by the thunder, a horse driven by Joseph Prince of 207 East Ninety-seventh Street ran away in East 103d Street, and dashing the wagon against a lamppost threw Prince through a glass window. He was not hurt.

Subways are Flooded.

The southbound tracks of the Lenox Avenue Subway were flooded at the 116th, 125th, and 135th Street stations, water pouring through the gratings above. Trains were held up a quarter of an hour. The water tumbled in waterfalls onto the tracks, and officials were afraid that the third rail might be short circuited, but nothing happened. The water was soaked up with mops, and traffic was resumed.

The Broadway Subway also was temporarily out of commission as a result of rain which poured into the West 157th Street station. At the worst of the storm persons on the station platform were almost ankle deep in water.

At the Woodlawn station of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, a passenger train going south was hit by lightning, which put the engine out of commission.

The elevated structure of the Subway at Cauldwell and Westchester Avenues, opposite the Lebanon Hospital, also was set on fire. Firemen put the blaze out with sand.

About 150 feet of the sidewalk on the south side of 158th Street, between Riverside Drive and the New York Central tracks, was washed away, and basements of the two and three story brick houses there were flooded. Dyckman Street, near Naegle Avenue, was undermined by the rain and sunk for a couple of feet.

Blinded by the rain on his glasses, Julius Goldstein, a shirt waist operator, of 174 Madison Street walked in front of a south-bound Broadway car at Franklin Street. The car struck him and knocked him aside. Dr. Hoch removed Goldstein to the Hudson Street Hospital, suffering from possible internal injuries.

Lights On in Skyscrapers.

During the height of the storm when the city was in darkness all the principal buildings downtown were lighted to enable the work to be carried on and in many of the narrow side streets storekeepers turned on their electric signs. The water streamed down everywhere and made the streets impassable in places.

Lightning struck the tower of the Germania Building, in Fulton Street, opposite Borough Hall, Brooklyn, smoothly chipping a few inches of rock from the cornice. No other damage was reported, but the lightning threw the many hundreds of clerks in the tall office building almost into a panic. It was thought that the building was afire until watchmen went through the building assuring the occupants that nothing serious had happened.

The storm in Brooklyn was unattended by wind, making it a most unusual kind of storm. Throughout the borough it was as dark at 3 o'clock as it ordinarily is at 8 o'clock in the evening.

NEWARK FIREMEN BUSY.

Five Houses Set Ablaze by the Lightning—One Man Killed.

Newark got a severe taste of the storm yesterday afternoon. Many trees were blown down, several flagpoles were struck by lightning, and streets turned into rivers. While the storm raged eight alarms were sent in for small fires. For ten minutes nearly every fire company was out.

Murphy Linmann was struck by lightning and will die. He and another were at work on the top of a pole, and when they saw the storm coming hurried to the ground. Just as they got down the pole was struck and split from top to bottom. Both men were knocked unconscious. Half of the pole fell on Murphy's neck and pinned him to the ground.

Joseph Lynch, who was employed at the works of the New Jersey Zinc Company, was killed by lightning.

Three men, working in a ditch in Chancellor Avenue, were stunned by lightning, and were removed to the City Hospital. Several dwellings in Bergen and South Tenth Streets, Renner, Fifteenth, Springfield, and Belmont Avenues, took fire from lightning. These were quickly extinguished.

Lightning knocked the flagpole from the top of the Krueger Brewery to the ground. Nearly every window in the building was shattered. A flagpole on the quarters of Truck Company 5, Belmont and Waverly Avenues, and another at Treat Place and William Street, were shattered.

Eight places in all were struck by lightning. Besides the Kreuger Brewery there were only two severe losses. The barn of Henry Sontag, at 440 Chancellor Avenue, was burned to the ground, and three valuable horses, a dog, and several carriages were lost. No fire apparatus could be obtained, every engine in the city being out on other alarms. For the same reason the house of J. M. Donau at 54 Richelieu Terrace was almost destroyed before help arrived.

WESTCHESTER WAS FLOODED.

Many Towns in Darkness When Lightning Hits Light Cable—Boys Bathe in Streets.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Aug. 15.—The storm struck this place with fury and $20,000 damage was done. Many trees were uprooted, telephone cables were torn from the poles on the streets, windows were blown in, streets were flooded, and water poured into cellars. Several yachts in both harbors were capsized or blown on rocks.

The flood in Rose Street was up to hubs of wagons and poured down the aisles of La Rose Theatre until 300 women and children were forced to stand on the seats.

Boys swam in the streets. Some of them built rafts. Trolley cars sent swells that threw the water into stores. Chickens were drowned in the streets.

In Tarrytown lightning struck a cable of Westchester Lightning Company, which carries the current from this place to other towns in Westchester County. All villages on the line were in darkness until 8 o'clock. White Plains, Tarrytown, Irvington, Dobbs Ferry, Hastings, and North Tarrytown were among the villages affected. The storm did much damage to the roads and many of the large estates suffered. John D. Rockefeller's being the worst hurt, being on a high hill.

In Port Chester the damage was estimated at $150,000. Lightning struck two buildings, one of which was burned to the ground. Liberty Square and the main business portion of the town was under four feet of water, and all traffic was at a standstill. Cellars all over the village were flooded. So heavy was the fall of rain that in many places the brick pavement was washed away.

TORNADO HITS NORTH DAKOTA.

Parents and Baby and a Small Boy Hurt—Crops Destroyed.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Aug. 15.—Among the fatally injured in a tornado which swept this part of the State to-day are Theodore Johnson and his wife and baby, who lived in a shack on a homestead near Ambrose. Chris Halvorsen, a boy, of Crosby, also was seriously injured.

All the wires in the vicinity are down, and only meagre reports of the disaster have filtered through.

Ambrose, Noonan, and Crosby were the centres of the storm's fury. Scores of buildings were razed. Hundreds of the small homes of the settlers are in ruins. The loss of stock is heavy and crops over a wide area of country were destroyed.

BOMB FOLLOWED THREATS.

Explosion in 107th Street Attributed to Black Hand.

Tenants in the six-story tenement at 323 East 107th Street were brought to the street in a panic at 10 o'clock last night by the explosion of a bomb in the doorway of Antoni Comporti's bakeshop in the basement of the building. The Italians in the neighborhood were celebrating the feast of St. Rocco, and the street rapidly filled with excited men and women.

No one saw the bomb placed or set off, and it is believed that it was operated with a time fuse. It blew out the window in Comporti's shop, but did no other damage. No one was hurt.

Comporti has received some ten Black Hand letters since the first of June, all of which he has turned over to the police. Two weeks ago a bomb was exploded in front of 330 107th Street. Comporti had a shop there up to two years ago, and the police think that this bomb was intended for him and was placed by mistake in front of his former shop.

POULTRY TRUST MEN MUST GO TO PRISON

Found Guilty of Conspiracy by a Jury and Judge Rosalsky Foretells the Sentence.

THIRTEEN IN ALL CONVICTED

Mr. Jerome, Counsel for the Defense, Has a Sharp Colloquw with the Court—Prisoners Sent to Tombs.

After being out for four hours the jury trying nineteen members of the so-called Poultry Trust, who have been on trial for the past twelve weeks before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions, found thirteen of the defendants guilty and four not guilty. The prosecution was dropped against two—one a woman, and the other Louis J. Schwab, who was taken ill.

All the men found guilty will be sentenced at 12:30 to-day by Judge Rosalsky, who announced that he would send them all to prison. They are found guilty of violating Section 580 of the penal law, which makes it a misdemeanor for any body of men to conspire to restrain trade and establish a monopoly. They can be fined $500 or sent to State Prison for one year, or both.

The men convicted are: Erving V. Dwyer and Arthur G. Dwyer of Bayonne, N. J., both of whom were the controlling factors in the Charles Collins Company; Charles Westerberg and William W. Smith of Roselle, N. J., of the firm of Charles Westerberg & Co.; Charles R. Jewell of Belmar, N. J., of the firm of Jewell Bros.; James N. Norris of 703 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, and William H. Norris of Sea Cliff, L. I., members of the firm of James N. Norris, Son & Co.; Charles T. Hawk of Newark, N. J., and Charles Thatcher of Belmar, N. J., both of the firm of G. Z. Hawk & Son Co.; Clenen Bischop of Tottenville, S. I.; Samuel Werner of 316 West Ninety-fourth Street; Solomon Frankell of 128 West 111th Street, and Charles Werner of 1,855 Seventh Avenue of the firm of Werner & Jacobs.

All the prisoners said they were commission merchants and did business at the Washington Market.

The jury acquitted David A. Jewell of Jewell Brothers, whose brother was convicted. It was proved that while his brother, Charles Jewell, was engaged in the live poultry business he was handling dressed polutry. Maury Posey and Joseph Cohen of the firm of Cohen & Posey, commission merchants, were acquitted because they did business in Brooklyn, and while they were found to be members of the New York Live Poultry Commission Merchants' Protective Association, the jury decided that they were remotely connected. The other man, Abraham Kassel, the jury found, had been out of the business for two years.

One of the defendants, Pauline Jacobs, was withdrawn from the case four weeks ago because she was a woman, and Louis J. Schwab will be tried in the Fall.

Judge Rosalsky complimented the jury, saying:

"Gentlemen of the jury, in my opinion, based upon many years of experience in the prosecution of persons who come under the law, I am satisfied that you did not commit an error of judgment in reaching the verdict you did against the defendants you have pronounced guilty. The evidence was overwhelming, the proof conclusive. There was no doubt in my mind but that these defendants with criminal intent committed acts injurious to trade, that they throttled competition. They drove men who were entitled to be legitimately in business out of it.

"The time has arrived when Judges must uphold the statutes not by imposing a fine, but by making the guilty personally responsible for their guilt. They violated a law upon the statute books and they must pay the penalty by serving a prison sentence. I shall commit the defendants until such time as they might desire to be sentenced.

"The law must be enforced. This is the first conviction within my recollection under the law. If these defendants had pleaded guilty and submitted themselves to the court their sentence would have been different. Instead they put the people to the expense of a trial and challenged the State of New York to prove their guilt.

"I think under the circumstances that in rendering a verdict you have not only rendered an honest verdict but a great public service, and are entitled to the thanks of the court for the splendid manner in which you performed your services. I shall commit the defendants to the Tombs."

Assistant District Attorney De Ford also thanked the jury, and then William Travers Jerome, counsel for the defense, rose, and bowing to the jury and Mr. De Ford, said:

"The court has referred to the expenditure of money on the part of the County of New York, whose annual budget exceeds in millions the budget of the Nation a few years ago. It certainly is not a proper view for the court, or any decent citizen—"

Here Judge Rosalsky slammed a book down upon his desk and said angrily:

"Not here, Judge Jerome. I will not permit it here. These defendants have been on trial for weeks. They have been found guilty, and I see no reason why the court should extend any special consideration to them. I said it cost the City of New York thousands of dollars to try these men, but this fact will not influence the court in imposing setnence."

Mr. Jerome replied that he did not mean to say that the court had said that he would sentence the men because it had cost the county a large sum of money, and added that he did not ask the court for any special consideration, and ended by saying:

"I am quite sure I am absolutely sound in morals and in law when I say that these defendants are entitled to the same consideration at the hands of the court as other persons who commit the same degree of crime."

"I have known of a case of a woman sent to three months in prison for a misdemeanor," replied Judge Rosalsky, smiling.

The case referred to was that of a woman who was found guilty of violating the excise law in Special Session, and who was sentenced to three months in prison by Mr. Jerome, who was a Justice in that court.

"I sentenced the woman because she committed perjury and subornation of perjury, and I am no prouder of any act in my career than this one,' answered Mr. Jerome with considerable heat.

"Judge Jerome, since I have been on the bench I have been alike to both the poor and rich, and defy any man to say that I have not," replied Judge Rosalsky.

"I am not asking for any discrimination," replied Jerome, "but because the defendants have been convicted of crime it seems popular to make orations about it."

Mr. Jerome said that he intended to ask for a certificate of reasonable doubt, and that it would not be right to keep the prisoners in the Tombs away from their families. He ended saying:

"This is not only an act of injustice but an act of oppression."

Here Judge Rosalsky interrupted angrily, saying:

"I will not hear you further, Mr. Jerome. You have stated that the court's conduct constituted oppression and injustice."

"I did not say that," replied Mr. Jerome, who then asked for three days in which to prepare his case for a certificate of reasonable doubt.

Lawyer Jacobson asked that Charles Werner be released on $10,000 bail, as his daughter was very sick. Judge Rosalsky reluctantly assented.

Mr. Jerome then asked that all the prisoners be released on $25,000 bail, but Judge Rosalsky denied his motion.

SAID HIS CLIENT WAS GUILTY.

Client Wouldn't Have It So, Though Assemblyman Spielberg Stormed.

At the request of the Justices of Special Sessions both District Attorney Whitman and Assistant District Attorney Smith will give particular attention to the case of Charles L. Scheimer, a medical student at Columbia University, who was arraigned in Special Sessions yesterday charged with stealing a five-cent piece from the Metropolitan Street Railway. He worked as a conductor to pay his way through college.

Assemblyman Harold Spielberg of the Tenth Assembly District, Scheimer's counsel, told the Justices that his client's bail bond had been forfeited on Friday and that he was responsible for $27 Sheriff's fees as well as the bond, as his secretary had gone on the bond. Justice Zeller asked if he was ready to go to trial.

"I want this forfeiture business settled first," replied Spielberg. "I want the Justices to stay the Sheriff."

Justice Zeller said they had no such power until the case had been disposed of.

"Then I'll plead guilty for the defendant," said Spielberg.

"I'm not guilty; I never stole a penny," exclaimed Scheimer.

Spielberg insisted that Scheimer was guilty. "He told me," he said, "that an old-time conductor told him that no conductor works for less than $3 a day."

"Do you realize that a plea of guilty will forever disbar him from practicing medicine?" asked Justice Zeller.

"It makes no difference," shouted Spielberg, "he pleads guilty."

"I am just as insistent that I am not guilty," replied Scheimer with heat.

Justice Ryan said that he for one would not accept a plea of guilty, and Scheimer was paroled until Thursday for trial.

CAR SPEEDS TO HOSPITAL.

Physicians Waiting for It Find an Extra Passenger, a Baby.

Mrs. Elsie Stein boarded a Madison Avenue car in front of her home, 1,610 Madison Avenue, last night, and took a seat beside a motherly-looking German woman. Presently she spoke to her, and the motherly woman immediately rose and spoke to the other women in the car. There was a man passenger aboard, and he was asked to get off. He was so surprised that he alighted and began to walk north, though the car had been going downtown.

Then the conductor was called in consultation, and he summoned an Inspector at Eighty-seventh Street. The Inspector ordered the motorman to ignore possible passengers on the street corners and to go at full speed to Seventieth Street. Then he hopped off and notified the Presbyterian Hospital by telephone of the approach of the "flier."

Several nurses, two physicians, and attendants with a stretcher were waiting outside the hospital when the car rushed up and came to a stop. They assisted two passengers to alight—Mrs. Stein and a baby boy.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.	Loss.
12:35—234 E. 106th St.; Louis Cippaono	Trifling
2:15—415 E. 117th St.; Joseph Martrey	Trifling
3:15—223 W. 27th St.; Max Bilder	Trifling
4:50—1,679 Madison Av.; Joseph Roy	$300
9:00—2,555 8th Av.; Gallupe & Co.	Slight
9:20—702 Jackson Av.; Jacob Alleson & Co.	Slight
P.M.	
1:25—761 Amsterdam Av.; unknown	$10
1:50—206 East 71st St.; Tony Redel	$100
2:25—164th St. and Ogden Av.; Edison Electric Light and Power Co.	Trifling
2:35—887 10th St.; Coughlan & Poole	None
3:00—250 West 46th St.; Clara Oleson	$10
3:05—165 Edgecombe Av.; A. Siegel	Trifling
3:10—300 East 95th St.; Church of Holy Trinity	Trifling
3:15—Woodlawn Station, N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R.	Trifling
3:25—634 Westchester Av.; unknown	Trifling
3:30—11 East 35th St.; Ely & Co.	Trifling
5:00—318 West 117th St.; S. Mirlso	Trifling
5:30—766 5th Av.; Lizzie Dunn	$5
5:35—511 Lenox Av.; Margaret Piener	Trifling
5:35—King and West Sts.; G. M. Beariner	$50

ARREST SULLIVAN FOR BANK FRAUD

Ex-President of Mechanics and Traders' Is Charged with Forgery.

GRAND JURY NOT THROUGH

More Indictments Expected—Affairs of the Bank, When Reorganized as the Union, Now Under Investigation.

David A. Sullivan, former President of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank of Brooklyn, later reorganized under the name of the Union Bank, and which is now under investigation, was arrested last evening on a charge of forgery in the third degree. An indictment was found against him by the August Grand Jury late yesterday afternoon, and a bench warrant was immediately issued by District Attorney John F. Clarke. Mr. Sullivan was arrested at his home, 179 Lenox Road, Flatbush.

Mr. Sullivan is accused of aiding, abetting, counselling, and advising a false entry on the books of the bank on Oct. 21, 1907, to cover up a bad loan of $100,000 just before the examiners from the State Banking Department were to pay the institution a visit. The account of Mrs. Elizabeth Cheseborough, who had $182,000 on deposit, was tampered with for this purpose, the amount of the loan being withdrawn from her account and placed to cover the loan.

The indictment is the result of an investigation into the affairs of the closed Union Bank conducted by Assemblyman Louis Goldstein before E. L. Dodge, Deputy Superintendent of Banks, who has charge of the liquidation of the bank. The evidence connected with the indictment, however, deals with the administration of the bank under its former name of Mechanics and Traders'. Nevertheless, it is generally believed that this is only the first of a number of indictments that may result from the investigation into the bank's affairs, both before and after it was reorganized as the Union Bank, with ex-Controller Edward M. Grout as President and his brother, Paul Grout, as attorney.

District Attorney Clarke would not say last night whether other indictments had been found or whether Mr. Sullivan is charged with more than one offense. The Grand Jury, it was said, has had the bank case under consideration for two days. It is believed that the jury has already passed from its investigation of the Mechanics and Traders' into the affairs of the Union Bank.

The witnesses before the Grand Jury yesterday were O. H. Cheney, Superintendent of Banks when Mr. Sullivan was at the head of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank; Clark Williams, who was at the head of the State Banking Department while Mr. Grout was President of the reorganized Union Bank, and Edward L. Dodge, the Deputy Bank Superintendent, who is presiding at the investigation. Two of Mr. Dodge's assistants who are familiar with the bank's affairs were also called.

The forgery charged against Mr. Sullivan was the subject of an investigation by a special Grand Jury of Kings County three years ago. The work of this jury was cut short against the protest of Foreman Washburn. The jury was dismissed before it had time to corroborate certain testimony of an incriminating nature. Soon afterward the minutes of the jury disappeared. They could not be found for some time, but Mr. Clarke managed to unearth them. After a careful examination he was convinced that the testimony then brought out should be followed up.

According to these minutes, Kenneth A. Southworth, the Cashier of the old Mechanics and Traders' Bank, admitted making forged entries on the institution's books at the request of "someone else." Mr. Sullivan told the then Superintendent of Banks Cheney that he knew nothing of the forgeries until a disgruntled bookkeeper came to him some months later and told him. Just about the time the Grand Jury was dismissed it was ready to summon Mr. Sullivan and the bookkeeper to clear up this part of the testimony.

It was Mr. Southworth who was instructed to cover up the $100,000 bad loan on the books of the bank by taking that amount from the Cheseborough balance. Two days later the Cheseborough account was increased by $100,000, and the account showing the bad loan was practically in the same condition as it was before word was received that the bank inspectors were coming. The books showing these changes are supposed to be in existence and in the hands of the Grand Jury.

The present developments and revival of the bank's scandals are the result of the determined effort of thousands of depositors of the Union Bank. They had tried to realize on their accounts in the bank, but failed, and they took their troubles to Albany, with the result that Assemblyman Louis Goldstein was appointed by Gov. Dix to probe the bank. Assistant District Attorney Mitchell May was assigned from the District Attorney's office to represent Mr. Clarke. A week ago Mr. Goldstein selected ex-Police Commissioner James C. Cropsey to assist him in the examination of witnesses. Mr. Cropsey has intimated that at the next hearing, which will be on Monday in a branch of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, he will take an active part in the investigation. In fact, it is known that he will be the chief counsel to the Banking Department at the hearings. Mr. Cropsey expects to delve at once into the administration of the Union Bank under Edward M. Grout. Both Mr. Grout and his brother have volunteered to appear at the hearings and tell all they know about the bank.

Mr. Sullivan will be arraigned before Judge Dike in the County Court this morning. He was taken from his home to the Raymond Street Jail.

SHOT FIVE TIMES BY POLICE.

New Yorker Probably Mortally Wounded in Mount Vernon Fight.

Eric Berg, 38 years old, of 531 East 135th Street is dying in the Mount Vernon Hospital with five bullet wounds in his body, the result of a running pistol fight yesterday with the police. Berg and a companion were standing on Mount Vernon Avenue when Policeman Gleason saw the second man hand Berg a revolver. As Gleason approached them the second man became frightened and fled. Gleason made a grab for Berg, who immediately opened fire.

As he fired he ran, and Gleason, drawing his revolver, gave chase. Berg emptied his revolver, and, throwing it away, drew another which he also emptied at the policeman. At High Street he was met by Policemen Curtis, Flynn, and Hook. Berg fired into the group, but his aim was bad. All four of the policemen returned the fire, and suddenly Berg threw up his hands and fell to the sidewalk. He was taken to the Mount Vernon Hospital, where Dr. Norman Smith found five bullet wounds, two of which were in the chest. The right lung was pierced.

In an ante-mortem statement to Coroner Brennan of New Rochelle Berg declared that he was in Mount Vernon in search of work, and that some stranger had attacked him. He was hunting for the stranger with his revolver, he said, and did not know Gleason was a policeman.

Lieut. Silverstein of the Mount Vernon police has taken impressions of Berg's finger tips, with the intention of discovering whether or not he has a criminal record in New York.

Storm Victim in the Hudson.

The body of a man drowned in the Hudson River probably during yesterday's heavy storm was found near the old Fort Lee Ferry landing last evening. He was about 63 years old, five feet 8 inches tall, had gray hair, a black tie, and white underwear. In his pockets were found two sandwiches wrapped in a napkin, which led to the belief that he had been with a picnic party. A pair of eyeglasses and 45 cents were found in his pockets.

USHER'S Whisky
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SENATE ADOPTS WOOL REPORT BY 38 TO 28

La Follette, Replying to Smoot's Attack on Bill, Accuses Him of Owning Wool Stock.

PRESIDENT WILL VETO IT

Supporters in Senate Include Thirty Democrats and Eight Insurgents —Cannot Override Veto.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—After five hours of debate the Senate late this afternoon adopted the conference report on the Wool bill by a vote of 38 to 28. The House adopted the report yesterday, and it will go to the White House to-morrow. The President will send it back in short order with a veto, and the House may attempt to override his objection. But to-day's vote in the Senate, which came eighteen short of the needed two-thirds, makes it certain that the effort will be in vain.

The insurgents only mustered 8 votes for the report fathered by Mr. La Follette, while the other thirty supporters were Democrats, who solidly supported the measure. Four insurgents voted against the report, with 24 regular Republicans. Among the four insurgents who bolted the La Follette programme was Jonathan Bourne, President of the Progressive Republican League. The other three were Senator Borah, who is not an insurgent on tariff matters; Mr. Nelson, who ordinarily is an insurgent on the tariff and on nothing else, and Mr. Dixon, whose great sheep growing constituency has pulled him to the side of the protectionists.

The President to-day, before he left to address the Methodists at Ocean Grove, was busy on his message vetoing the Wool bill. He left Washington at 12:30, and though he had a special meeting of the Cabinet yesterday to discuss his veto of the Statehood bill, he summoned them again at 10 o'clock this morning to discuss his message on wool. Before that Prof. Emery, Chairman of the Tariff Board, had been briefly closeted with him.

Mr. Emery told the President again that the Tariff Board is not yet ready to report on the wool schedule, and the President will use that as one argument against letting the pending act of wool revision become law.

Mr. Taft does not wish to be the cause of protracting the extraordinary session, which already has lasted about four months, and he will have his veto messages ready almost as soon as the bills come up to him.

The Senate will probably receive Senator La Follette's disagreeing report on the Free List bill to-morrow, and that, too, will soon be sent to the President. He already has the massage vetoing that bill under consideration.

The debate on the La Follette report this afternoon was extremely bitter. Mr. Heyburn of Idaho, who occupies the floor oftener than any one in the Senate, assailed the measure at length. Then Mr. Smoot of Utah, who is ordinarily most quiet in his manner, took the floor in a furious denunciation of the measure which, according to his reasoning, will wipe out the woolen business of the United States. His speech brought Mr. La Follette to the floor, and the sharpest tilt of the day occurred.

"It is fitting," said Mr. La Follette as Mr. Smoot sat down, "that the defense of the present iniquitous schedule should come in this Senate from a Senator who is himself a beneficiary of that schedule."

"I will say," interrupted Mr. Smoot, "that I own only $2,475 in a woolen mill and that I have not a sheep in the world."

"By admitting ownership of $1 of wool stock," shouted Mr. La Follette, "the Senator confesses to the shame of voting in this body on a matter in which he is personally interested. He has no right to vote. It is an outrage of common decency. It would disqualify him in any court of equity."

When Mr. Smoot denied his ownership of sheep Mr. La Follette said that it was known, however, that a "certain institution" in Utah did own stock in wool mills and did own sheep, and that Mr. Smoot was interested in the institution.

"I suppose the Senator means the Church?" said Mr. Smoot.

"That's what I mean," snapped Mr. La Follette.

"Then the Church has sold its interest in woolen mills and doesn't own now a single head of sheep."

Senator Warren, a large sheep owner, then spoke against the measure, and was followed by Mr. Reed of Missouri in a slow-moving speech in its support. Mr. Smith of Michigan in a speech declaring the bill "pregnant with disaster" ended the debate.

IS NOW COL. CRONKHITE.

Artillery Officer of Governors Island Promoted—Major Schumm a Colonel.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—President Taft sent to the Senate to-day the name of Lieut. Col. Adelbert Cronkhite of Governors Island, the artillery officer of the Eastern Division of the army, to be a Colonel of coast artillery. Col. Cronkhite is a native of New York and was graduated from West Point in 1882. He is the son of a regular army officer and himself has a son in the fourth class at West Point. Col. Cronkhite is one of the best-known artillerymen in the service and has been identified with the coast defense arm of the service for many years.

Another officer promoted to-day who is well known in New York is Major H. C. Schumm, who was until recently the commanding officer at Fort Hamilton. Major Schumm now becomes a Lieutenant Colonel. He is also a West Pointer, being a member of the class of 1887.

STIMSON ON CANAL PROGRESS

Secretary of War Believes Panama Waterway Well Advanced.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Secretary of War Stimson returned to Washington to-day from a trip to the Panama Canal, Cuba, Porto Rico, and Santo Domingo, by which he was enabled to come into direct contact with many of the most important problems before the War Department.

Mr. Stimson was especially pleased with the remarkable progress of work on the Panama Canal. The War Secretary was uncommunicative as to the probable date of completion of the canal, but said the department and the Canal Commission were hopeful of finishing the waterway [illegible] in advance of the date set for its opening, Jan. 1, 1915.

PRESIDENT VETOES THE STATEHOOD BILL

Arizona's Recall Pernicious and Destructive of Judges' Independence, He Says.

HIS OWN AS A SUBSTITUTE

Senator Smith Offers a New Resolution Without Recall Feature After a Conference with Taft.

NEW MEXICO TO FIGHT ON, SAYS GOV. MILLS.

By Telegraph to the Editor of The New York Times.

SANTA FE, N. M., Aug. 15.—New Mexicans will continue to use every effort to be admitted as a State, in my opinion, unless our Constitution is affirmatively disapproved by Congress or the enabling act is repealed. We will, by virtue of a proclamation by the President, come into the Union as a State in nineteen hundred and twelve. Of course Congress could refuse to admit our Senators or members of Congress if so disposed.

WILLIAM J. MILLS, Governor.

GOVERNOR OF ARIZONA AGREES WITH PRESIDENT.

By Telegraph to the Editor of The New York Times.

PHOENIX, ARIZONA, Aug. 15.—Approving as I do the position of the President with regard to the recall feature of our Constitution in its application to Judges, I think the effect of his message will be to encourage the friends of Statehood to work to secure additional legislation which will permit the people of Arizona before admission to amond our Constitution by the elimination of its objectionable features. I believe the majority of our people do now favor this.

RICHARD E. SLOAN,
Governor of Arizona.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The President sent to the House of Representatives to-day his veto of the Statehood resolution by which New Mexico and Arizona were to be admitted into the Union. The ground of the veto is the provision of the submission of the recall of the judiciary to a vote by the people of Arizona.

The message was read at once and the House listened with close attention. The Republican side cheered enthusiastically. At the close of the reading the Democrats sat silent until Mr. Flood of Virginia, Chairman of the House Committee on Territories, arose and moved that the message and resolution for the admission of the two Territories be referred to the Committee on Territories and then went on in a brief speech to say that he would assure the House that the resolution would be promptly reported back with the hope that it would be passed over the veto.

The Democrats cheered at this vociferously. The Republican insurgents refrained from showing by applause what was in their minds, but it is known that they will stand by their original vote on the resolution and it is confidently predicted by the Democratic leaders that they will be able to muster the necessary two-thirds to pass the resolution over the President's veto. By agreement a vote will be taken next Friday.

Several Senators were in the Chamber when the message was being read, and conferences were seen to be going on from time to time. It does not seem at all likely that it will be possible to obtain a two-thirds support for the resolution in the Senate. A canvass of both sides of the chamber shows that the vote will be close, but enough support will be withheld to defeat the measure. Senator O'Gorman, who voted against the resolution originally when it was before the Senate, will oppose the attempt to overcome the veto.

With the announcement of the President's veto, and following a conference with President Taft, Senator Smith of Michigan, Chairman of the Senate Territories Committee, introduced a new Statehood resolution, meeting the President's views, and providing for the admission of both States on the condition that Arizona shall strike the recall of Judges provision from its new Constitution. He said there was every hope of Statehood legislation at this session.

The President did not spare words in condemning the recall feature of the Arizona Constitution, which, he said, would compel Judges to make their decisions "under legalized terrorism," and he declared that it would be "pernicious in its effect, destructive of independence in the judiciary, and injurious to the cause of free government."

In his message the President says:

"To admit the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona as States into the Union on an equal footing with the original States."

Congress, by an enabling act approved June 20, 1910, provided for the calling of a constitutional convention in each of these Territories, the submission of the Constitution proposed by the convention to the electors of the Territory, the approval of the Constitution by the President and Congress, the proclamation of the fact by the President, and the election of State officers. Both in Arizona and New Mexico conventions have been held, Constitutions adopted and ratified by the people, and submitted to the President and Congress.

I have approved the Constitution of New Mexico, and so did the House of Representatives of the Sixty-first Congress. The Senate, however, failed to take action upon it. I have not approved the Arizona Constitution, nor have the two houses of Congress, except as they have done so by the joint resolution under consideration. The resolution admits both Territories to Statehood with their Constitutions, on condition that at the time of the election of State officers New Mexico shall submit to its electors an amendment to its new Constitution altering and modifying its provision for future amendments, and on the further condition that Arizona shall submit to its electors, at the time of the election of its State officers, a proposed amendment to its Constitution by which judicial officers shall be excepted from the section permitting a recall of all elective officers.

Working of the Recall.

If I sign this joint resolution I do not see how I can escape responsibility for the judicial recall of the Arizona Constitution. The joint resolution admits Arizona with the judicial recall, but requires the submission of the question of its wisdom to the voters. In other words, the resolution approves the admission of Arizona with the judicial recall, unless the voters themselves repudiate it. Under the Arizona Constitution all elective officers, and this includes county and State Judges, six months after their election are subject to the recall.

It is initiated by a petition signed by electors equal to 25 per cent. of the total number of votes cast for all the candidates for the office at the previous general election. Within five days after the petition is filed the officer may resign. Whether he does or not, an election ensues in which his name, if he does not resign, is placed on the ballot with that of all other candidates. The petitioners may print on the official ballot 200 words showing their reasons for recalling the officer, and he is permitted to make defense in the same place in 200 words. If the incumbent receives the highest number of votes, he continues in his office; if not, he is removed from office, and is succeeded by the candidate who does receive the highest number.

This provision of the Arizona Constitution in its applicaton to county and State Judges seems to me so pernicious in its effect, so destructive of independence in the judiciary, so likely to subject the rghts of the individual to the possible tyranny of a popular majority, and, therefore, to be so injurious to the cause of free Government that I must disapprove a Constitution containing it. I am not now engaged in performing the office given me in the enabling act already referred to, approved June 20, 1910, which was that of approving the constitutions ratified by the peoples of the Territories.

Points Out His Duty.

It may be argued from the text of that act that in giving or withholding the approval under the act my only duty is to examine the proposed Constitution, and if I find nothing in it inconsistent wth the Federal Constitution, the principles of the Declaration of Independence, or the enabling act, to register my approval. But now I am discharging my constitutional function in respect to the enactment of laws, and my discretion is equal to that of the Houses of Congress. I must, therefore, withhold my approval from this resolution if, in fact, I do not approve it as a matter of governmental policy.

Of course, a mere difference of opinion as to the wisdom of details in a State Constitution ought not to lead me to set up my opinion against that of the people of the Territory. It is to be their Government, and while the power of Congress to withhold or grant Statehood is absolute the people about to constitute a State should generally know better the kind of government and constitution suited to their needs than Congress or the Executive. But when such a Constitution contains something so destructive of free government as the judicial recall it should be disapproved.

The Constitution distributes the functions of government into three branches—the legislative, to make the laws; the executive, to execute them; and the judicial, to decide in cases arising before it the rights of the individuals as between him and others and between him and the Government. This division of government into three separate branches has always been regarded as a great security for the maintenance of free institutions, and the security is only firm and assured when the judicial branch is independent and impartial.

The executive and legislative branches are representative of the majority of the people which elected them in guiding the course of the Government within the limits of the Constitution. They must act for the whole people, of course; but they may properly follow, and usually ought to follow, the views of the majority which elected them in respect to the governmental policy best adapted to secure the welfare of the whole people.

But the judicial branch of the Government is not representative of a majority of the people in any such sense, even if the mode of selecting Judges is by popular election. In a proper sense, Judges are servants of the people; that is, they are doing work which must be done for the Government, and in the interest of all these people, but it is not work in the doing of which they are to follow the will of the majority except as that is embodied in statutes lawfully enacted according to constitutional limitations. They are not popular representatives. On the contrary, to fill their office properly, they must be independent. They must decide every question which comes before them according to law and justice.

If this question is between individuals they will follow the statute, or the unwritten law if no statute applies, and they take the unwritten law growing out of tradition and custom from previous judicial decisions. If a statute or ordinance affecting a cause before them is not lawfully enacted, because it violates the Constitution adopted by the people, then they must ignore the statute and decide the question as if the statute had never been passed. This power is a judicial power, imposed by the people on the Judges by the written Constitution.

In early days some argued that the obligations of the Constitution operated directly on the conscience of the Legislature, and only in that manner, and that it was to be conclusively presumed that whatever was done by the Legislature was constitutional. But such a view did not obtain with our hardheaded, courageous, and far-sighted statesmen and Judges, and it was soon settled that it was the duty of Judges in cases properly arising before them to apply the law and so to declare what was the law, and that if what purported to be statutory law was at variance with the fundamental law, i. e., the Constitution, the seeming statute was not law at all, was not binding on the courts, the individuals, or any branch of the Government, and that it was the duty of the Judges so to decide.

Power of the Courts.

This power confered on the judiciary in our form of Government is unique in the history of Governments, and its operation has attracted and deserved the admiration and commendation of the world. It gives to our judiciary a position higher, stronger, and more responsible than that of the judiciary of any other country, and more effectively secured adherence to the fundamental will of the people.

What I have said has been to little purpose if it has not shown that Judges, to fulfill their functions properly in our popular Government, must be more independent than in any other form of Government, and that need of independence is greatest where the individual is one litigant and the State, guided by the successful and governing majority, is the other. In order to maintain the rights of the minority and the individual and to preserve our constitutional balance we must have Judges with courage to decide against the majority when justice and law require.

By the recall in the Arizona Constitution, it is proposed to give to the majority power to remove arbitrarily and without delay, any Judge who may have the courage to render an unpopular decision. By the recall, it is proposed to enable a minority of 25 per cent. of the voters of the district or State, for no prescribed cause, after the Judge has been in office six months, to submit the question of his retention in office to the electorate.

The petitioning minority must say on the ballot what they can against him in 200 words, and he must defend as best he can in the same space. Other candidates are permitted to present themselves and have their names printed on the ballot, so that the recall is not based solely on the record or the acts of the Judge, but also on the question whether some other and more popular candidate has been found to unseat him.

Danger of Popular Passion.

Counld there be a system more ingeniously devised to subject Judges to momentary gusts of popular passion than this? We can not be blind to the fact that often an intelligent and respectable electorate may be so roused upon an issue that it will visit with condemnation the decision of a just Judge, though exactly in accord with the law governing the case, merely because it affects unfavorably their contest.

Controversies over elections, labor troubles, racial or religious issues, issues as to the construction or constitutionality of liquor laws, criminal trials of popular or unpopular defendants, the removal of county seats, suits by individuals to maintain their constitutional rights in obstruction of some popular improvement—these and many other cases could be cited in which a majority of a district electorate would be tempted by hasty anger to recall a conscientious Judge if the opportunity were open all the time.

No period of delay is interposed for the abatement of popular feeling. The recall is devised to encourage quick action, and to lead the people to strike while the iron is hot. The Judge is treated as the instrument and servant of a majority of the people and subject to their momentary will not after a long term in which his qualities as a Judge and his character as a man have been subjected to a test of all the varieties of judicial work and duty so as to furnish a proper means of measuring his fitness for continuance in another term.

On the instant of an unpopular ruling, while the spirit of protest has not had time to cool, and even while an appeal may be pending from his ruling in which he may be sustained, he is to be haled before the electorate as a tribunal, with no judicial hearing, evidence, or defense, and thrown out of office, and disgraced for life because he has failed, in a single decision, it may be, to satisfy the popular.

Think of the opportunity such a system would give to unscrupulous political bosses in control as they have been in control not only of conventions, but elections. Think of the enormous power for evil given to the sensational, muckraking portion of the press in rousing prejudice aganst a just Judge by false charges and insinuations, the effect of which in the short period of an election by recall it would be impossible for him to meet and offset!

Supporters of such a system seem to think that it will work only in the interest of the poor, the humble, the weak, and the oppressed; that it will strike down only the Judge who is supposed to favor corporations and be affected by the corrupting influence of the rich. Nothing could be further from the ultimate result. The motive it would offer to unscrupulous combinations to seek to control politics in order to control the Judges is clear. Those would profit by the recall who have the best opportunity of arousing the majority of the people to action on a sudden impulse.

Are they likely to be the wisest or the best people in a community? Do they not include those who have money enough to employ the firebrands and slanderers in a community and the stirrers-up of social hate? Would not self-respecting men well hesitate to accept judicial office with such a sword of Damocles hanging over them?

What kind of judgments might those on the unpopular side expect from courts whose Judges must make their decisions under such legalized terrorism? The character of the Judges would deteriorate to that of trimmers and time-servers, and independent judicial action would be a thing of the past. As the possibilities of such a system pass in review, is it too much to characterize it as one which will destroy the judiciary, its standing, and its usefulness?

Suggests Other Remedies.

Attempt is made to defend the principle of judicial recall by reference to States in which Judges are said to have shown themselves to be under corrupt corporate influence, and in which it is claimed that nothing but a desperate remedy will suffice. If the political control in such States is sufficiently wrested from corrupting corporations to permit the enactment of a radical Constitutional amendment like that of judicial recall, it would seem possible to make provision in its stead for an effective remedy by impeachment, in which the cumbrous features of the present remedy might be avoided, but the opportunity for judicial hearing and defense before an impartial tribunal might be retained.

Real reforms are not to be effected by patent short cuts or by abolishing those requirements which the experience of ages has shown to be essential in dealing justly with every one. Such innovations are certain in the long run to plague the inventor or first user, and will come readily to the hand of the enemies and corrupters of society after the passing of the just popular indignation that prompted their adoption.

Again, judicial recall is advocated on the ground that it will bring the Judges more into sympathy with the popular will and the progress of ideas among the people. It is said that now Judges are out of touch with the movement toward a wider democracy and a greater control of governmental agencies in the interest and for the benefit of the people. The righteous and just course for a Judge to pursue is ordinarily fixed by statute or clear principles of law, and the cases in which his judgment may be affected by his political, economic, or social views are infrequent. But even in such cases Judges are not removed from the people's influence.

It is said the recall will be rarely used. If so, it will be rarely needed. Then why adopt a system so full of danger? But it is a mistake to suppose that such a powerful lever for influencing judicial decisions and such an opportunity for vengeance because of adverse ones will be allowed to remain unused.

But it is said that the people of Arizona are to become an independent State when created, and even if we strike out judicial recall now they can reincorporate it in their Constitution after Statehood.

To this I would answer that in dealing with the courts, which are the cornerstone of good government and in which not only the voters, but the non-voters are non-residents, have a deep interest as a security for their rights of life, liberty, and property, no matter what the future action of the State may be, it is necessary for the authority which is primarily responsible for its creation to assert in no doubtful tones the necessity for an independent and untrammeled judiciary.

WILLIAM H. TAFT.
The White House, Aug. 15, 1911.

CONGRESS TO QUIT AUG. 22.

Senator Penrose Believes Majority Is Anxious to Get Away.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Senator Penrose, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, to-day introduced a resolution fixing the final adjournment of Congress at 2 P. M. next Tuesday, Aug. 22. The talk among all factions in the Senate and the House was that this date, or one approximately it, was satisfactory, though to-night Mr. Penrose and others are suggesting the possibility of moving the date up to Saturday, the 19th. As the House will not take up the question of overriding the President's veto of the Statehood bill until Friday, it is not likely that so early a date can be agreed upon.

When the resolution was introduced, and before it could be referred to the Committee on Appropriations, insurgent Senators announced their intention to prevent the adoption of the resolution until every pending tariff bill was in conference and it could be definitely seen that time was allowed for action on all conference reports. In private conversation, however, they admitted that with the vote on the cotton bill imminent to-morrow or next day, everything should be cleared up in time.

Fourth Man Killed on Art Museum.

The fourth laborer to be killed in less than two months on the Metropolitan Museum of Art, Eighty-second Street and Fifth Avenue, met his fate yesterday afternoon. He was Nathan Goldenberg, 28 years old, who fell when working on the roof of the new north wing, and landed on a pile of cracked stone, ninety feet below. He was killed instantly.

BUSINESS INSURANCE.

Large Policies Taken Out by Business Concerns on Lives of Their Valuable Employees.

Boston.—An important development of the past few years in the insurance field has been the increasing popularity of so-called business insurance. Many business enterprises owe their existence or success to one man, whose experience, technical knowledge, selling ability, or capital make him an essential asset of the organization. The death of such a man might well prove to be an irreparable loss, and it is to offset this contingency that corporations are taking out insurance policies on the lives of their valuable men.—*Boston News Bureau.*

Business Insurance—Policy $100,000.
Net cost 1911 on policies issued 1910:

Age	25	35	45	50
Net cost	$585	$968	$1,275	$1,630

Smaller or Larger Amounts Pro Rata.
Policies renewable every five years at attained age without medical examination. Investigate this before deciding on ANY policy.
ROBERT A. SASSEEN, 165 B'way, City

Wreck of the Pennsylvania's 18-Hour Flier on the Outskirts of Fort Wayne, Ind.

DOGS FIND WRECK VICTIM.

Bloodhounds Used to Locate Body of Pennsylvania Flier's Engineer.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Aug. 15.—The body of Engineer Ira Berger, who was killed in the wreck of the Pennsylvania eighteen-hour flier Sunday night, was found to-day by bloodhounds brought here from St. Mary's, Ohio.

The body of Berger was taken out, but that of Fireman Wilson has not been found. Berger's body was discovered under the wreckage of the freight engine with which the flier collided. Inspectors for the Inter-State Commerce Commission and Inspectors for the Indiana Railway Commission are to-day conducting a joint investigation of the wreck.

CALLS NEW TREATIES BREEDERS OF WAR

Senate Committee Makes Its Report Public to Offset Taft's Plea for Peace.

GERMANY FOR ARBITRATION

Plan Proposed by Secretary Knox Is Acceptable, Ambassador von Bernstoff Advises.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The Senate to-day presented its explanation of its opposition to the proposed arbitration treaties between America and Great Britain and France when the ban of secrecy was removed from the report of the Committee on Foreign Relations explaining why the amendment had been recommended, practically emasculating the conventions. It was said after the executive session on last Saturday, at which this action was taken, that the treaties are considered dead so far as this session of the Senate is concerned, and it is known that the reason for publishing the report on the amendment was to forestall and offset the popular campaign for the unamended treaties that President Taft will begin to-night at Ocean Grove, N. J.

Almost in the same hour that the Senate Committee reported against the treaties Germany made known to Secretary of State Knox through Ambassador von Bernstorff its acceptance of the general principles of arbitration as laid down in the Secretary's draft recently submitted. A few exceptions were noted, however, and Count von Bernstorff will sail on Saturday for Germany to consult his Government further. He will return in October.

The committee report, which was prepared by Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts, uses sharp language. The treaties as drafted, says the document, deprives the Senate of its constitutional right to express itself on every treaty to be entered into by the United States. The position is flatly taken that even if the Senate wished to delegate this power to a tribunal like the Joint High Commission of Inquiry, provided for in a paragraph stricken out by the amendment, it could not do so, any more than Congress could delegate its legislative powers.

The minority of the committee has a week in which to present its views in support of the treaties as negotiated.

BACK WITH THE SEA BIRD.

Yachtsmen Who Crossed Atlantic in Twenty-five-Foot Craft Return.

Theodore R. Goodwin and Thomas Fleming Day, who, with Fred B. Thurber, crossed the ocean to Rome in the 25-foot yawl Sea Bird, arrived yesterday on the Duca degli Abruzzi with their little craft swinging in the davits like a lifeboat.

Mr. Goodwin and Mr. Thurber intend to take the Sea Bird to New Rochelle, where a reception is planned for them to-night at the New Rochelle Yacht Club, of which Mr. Day is a member. Plans are under way for giving the yachtsmen a reception at the Rhode Island Yacht Club in Providence, from which they started on June 10.

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M'CABE GIVES LIE TO WILEY WITNESS

Denies Dr. Kebler's Testimony That He Tried to Gag Department Employes.

DR. WILEY ON THE STAND

And Dr. Rusby Tells of His Contract with the Bureau of Chemistry —Case Near End.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The end of the Wiley investigation is in sight, Chairman Moss said to-day that only two witnesses remained to be heard, Dr. Wiley and Secretary Wilson. In the last five minutes of the hearing to-day Dr. Wiley came on the stand and got his testimony started. He will continue to-morrow and probably a part of Thursday, and by Friday the Secretary will have concluded his testimony. Dr. Rusby testified to-day and Solicitor McCabe startled the committee and his opponents by some sharp and conclusive testimony in rebuttal. He accused Dr. Kebler, a recent witness, of having "lied," toned this down to "falsehood," and then withdrew the statement altogether.

Dr. Rusby as the man about whom the storm of official discipline broke naturally attracted attention. He gave at length an account of his training as a pharmacognosist, and of his connection with museums, commercial investigations, and the New York College of Pharmacy. He said his salary from that institution was $3,500 a year.

He then told of his employment by the Bureau of Chemistry. He said that he had not sought the work, but it was offered to him, that he had at first, when he learned that he would not be paid what he considered was a proper compensation, offered to do the work for nothing and would pay his expenses if necessary to enforce the pure food and drugs law. He said he had been paid since the latest arrangement for his compensation at $1,600 a year, $200 of which was for two months' services after the action of the Personnel Board. Dr. Rusby said he had gone right on doing his work for the Bureau of Chemistry as usual, although he did not know whether he was in the Government employ or not. The Committee on Personnel had told him to keep on, and he had done as they told him.

He said that at the rate of pay allowed him by the department he received a dollar and two-sevenths an hour for court work, and he had uniformly paid $2 an hour to a substitute for doing his work in New York while he was away from home on Government service.

"Have you kept anything in this matter from the Secretary?" asked Mr. Davis, Dr. Wiley's counsel.

"Absolutely nothing," was the reply. "Such a thing never entered my mind."

When Dr. Rusby retired Chairman Moss gave Solicitor McCabe opportunity to rebut some of the statements made by witnesses for the Wiley side of the controversy. He singled out the statement of Dr. Kebler that he had asked Mr. McCabe at the hearing before the Personnel Board for a letter from Dr. Bigelow to Dr. Rusby, and Mr. McCabe had refused to let him see it. C. C. Clark, Chief Clerk of the department and a member of the Personnel Board, testified that he had heard no such request from Dr. Kebler, and there was no refusal by Mr. McCabe to let him have any part of the record, so far as he knew. J. L. Monarch, who acted as stenographer for the Personnel Board, was called next, and he said that there was no such request by Dr. Kebler, to his knowledge, and he had looked over his notes very carefully to see if anything of the kind was said, and there had not been, so far as the notes showed.

Mr. McCabe then testified himself and reaffirmed what the other two witnesses had said. He then took up Dr. Kebler's statement that Mr. McCabe had endeavored to gag the employes of the Bureau of Chemistry and read the order of President Taft forbidding Government employes in the departments in Washington to talk to members of Congress or outsiders about department matters unless they had the permission of their department head. He then said that if Dr. Kebler had said, as Mr. McCabe inferred he had from the newspaper reports of the testimony, that he had interfered with the personal rights of employes of the department, Dr. Kebler lied. This came out with a snap that startled the committee and spectators. Mr. Moss at once asked the witness to consider the word he had used.

"Well, then, substitute the word falsehood," said Mr. McCabe.

Dr. Wiley then went on the stand; but he had scarcely finished a recital of his official service when the committee adjourned until to-morrow.

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¶ The man who saves money should and will patronize this sale, because it is in line with his policy to do so.

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¶ But over and above those reasons, is this one: That Saks-made clothes have earned the general preference by their unremitting superiority over others. Be good enough to consider this in conjunction with the saving in price, and proceed to judgment.

Lightweight fabrics, favored designs, ½, ¼ or ⅛ Lined.

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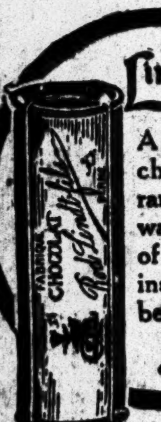

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TAFT INTIMATES APPEAL TO PEOPLE

Says if Senate Deems Its Powers Greater Than They Are "Question Must Ultimately Be Referred."

GREETING AT OCEAN GROVE

President Declares Pledges of Good Faith Essential in General Arbitration—Wilson Sits Beside Him.

Special to The New York Times.

AUDITORIUM, Ocean Grove, Aug. 15.—President Taft addressed 12,000 camp-meeting folk here this evening. He continued his campaign before the people in behalf of the British and French general arbitration treaties. The President reviewed in comprehensive terms the meaning of the pacts, urged the people to use their influence to press their adoption, and declared that he did not fear the effect of delay. The longer the Senate holds these treaties—and he does not expect action upon them at the special session—the President said, the greater would be his opportunity to preach the gospel of peace and arbitration, and the greater would be the growth of public sentiment in favor of them.

The President reached town in a special train from Washington shortly after 6 o'clock, toward the end of a miniature cloudburst, in which several flagpoles were struck by lightning and the streets were covered ankle deep with rain.

President Taft is the fourth President of the United States who has addressed the Ocean Grove Camp Meeting Association in the forty-two years during which it has been holding its Summer meetings. Grant, McKinley, and Roosevelt made addresses here, and Garfield had accepted an invitation to address the campers just before he was shot.

Mr. Taft was met at the station by A. E. Ballard, President of the Camp Meeting Association; ex-Gov. D. C. Stokes, Postmaster James L. Hayes of Newark, and Congressman John E. Andrus. He was taken in a closed automobile in the midst of a downpour of rain to the house of A. H. De Haven, a member of the association, on Ocean Parkway, where he dined with members of his traveling party, ex-Govs. Murphy and Stokes, and a dozen camp meeting officials before being taken to the biggest Protestant auditorium in the world, seating twelve thousand people and equipped with the famous forty-thousand-dollar Hope Jones organ, supposed to be the largest in America, to make his speech. The President also paid a brief visit to ex-Secretary of State Samuel Koenig of New York at Bradley Beach.

Congressman Andrus, who was instrumental in arranging President Taft's visit, presided at the meeting. Mr. Andrus has been an enthusiastic member of the association for fifteen years.

Gov. Wilson was not at the dinner at Mr. De Haven's house, but President Ballard of the association and other members hastened to explain that no slight to him was intended. Mr. Ballard said that all important meetings of the association were presided over by members and that had Gov. Wilson been a member he would surely have presided at the meeting.

Gov. Wilson and his entire staff arrived early and occupied seats on the platform, the Governor sitting beside the President, whom he greeted in a friendly manner. The Governor did not appear to be in the least degree disgruntled. Mr. Taft and Dr. Wilson chatted together from time to time. The campers greeted the President with cheers and made a smaller demonstration when the Governor arrived.

On the platform, before making his speech, President Taft sat in the same plain, yellow-varnished, cane-bottomed armchair in which Grant, McKinley, and Roosevelt sat during their visits.

A chorus of 300 voices was massed on the rear of the platform, and an elaborate musical programme was given before the President arrived. On the platform with the President were ex-United States Senator John Kean of Elizabeth, Adjt. Gen. Sadler, Col. Libbey, and Col. Alexander.

The President read his speech, and started out by saying how glad he was to have met Gov. Wilson. "Your distinguished Governor," was President Taft's phrase.

People Themselves Must Decide.

The President said in the course of his speech:

"If the Senate or any members of it should think that its powers are greater or less than they are, and the limitations they insist upon interfere with progress toward peace or any other great National or international policy the question whether they are right or not must ultimately be referred back to the people whose representatives the members of the Senate are, for we all, as I say, have derived our power from the people, as the ultimate source of power, and in such case of disagreement the proper place for a discussion of such an issue is before the people. The cause is sufficiently great to warrant the straining of efforts to secure treaties like these.

"If I am wrong in my judgment, and I do not claim infallibility, and know that the enthusiasm of the cause may sometimes warp judgment, I am quite willing to abide the ultimate judgment of the people; but I deem it my duty, until I shall receive an adverse decision, to urge my views upon the Senate and to invoke the attention of the people to these questions and such expressions of opinion from them as shall influence a ratification of the treaties as they were signed.

"If we are afraid to submit to an impartial tribunal, lest we may lose our case, then we would better go back to war as the only means of settling international controversies when negotiation fails. When we enter into an arbitration, or an agreement to submit our differences to an impartial tribunal, we must play the game.

"It is generally quite impossible for a court to decide a case so that both sides shall like the decision, and a court to decide between nations cannot find it any more easy to do this than a domestic court does.

"We cannot make omelets without breaking eggs; we cannot submit international questions to arbitration without the prospect of losing, and if arbitration is to be effected, and is to cover the ground that shall really promote the cause of peace and prevent war, it must cover questions of the utmost interest to both countries and therefore the loss of one country in the contest must be, of course, a serious matter to that country, and when it comes into an agreement for arbitration it must be willing to face the disappointment that comes from a serious loss thus imposed by an arbitral decision.

"If the subject of arbitration is merely for discussion in peace societies and is only for the purpose of furnishing a text for an address—like I am delivering to you—and if the result is not to mean real victory for one party, and real defeat for the other, certainly the time of diplomatic officers, who have many other things to do, ought not to be wasted on it.

"I am very serious in my advocacy of arbitration as a means of settling international disputes, and I believe that you are. I am willing to abide an adverse decision in a court of arbitration for my own country, even though it may impose a serious loss upon her if the system of arbitration is to be made permanent, and the court is of such a character that when I have a just cause I can count on receiving a just judgment.

Must "Play the Game."

"If we are going into the arbitration game, if I may call it such, we must play it through to the end, and we must take our hard knocks with equanimity, as we expect others to take theirs, with the hope and knowledge that the disadvantages that may accrue to each party can never equal the horrible losses, the cruelty and the wickedness of war."

After explaining the negotiation of the British and French treaties and discussing the machinery provided for settling disputes the President continued discussing arbitration in general.

"I would have been willing myself," said he, "to provide that all differences of opinion on international matters should be submitted to a court of arbitration for its decision, and to have it left to the court itself to say whether the difference arising could be properly settled by arbitration. In other words, I believe in arbitration to the point that I am willing to arbitrate anything in which I believe I have a good cause, and if I don't believe I have a good cause I wish to give it up in advance of arbitration. But public opinion is perhaps not so advanced as this, and, therefore, the commission plan was devised by which the question of the arbitrable character of the controversy was left to a joint high commission, consisting of three representatives of each party, it being supposed that neither party would feel itself in danger of an unjust decision as to the arbitrable character of a difference by a tribunal in which three of the persons were their own fellow citizens, appointed by their executive, in our case with the consent of the Senate.

"Having completed the two treaties with England and France, I submitted them to the Senate for their advice and consent to my ratification of them.

"Now I freely concede that it is within the power of the Senate in its function of advising and of consenting to the treaties, either to reject them or to amend them. They do not amend the treaties, strictly speaking, they merely continue the negotiation by suggesting another form to be submitted to the other party to the treaty, and that I understand is what the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate has done, to wit: it has stricken out the third clause, vesting the commission of six commissioners, three from each side, with the power to determine whether differences are arbitrable within the meaning of the first section, and to bind both countries when the vote is five out of six in the commission to the acceptance of a judgment by arbitration upon each issue.

Pledges of Good Faith Essential.

"I think this is a very important part of the treaty. I think it is one of these pledges of good faith in entering into the treaty that is essential to make it a step forward in the adjustment of international controversies. When we agree that we will submit all justifiable controversies to the judgment of an arbitration, and decline to allow anybody to decide what is justifiable except ourselves, we give little sanction or pledge in advance of our willingness and anxiety to settle all possible controversies by arbitration.

"But it is said that we are making the Senate, in consenting to the ratification of these treaties, abdicate some of its functions. I confess I follow this claim with very little sympathy or acquiesence. The Senate is part of the treaty-making power of the country. A treaty is a contract. It is an agreement by which, if the Government of the United States is a party to it, those who represent it may bind it to a certain course of action in the future. That is involved in the power to make a treaty itself.

"To say that this is an abdication of the functions of the Senate is to say that it is not the function of the Senate to make an agreement at all which shall bind the Government. I have no desire to minimize in the slightest degree the importance of the Senate as part of the treaty-making power. I have no desire to minimize its importance in the framework of the Government which the drafters of the Constitution founded.

"But when the prerogatives of the Senate are spoken of, the term 'prerogative' does not make the power which it possesses any more sacred than the power of the executive in respect to the same subject matter. If the Executive and the Senate, acting together, may make a contract of submission to arbitration, there is very little limitation upon the scope of the questions which they have power to submit.

"The treaty-making power is a very broad one, and it is not straining it in the slightest to include within it the power to make a treaty of arbitration.

"I had hoped that the treaties when submitted to the Senate would meet with early ratification and concurrence. In this I have been disappointed, but I do not wish to be put in an attitude of expressing impatience at a proper deliberation by the Senate on matters of so great importance as this. On the contrary, I urge such delay and deliberation, because I am convinced that longer consideration will satisfy the members of the Senate that the chief objection which seems to be made to the third clause of the treaty has no weight in it whatever.

"The policy of the matter presents a somewhat different issue and makes me recur to the subject matter of my remarks earlier in this address. If we are in earnest for arbitration and hope to make it a means of dispensing with war and of settling real controversies, then we must be willing to risk defeat in arbitration on important matters as we may earnestly hope for success, and I for one, in my profound desire to find some means of avoiding the awful cost and horrors of war, am ready to run the risk and go fully to the point of submitting important international differences to a tribunal where we may win or lose."

TOGO ENJOYS DAY AT THE NAVY YARD

Studies Our Newest and Biggest Fighting Ships at Close Range.

VISIT TO BOSTON NEXT

And Will Inspect the Atlantic Fleet—Reception at Press Club and Dinner at the Plaza.

Admiral Count Togo spent a good part of yesterday fraternizing with American naval officers and inspecting some of the greatest battleships in the world. He was the guest of Rear Admiral E. H. C. Leutze, U. S. N., at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, and from the moment he landed at the dock near which the great dreadnought Florida is receiving the finishing touches, preparatory to taking her place in the naval line next month, the famous sailor probably felt more at home than at any time since he landed in New York a week ago last Friday.

The Admiral, accompanied by Commander Taniguchi, his aid, Third Assistant Secretary of State Chandler Hale, and Capt. Templin M. Potts, U. S. N., left the Knickerbocker at 11 A. M. and went to the foot of East Twenty-fourth Street, where the naval tug Powhatan was waiting to take the party across the river. Arriving at the navy yard the Admiral was greeted by Admiral Leutze and the yard staff while a detachment of naval gunners fired the Admiral's salute of 17 guns. The marine band from the Flushing Avenue barracks was also on hand and played military airs, while other detachments of marines in full dress uniform stood at attention and presented arms as Togo stepped forward to receive the greeting of Admiral Leutze.

Studies Our Big Ships.

Less than fifty feet away from the spot where Admiral Togo went ashore was the great cradle which is to be used in the building of the 27,000-ton battleship New York, the keel of which is to be laid early next month. The giant Florida, her five turrets each mounting a pair of the most modern twelve-inch guns, was also near by, and Togo gazed long at that massive sea fighter, so soon to take her place in the Atlantic Fleet. He had seen and admired the Delaware, which represented the United States at the coronation of King George, but the Florida is a bigger ship, though the Delaware was the mightiest fighter in size and armament that was reviewed by the British King at the great naval review at Spithead.

After he had inspected the Florida "the peaceful man of the East" went through the various buildings. He saw the school where bluejackets are learning wireless telegraphy, he saw the great blacksmiths' shops—in fact, he saw everything there was to be seen, and was very much interested in it all. After the yard inspection he went on board the Dreadnought North Dakota, a sister ship of the Delaware, which is in the yard having one of her turbines cleaned. Capt. A. Gleaves, commanding the 20,000-ton ship, stood at the head of the gangway to welcome Admiral Togo, while a bo'sun piped the little Admiral over the side.

The Admiral had a "bully" time on the Dakota. There is no doubt about that. The way he shook Capt. Gleaves's hand as he left the ship proved that. As he went down the gangplank the saluting guns on the battleship barked a farewell, and every bluejacket stood at attention. Togo will long remember the Dakota and her officers and men who gave him a welcome such as only naval men can give to naval men.

After the Dakota came the luncheon at the home of Admiral Leutze. It was attended by practically all of the officers on duty at the yard or on ships now in the yard. The toasts there were to the Emperor of Japan, the President of the United States, and the navies of America and Japan. After the luncheon the Admiral bade his hosts good-bye and started back to Manhattan. As his automobile got under way a farewell salute of seventeen guns thundered in his honor.

Returning to the Knickerbocker the Admiral rested for two hours and then went to the New York Press Club for a brief reception. President McCauley of the club welcomed the Admiral, who spoke a few words in reply. He said:

"I thank you most sincerely for the President's words just spoken, and the happy greeting. It is a great pleasure to meet you all, you who make the public opinion of the greatest city of this great republic. It is a great pleasure to be here this afternoon and see you all. I thank you again."

Loving Cup from Japanese Here.

After the Press Club reception the Admiral hurried back to the Knickerbocker and got ready for a dinner at the Plaza tendered to him by a number of prominent Japanese in New York. About forty-five persons were at the dinner, including the Admiral's Japanese and American escorts, Consul General and Mrs. K. Midzuno, Dr. Takamine, President of the Nippon Club, and Mrs. Takamine; Col. Robert M. Thompson, Gen. and Mrs. Stewart L. Woodford, and Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay Russell.

The dinner was served amid gorgeous floral surroundings, 2,000 orchids and an equal number of American beauty roses being used in the decorations. The Plaza's solid gold service was used, and this was the menu:

MENU.
Buffet à la Paix.
Supreme de Cantaloup, Maraschino
Celeri Olives Amandes
Tortue Anna
Filet de Kingfish Riojun
Concombres Nicoise
Selle de Pre Sale Naniwa
Sorbet Chartreuse
Poitrine de Pintade Tsushima
Salade Amiral
Bombe Mikasa
Mignardises
Panier Muscat
Cafe

Cocktails	Sherry Santa Maria
Rudesheimer Engerweg	Monopol Brut 1904
Mumm Cordon Rouge	
Tansan and Apollinaris Water	Liqueurs
Louis Roederer Brut 1904	
Cigars and Cigarettes	

At the dinner a silver loving cup two feet high was presented to Admiral Togo, the inscription on which was as follows:

> Presented to Admiral Count Togo, to commemorate his visit to the United States of America, by the Japanese of New York City.

After the dinner Admiral Togo went to the Nippon Club, in Eighty-fifth Street, near Columbus Avenue, where he received the Japanese residents of the city. That over he went to bed.

To-day is the Admiral's last in New York. This afternoon he lunches with Gen. Grant on Governors Island, and at 5 o'clock he leaves for Boston. To-morrow he will visit the United States Atlantic Fleet off Cape Cod.

ZIONIST CONGRESS CLOSES.

Committee of Five and Board of Twenty-five Are Appointed.

BASEL, Aug. 15.—After a spirited debate over the details of reorganization, the Zionist congress to-day elected a committee of five, who are to have the general direction of the Zionist movement, assuming the duties which formerly fell upon the President, David Wolffsohn, who at his own wish has retired from the leadership.

The members are Prof. Otto Warburg and Herren Hantke and Schmarja Levin of Berlin; M. Sokoaeow, a Russian editor, and M. Jacobson, a banker of Constantinople. No American was chosen, as it will be necessary for the committee to meet once a month in Berlin.

A board of twenty-five persons was also chosen. The congress closed with the singing of the hymn, "Ha Ikvah," amid great enthusiasm.

Bristol Has Charter with Recall.

BRISTOL, Conn., Aug. 15.—This will be the first city in Connecticut to have a charter in which is incorporated the initiative, referendum, and recall. The charter, granted by the General Assembly and approved by a heavy majority of the voters of the borough, will go into effect in October.

Reposeful Bed-Room Furniture

HELPFUL in the harmonious furnishing of the Bed-Room of to-day is that sense of sober quietness which characterized so much of the Mahogany Furniture of the XVIII. Century.

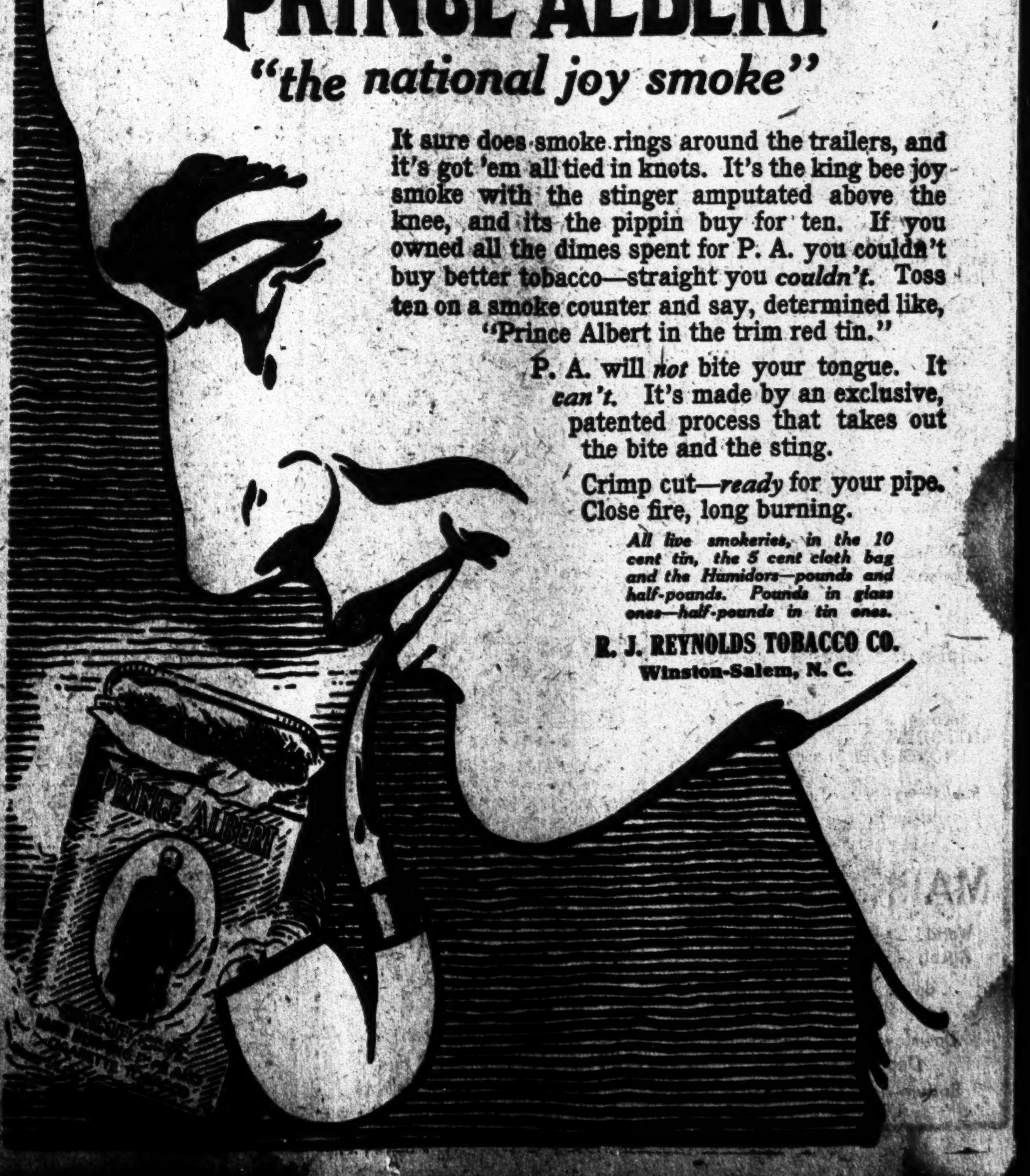
The reposeful Four-Poster Bed with its cheerful hangings of old-fashioned flower-besprinkled Chintz, the Dressing Table with its convenient drawer-space, the wide and generously cushioned Settee, and the Tall-Boy with the quaintly broken arch of its pediment are among the suggestions offered by our XVIII. Century Reproductions.

The Grand Rapids Furniture Company
INCORPORATED
34 and 36 West 32d Street
Between Fifth Ave. & Broadway
New York.

This Tobacco Smokes Rings Around ALL the "Just as Goods"

Every time someone puts over a sure thing bet that slides to base like Ty, the trailers get busy. You can pick "Just as goods" from every tobacco shop that owns a package of bags and labels. But the minute you light up, you want to tie a can to that stuff; and you get wondering where in Sam Hill you can get *real* tobacco with quality jammed in and the promises all in *bloom*. Man, the answer is

PRINCE ALBERT
"the national joy smoke"



It sure does smoke rings around the trailers, and it's got 'em all tied in knots. It's the king bee joy smoke with the stinger amputated above the knee, and its the pippin buy for ten. If you owned all the dimes spent for P. A. you couldn't buy better tobacco—straight you *couldn't*. Toss ten on a smoke counter and say, determined like, "Prince Albert in the trim red tin."

P. A. will *not* bite your tongue. It *can't*. It's made by an exclusive, patented process that takes out the bite and the sting.

Crimp cut—*ready* for your pipe. Close fire, long burning.

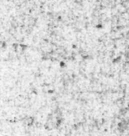
All live smokeries, in the 10 cent tin, the 5 cent cloth bag and the Humidors—pounds and half-pounds. Pounds in glass ones—half-pounds in tin ones.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

DR. WILEY
in the thick of the fight is consulting editor of the
GOOD HEALTH NUMBER OF
Country Life in America
an issue full of the Pure Food champion's good work and courageous reform views.

ALL STANDS 25 CENTS

139TH Weekly Wednesday Sale



Sale of New PIANOS and PLAYER-PIANOS

In order to make room for the large Fall stock now on its way to us, EVERY PIANO in our warerooms formerly selling up to $325 will be closed out **TODAY ONLY** for........ **$190**

5 Down, $5 Monthly

A limited number of PLAYER-PIANOS of different styles and woods, formerly selling up to $600, will be closed out **TODAY ONLY** for **$390**

Terms to Suit Your Convenience.

12 Rolls of Music Free and Library Privilege.

All Bear the KNABE GUARANTEE

Wm. KNABE & Co.
5th Ave. and 39th St.
Established 1837

ESTABLISHED 1845
MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
Actual Makers
89 Regent Street
Goods Charged in London to Home Account.—Prices Less U. S. Duties.

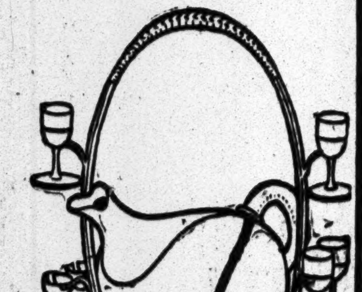
In our English workshops we are specialists in serviceable articles—moderate in price and of uncommon Individuality.

Cross Nested Ash Trays

The Holder is Made of Prince's Silver Plate Gilded, with a Handle of the Same Material—Other 3 Trays are of Crystal with Gold Burnished Rims—These Trays Fit One Within Another in the Holder When Not in Use—Complete.......... $5.50
Same as Above with Bronze Figure on Handle.......... $7.00
SMOKER'S SET—Consisting of 4 Pieces—Cigar Holder, Cigarette Holder, Ash Receiver, Match Stand—Made of Crystal with Gold Burnished Rims.......... $6.50
Same as Above with Silver Burnished Rims.......... $5.50
CIGARETTE BOX—Will Hold 25 Cigarettes—Nickel with Cedar Wood Lining—Supported by 4 Claw Feet.......... $3.75
Larger Size to Hold 100 Cigarettes.......... $4.75

The CROSS Resolution—doing something in particular and always doing it well.

Cross Liqueur Jug



Jug is Made of Brown, Green or Red Porcelain with Prince's Silver Plate Nozzle and Chain Which Attaches Cork to Handle, and Fits in a Prince's Silver Plated Holder—There are Racks for 6 Liqueur Glasses—Quart Size Complete with Glasses.......... $23.00
With 4 Glasses.......... $20.50
Pint Size with 2 Glasses.......... $14.50
Quart Jug Without Glasses or Stand.......... $8.00
Pint Jug.......... $6.50
BON BON STANDS—Prince's Silver Plate Rack Holding 3 Coalport China Small Dishes, One Above the Other.......... $8.00
SANDWICH STANDS—Same as Above but Larger, with 3 Dishes $11.25

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Second Floor — TRUNKS, MOTORITIES, GLASS & METAL NOVELTIES, SADDLERY.

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World's Greatest Leather Stores, Agents Throughout the World
Up-town { 210 Fifth Avenue Near 26th Street
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CATCH AUTOIST WHO KILLED DR. BENDER

Without a Clue Detectives Find Racing Car That Sped On and Men Who Were in It.

FIVE OUT ON JOY RIDE

William H. Babcock Was Driving William Hartfield's Car Without Permission—Clever Detective Work.

Without a clue three detectives of the Brooklyn department ran down and arrested yesterday afternoon a chauffeur who drove over and killed Dr. Herman P. Bender of Williamsburg late Monday night and sped away without being identified and leaving no trace. The arrest was made within twelve hours after the accident happened.

Dr. Bender was returning home at 11:45 P. M. after he had brought a new life into the world. He had alighted from a Manhattan bound Broadway car at Willoughby Avenue and Broadway, Brooklyn, a block from his home, when he was struck by a fast-moving racing automobile.

When the police arrived there were many versions of the disappearance of a low, long, gray automobile of high horse power. Four persons were found who could give a comparatively accurate account of the accident. Two of them, Charles Dietz and William H. Macholdt, both of 885 Wiloughby Avenue, were friends of Dr. Bender. They said that the figures 3 and 7 were to be seen in the rear, but they differed as to their arrangement. Motorman William Wilson and Conductor John Mooney, in charge of the car from which Dr. Bender had stepped, also said that they had seen these two figures. There were none who saw other figures because the tail lamp was extinguished. All agreed that the automobile was gray and of the racing type. A broken oil cup was found on the street.

With this scanty information, Acting Capt. Thomas Tunney, in charge of the Williamsburg detectives, an experienced Central Office man, and two assistants, Leonard J. Woodle and George E. Patton, both detailed at the Hamburg Avenue Police Station, began at about 1 A. M. the search for the racing automobile and its driver.

They began by visiting all the saloons in Broadway, Brooklyn, between the scene of the accident and Ridgewood. In a saloon at the corner of Gates Avenue and Broadway they learned that five young men, occupants of a gray racing car, had ordered drinks there about 11 o'clock the night before.

Boasted of Their Speed.

"They boasted that no cop in Brooklyn could catch them after once they got start in Broadway," the saloon keeper said. "One of the young fellows said that he was good for ninety-five miles an hour with the car which he had standing outside my saloon."

From Gates Avenue to East New York there were traces of the same five men in almost every saloon visited. In front of a saloon at Putnam Avenue and Broadway the detectives really hit the trail. A young man told them that he had seen a racing car with five men in it stopping at that corner at about 10 P. M., and he said that he had taken particular notice of it, and that he distinctly remembered that the first two figures in its number were 16.

Acting Capt. Tunney thereupon telephoned to Albany and got a list of twenty automobiles whose license numbers began with 16, and which answered the general description gathered up to this time, while the other detectives continued their search for evidence in Broadway.

Quizzing the young man at the corner of Broadway and Putnam Avenue further, they learned that one of the occupants of the racing car had answered to the name of "Lorne." Thereafter they asked for "Lorne" wherever they met a group of idlers. A saloon keeper at Whitman Avenue and Broadway added the information that a "Billy" and a "Charlie" as well as "Lorne" had ordered drinks in his saloon earlier in the night. From one of the men in that saloon the detectives learned that "Lorne" was Lawrence Birmingham, whose father owned a garage in McDonough Street near Saratoga Avenue. The detectives went there.

They Find an Address.

They were disappointed in finding that the garage had changed ownership. The watchman said that he knew young Birmingham, but did not know his address. An old man who was sweeping the garage floor said that Birmingham lived in Halsey Street, near Evergreen Avenue.

The three detectives rang the bell at every door in Halsey Street between Evergreen Avenue and Central Avenue. At 1,124 Halsey Street a man who said his name was Birmingham answered the doorbell. That was about 5 A. M.

"You were in the car which ran over a man in Willoughby Avenue," said Tunney, addressing young Birmingham, who was in pajamas.

"Not me," said Birmingham, "I was in bed all night."

After close questioning he admitted being one of five men in an automobile. When asked who the other men were he said at first that he thought that two of them answered to the name of Billy and two others to the name of Charlie, but that he could not think of their last names. Finally he yielded and told their names, including the chauffeur's, who, he said, put his employer's car in a garage in Broadway, Manhattan.

The detectives, assured that they were now on the right trail, went to Manhattan and began an inspection of all Broadway garages, starting at Eighth Street. Tunney and Woodle, it was agreed, should remain outside. They equipped themselves with carpenters' rules, and whenever Patton entered a garage they busied themselves measuring the sidewalk with their rules. Thus they hoped to avoid all suspicion. Detective Patton was dressed as a laborer. He wore no outer shirt and his undershirt was visible where his coat did not cover his body. He had a long growth of beard, and this was of good service to him in his rôle of tool and die maker.

No trace of a low, long, racing automobile was found in any of the Broadway garages up to the noon hour. The detectives had not missed a single one and they felt reasonably certain that Birmingham had told them the truth.

At the Right Garage.

At Broadway and 114th Street Patton entered the Cimiotti garage and asked for employment, as usual. It was about 1 o'clock.

"You'll have to wait till the boss comes back from luncheon," said one of the attendants.

"All right, I'll stick around," replied Patton.

All the time he was watching two men who were diligently reading a newspaper. When he walked nearer to them one of them hid the newspaper behind him and later drew it out again. Patton could also hear them talk in subdued voices.

"I wonder where Billy is," said one of the men. "I wonder if he knows that he's dead."

"This whole thing wants to be hushed up until it blows over," said the other, neither one apparently particular about the tool and dye worker at their side.

In a few minutes "Billy" made his appearance at the garage entrance.

"Up stairs," he said to the two men who greeted him. "I've got something to say to you. Quick."

At their heels went Patton. When he saw them talking in whispered sentences near a low, long, gray, racing automobile on the second floor of the garage, he went to the window and beckoned Tunney and Woodle to come upstairs. When they arrived he went quietly to the trio about the racing car and, pointing out the man they called "Billy," he placed his hand on his shoulder and said:

"I'm a detective and I want you for running down a man in Brooklyn."

The two men with Billy gasped.

"I admit it all," said the man under arrest, according to Detective Patton. "I did run over a man and since I read in the newspapers that he was dead I have been in terrible agony."

Then Patton took the oil cup, which had been found at the scene of the homicide, from his pocket and fitted it to the axle of the racing car. It fitted exactly, having been broken off by the jar when the car hit the doctor. The number on the license tag was 16,545 N. Y., and was one of the numbers furnished by the Secretary of State's office in Albany. Neither the figures 3 or 7 as furnished by the eye witnesses were a part of the number.

The prisoner gave his name as William H. Babcock, 26, of 522 Chauncey Street, Brooklyn. He said that he was a chauffer for William Hartfield, President of the Italian Navigation Company of 24 State Street. Mr. Hartfield was in Europe, but a brother living at 448 Riverside Drive told the detectives that no permission had been given Babcock to take the automobile out on Monday night.

Babcock was locked up in the Hamburg Avenue Police Station on a charge of homicide. He sent word to his young wife that he was detained, and would be home later. He has two daughters, one 4 years and the other 4 months old. According to the detectives, he admitted having been arrested for causing an automobile accident a year ago.

The other men in the Broadway garage when Babcock was arrested were Charles Wilkinson of 509 West 139th Street and Henry Schuppert of West 105th Street, both chauffeurs, Birmingham, being accounted for the fifth man in the automobile at the time Dr. Bender was killed was Charles Judd, Babcock's brother-in-law, living at Jefferson and Reid Avenues, Brooklyn.

MEAT PRICES GOING UP.

The General Movement Attributed to the Increased Cost of Maize.

It was said yesterday that the price of beef and other meats would go up to-day. The prophecy was further made by a representative of one of the large packing houses that prices would continue to go up for several weeks to come. The general increase of prices is attributed to the high price of maize.

The price of fancy native cattle, according to the same authority, was 11½, whereas last week it was 11 to 11¼, and two weeks ago 10 to 10½. The increase, he said, would continue for the next four or five weeks. No comment was made on the fact that retailers, although the wholesale price had been increased only 1 cent a pound on the carcass, were raising the price to the consumer from 2 to 3 cents a pound.

One retailer said that he found it necessary to raise the price of porterhouse steak to 26 cents a pound, sirloin to 24 cents, and prime beef to 20. Round steak is now 20 cents and lamb chops 24 cents. Smoked tongue, which was 23½ last week and 21 cents the week before, is now 26.

Advances in the price of pork loins are also forecasted in the market. The dealers say they are paying 16 to 17 cents a pound for them, whereas last week they paid 10 and 11 cents. It is only a question of time, according to meat dealers, before the prices of lamb and mutton will also go up.

KILLED TWO FOR JEALOUSY.

Rocco Caruso's First Victim Was His Wife, His Second Himself.

Since they were married four months ago, Rocco Caruso's jealously of his 19-year-old wife Anna has been the talk of the tenement at 50 Horatio Street, where they occupied a little rear flat on the fourth floor. Mrs. Philomena Manchetta, the girl's mother, was with her yesterday afternoon when Rocco burst into the house and angrily upbraided his wife for flirting. She denied the charge, and when her mother took her side Caruso ordered the elder woman from the house.

Mrs. Manchetta went, but it was only to the corner of Fourteenth Street and Ninth Avenue, where her husband has a fruit stand. She told him she was afraid for their daughter, and Manchetta accompanied his wife back to Caruso's home.

They found the door locked and the keyhole stuffed with paper. They pried the wadding out and peered through. Through the keyhole they could see only a limited range of the flat, but their view included the threshhold between the bedroom and the kitchen. There on the floor lay Anna.

The parents rushed downstairs and got Policeman Sullivan of the Charles Street Station and Detectives Boyle and Campbell. They ran up and broke in the door of the Caruso flat. They found the young husband unconscious on the floor in the parlor. In his hand was a revolver. He was shot through the right temple. The girl was shot in the left cheek and in the left temple. She, too, was senseless.

Father Kiernan came from St. Bernard's Church in Fourteenth Street and administered the last rites to the couple, whom he had married in his own church. Both were dead before Dr. McGowan arrived from St. Vincent's Hospital.

Leo Pick Dies of His Wound.

Leo Pick, 37 years old, a member of the firm of Pick Brothers, pearl button manufacturers at 529 Broadway, who shot himself in the head Monday afternoon outside the door of his office, died yesterday morning in St. Vincent's Hospital.

MAKE FIRST ARREST FOR NEGRO BURNING

Police Take an Electrician Into Custody for Lynching at Coatesville, Penn.

MORE ARRESTS TO FOLLOW

Prisoner's Admissions as to Those Concerned in Negro's Death Involve Many of His Fellow-Townsmen.

COATESVILLE, Penn., Aug. 15.—The first arrest in connection with the burning of the negro, Zack Walker, here on Sunday night was made to-night when Kennedy Boyd, a lineman in the employ of the Chester Valley Electric Company, was taken into custody.

Boyd, who is 30 years old, came here from Westchester about two months ago. He was sent for by the police and taken to headquarters in an automobile to be questioned, as were many others during the day. Under the severe cross-examination, it is alleged, he admitted enough to warrant his arrest. It is said that he gave the names of a number of others who will also be arrested.

Special to The New York Times.

COATESVILLE, Penn., Aug. 15.—After a night the perfect quiet of which was broken only by the clatter of the State Constabulary patrolling the streets, the town has gone through another orderly day without so much as a spark of the mob spirit which flared up Sunday night, when Zack Walker was dragged from the Coatesville Hospital and burned at the stake because he killed Detective Edgar Rice. Early this morning the county authorities, Sheriff F. Golder and District Attorney Gawthrop, came over from Westchester and continued the investigation they initiated the day before.

The method of investigation has been simple, and yet some of the people who were in the mob of Sunday night were not prepared to meet it. The Sheriff and District Attorney retired early in the morning, to the council room, which is on the floor above the little town lockup. They were closeted there all day with the Chief of Police.

From there, as they learned the name of a man who was seen in the front ranks on Sunday night, they would send for him, and Mr. Gawthrop would put him through a running fire of questions. Men of all sorts, mill workers, friends of Rice, and scores of the young men of the town were singled out and questioned in this fashion. One witness would mention a name often unintentionally, and before he had finished his story a policeman would rush off to get the one named and bring him to the lockup in the automobile that was kept standing outside all day for this work of rounding up the men who might have stories to tell. Often a man would be close-mouthed at first, but when he was told that friends had admitted this or that he would talk with considerable frankness.

It is known that there are several men against whom the authorities have already collected damaging evidence, and that by their own stories at least five have seriously implicated themselves. What they told the District Attorney amounted to virtual confessions, and it is understood that warrants for these men have already been issued in Westchester.

Unless the unexpected happens, the District Attorney does not want these warrants, and others that will be sworn out, served for several days to come. The big employers of the town have told the authorities that they do not want action taken until their men have had time to quiet down. There is a general sentiment that the matter should hang fire until after the funeral of Edgar Rice on Thursday morning, and besides these considerations Mr. Gawthrop wants to make all the arrests at one time. His inquiries for to-day came to a close this evening at 7 o'clock, and will be continued to-morrow morning. He is by no means satisfied that his list of the names of the ringleaders is complete. A story that went the rounds to-day had it that a local policeman was one of the masked men who led in Sunday night's work, but Mr Gawthrop says he has no evidence to that effect, although he had heard the story.

The warrants will be served in the daytime, and the task will be performed by the members of Troop C of the State Constabulary, as much to spare the local police the unpleasantness of arresting their lifelong acquaintances, as for any reason. The troopers will be here for several days, although many of the townspeople resent their presence in the streets. The resentment is mingled with the general feeling of pride in the constabulary that is shared with the whole State.

The fifteen troopers here under Capt. Cecil Wilhelm have made a profound impression. They appear very formidable, as they file by on horseback, with their gray sombrero hats, their uniforms of dark gray whip cloth, their black puttees, their .38-calibre revolvers, and their long business-like clubs. They are not big men, but wiry, and they have an air of supreme indifference to mobs or anything else. All night long they patrolled the streets, particularly in the negro sections, where rumor had it that an outbreak was brewing. When the troopers rode into town last night, a few street corner groups clapped their appreciation of the military showing.

"You know, we usually get bricks," was the surprised comment of one of the troopers.

The inquest into the death of the negro was held by 'Squire Myers, the Deputy Coroner, to-night. This was a mere matter of form. The jury had before it no evidence, and called no witnesses. It had simply "viewed the remains" and come to the conclusion that the negro had been burned by persons unknown to the jury.

"I consider the mob violence of Sunday night a blot on the fair escutcheon of Chester County," said the Coroner officially. He added confidentially, "and I'll be glad when I'm shut of them bones."

Coatesville is annoyed that the outside world does not emphasize the fact that the burning of Walker took place, not in this township, but in East Fallowfield, a district made up largely of farms, and this despite the fact that the immense crowd that attended the lynching was composed almost entirely of Coatesville people. The councilmen began their resolution by pointing out that the "dastardly crimes" were committed "contiguous to and adjoining" Coatesville.

"That the general temper of the people of Coatesville is peace-loving and law abiding," observes The Coatesville Record to-day, "was proved beyond doubt last night when in this stupendous crisis the eyes of an entire Nation were turned upon the town. False reports that the community would yet defy the law were circulated broadcast, and State Constables were hurried here to quell an imaginary riot, and yet there was not a murmur. In no other manner could the people of the town so forcibly demonstrate to the people of the Nation at large that Coatesville is not responsible for what was done outside her borders in the heat of inhuman frenzy Sunday night."

There have been many resolutions passed. The business men of the town condemned the lynching. At a special meeting the Brandywine Fire Company, of which Rice was a member, has deplored the action of the mob, and the three County Commissioners of West Chester have offered $500 reward for the arrest and conviction of those who led that mob.

The funeral of Edgar Rice is to be held Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. He will be buried in the old Hephzibah burying ground.

Members of the fire company are to be the pallbearers, and the police patrol is to carry the flowers to the grave. It is believed that almost all Coatesville will go to the funeral. Already a fund for his widow and their three children has been started.

NEGRO'S SLAYER FREED.

Rhodesia Mining Engineer Shot Native Who Insulted Daughter.

SALISBURY, Rhodesia, Aug. 15.—Samuel Lewis, a prominent mining engineer of Bulawayo, who shot and killed a native who had insulted the engineer's daughter, was to-day acquitted of a charge of murder. Hearty cheers greeted the announcement of the verdict.

In the first trial yesterday the jury disagreed, but it took to-day's jurors only ten minutes to set the prisoner free.

VOLCANO KILLS AMERICAN.

Rev. John Hall, a Missionary, Victim of an Eruption in Japan.

TOKIO, Aug. 15.—Asama Yama, the volcano in the Island of Hondo, was in eruption this morning.

A large party of foreigners, including Americans, who were stopping at Karuizawa Shin, a popular resort nearby, ascended the mountain during the night and after narrowly escaping death from the fumes from the crater some of them were injured by falling stones. One of the Americans later succumbed to his injuries. He was the Rev. John Hall, a Presbyterian missionary.

Two Japanese have also died from injuries suffered in the eruption. Several Japanese students are missing.

The Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church in the United States has as a missionary at Kumakayama and Tenabe, Japan, the Rev. J. B. Hall and at Tsu-Ise the Rev. J. E. Hall.

DOG POLICE ARE TOO NOISY.

Parkville Residents Complain of Their Barking So They Will Be Sent Away.

When the police dogs were first sent to Parkville a year ago the residents of that section were overjoyed. Choice titbits were left out on which the dogs might regale themselves on their midnight patrol, for the residents were certain that burglars would no longer find their section a pleasant one in which to work.

The dogs made good records, helped to make many arrests, and kept burglaries at a minimum, but nevertheless complaints are being sent to the Board of Health of the noise made by their barking. That which was once music to their ears now disturbs their slumbers.

Commissioner Waldo on hearing of the matter announced that the dogs would be transferred to Staten Island, where folks are asking for additional protection.

Commissioner Waldo said yesterday that the dogs were all well trained in police work, but no way had been found to keep them from barking.

Girl Killed Trying to Get a Kite.

Yetta Keyman, 20 years old, of 825 Bradford Street, Brooklyn, attempted yesterday to free the kite of a boy friend from a wash line. The wash line broke and she fell from the third floor to the yard, being killed instantly.

MIGUEL GOMEZ CONFESSES.

Admits He Tried to Kill Editor—Indications That Others Aided Him.

HAVANA, Aug. 15.—Miguel Gomez, a son of President Gomez, and Congressman Armando Andres, editor of El Dia, an anti-administration newspaper, the principals in last night's impromptu pistol duel, were arrested early to-day.

The exchange of bullets took place at the Café Cosmopolita, adjoining the Hotel Inglaterra, in the most fashionable section of the city. Andres was at supper when young Gomez alighted from a palace coach and entered the café. Both men emptied their revolvers, but neither the principals nor of any the spectators was wounded.

Gomez appeared badly frightened when taken to the police station, and at first attempted to deny his identity. Then he declared that he had no recollection of the shooting. Finally he broke down and, weeping, confessed, according to the police, that he had attempted to assassinate Andres in revenge for the latter's editorial attacks upon his father and himself.

Andres is a bitter opponent politically of President Gomez and recently established El Dia, which has since conducted an energetic campaign against the administration and also assailed the personal integrity of the Chief Executive. The paper has also made some slighting remarks concerning young Gomez, who recently returned from London, where he was sent as Special Attaché to the Cuban Legation for the coronation of King George. Recently the statement had been freely made that Miguel Gomz went heavily armd and that the editor's life was in danger.

Following his arrest, Andres made a sworn statement in which he set forth that Gomez had opened fire upon him without warning. He returned the fire, he said, in self-defense.

When searched the President's son was found to be armed with two automatic revolvers of the heaviest calibre. The magazine of one of these had been emptied, and when the owner was seized the barrel of the weapon was still hot. Both of the prisoners were subsequently released on bail.

The duel is the absorbing subject of discussion in all public places. The opinion is freely and generally expressed that Miguel Gomez deliberately planned the assassination of the editor, thinking thereby to put a stop to the criticism of his father's administration. The opponents of President Gomez declare that it is now perfectly plain that the President was fully committed to a policy of terrorism and assassination, which began with the shooting of Gen. Pino Guerra when the then commander of the Cuban Army was leaving the Presidential Palace on the night of last Oct. 22.

El Dia asserts that many friends accompanying young Gomez fired on the editor, indicating that the President's son was the leader of a band of assassins. Color is given to this theory by the fact that the walls of the Café Cosmopolita and the front of the adjacent building show bullet marks greatly exceeding in number the shots that could possibly have been fired by one man.

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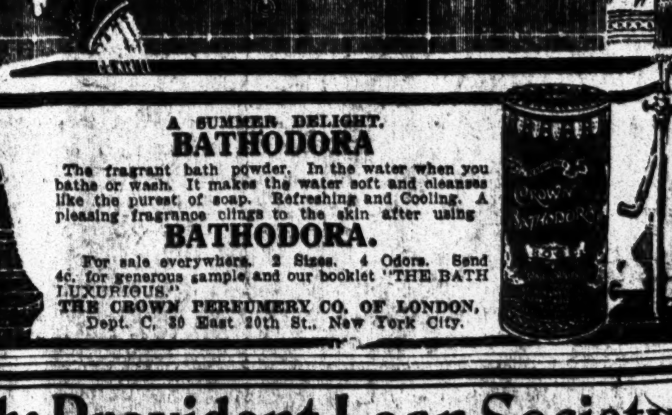

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Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Publication Office..........Times Square
Downtown..........15 Beekman Street
Wall Street..........2 Rector Street
Harlem..........263 West 125th Street
Bronx..........149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn..........343 Fulton Street
Long Island City..........47 Vernon Av.
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Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 16, 1911.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them in any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month, Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.

AN UNTRAMMELED JUDICIARY.

One of the best American State papers that we can recall was sent to the House of Representatives yesterday by President TAFT giving his reasons for disapproving the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as States. These reasons relate wholly to the provision in the Constitution of Arizona for the recall of Judges by popular vote. Since Arizona and New Mexico were coupled in the same resolution, Mr. TAFT was required to deal with both at once, though the Constitution of the latter is not objectionable.

The President brushes aside all narrow considerations and bases his action on the broad ground of the Executive responsibility in the enactment of laws as to which "my discretion," he remarks, "is equal to that of Congress."

We cannot without injustice to the document summarize the argument of the President. His message is one that every citizen should read, ponder, and inwardly digest. It is very comprehensive, soberly stated, clear, simple, and practical. It includes, of course, the President's view of the functions of the judiciary, the utility of those functions, the conditions in which they should be performed, and the effect of their performance on the general welfare. His large experience on the bench, his eminence as a lawyer and a Judge, give to this part of the message a value and authority that it would be hard to match in the country. Still more valuable, however, is his masterly analysis of the real nature of popular government as it is provided for by constitutional law in the various States of the Union. Here in relatively few words, but with real amplitude, he defines the purposes of government, the principles underlying our method of government, and the actual rights and duties of the citizen in a democratic community. Take this passage:

> In a popular government the laws are made by the people—not by all the people, but by those supposed and declared to be competent for the purpose, as males over 21 years of age, and not by all of these, but by a majority of them only. Now, as the Government is for all the people, and is not solely for a majority of them, the majority in exercising control either directly or through its agents is bound to exercise power for the benefit of the minority as well as the majority. * * * A popular government is not a government of a majority, by a majority, for a majority of the people. It is a government of the whole people, by a majority of the whole people under such rules and checks as will secure a wise, just, and beneficent government for all the people. It is said you can always trust the people to do justice. If that means all the people, and they all agree, you can. But ordinarily they do not all agree, and the maxim is interpreted to mean that you can always trust a majority of the people. This is not invariably true; and every limitation imposed by the people upon the power of the majority in their Constitutions is an admission that it is not always true. No honest, clear-headed man, however great a lover of popular government, can deny that the unbridled expression of the majority of a community converted hastily into law or action would sometimes make a government tyrannical and cruel. Constitutions are checks upon the hasty action of the majority. They are the self-imposed restraints of a whole people upon a majority of them to secure sober action and a respect for the rights of the minority, and of the individual in his relation to other individuals, and in his relation to the whole people in their character as a State or Government.

No more pregnant statement of the nature of a popular government, and of the essential provisions for securing the union of liberty and justice under popular government, is known to us. The application of these principles to the case in hand, the description of the actual system of recall for Judges included in the Arizona Constitution, and of the specific ways in which this system is sure to operate, are as admirable as the general statement. We print the message in full, and we earnestly urge our readers to study it candidly and carefully, especially those who may have found in the notion of recall a manifestation of the spirit of liberty. They can hardly fail to find in it, on the contrary, provision for the worst form of denial of just liberty.

THE TROUBLE IN CUBA.

The situation in Cuba is disquieting if not actually alarming. A strong opposition to the Administration of President GOMEZ has manifested itself, and there is a chance that he may not be able to hold office until the time fixed by law for the next elections, a year hence. The election of Mr. GOMEZ was accomplished immediately after the withdrawal of the protectorate of the United States, and was orderly. The new President took office when the affairs of the country seemed in a most promising condition, and the first half of his term was passed peacefully. But for a year or more the air has been full of rumors of dissatisfaction, charges of "graft" and worse have been freely made, and latterly the trouble has increased.

The people of the United States have been hoping that no further intervention in the affairs of the West Indian republic by their Government would be called for. This hope still prevails, and there is no present prospect of any interference from Washington. Secretary KNOX has lately given official assurance of that fact. There are warships of our navy in adjacent waters which could be dispatched to Havana in case of any outbreak that threatened life and property, but at this moment there are no signs of civil war, and the business men of Cuba will certainly do all in their power to bring about the settlement of political disputes without revolution.

The exchange of pistol shots in a public place between the President's son and an editor who has been hostile to the Administration, however, is not reassuring. The charges that the attempted assassination of Gen. PINO GUERRA last year was instigated by the President were generally discredited in this country and among sober-minded people in Cuba. But the murderous attempt of young GOMEZ has inevitably revived the charges. It would be a great pity if the Cuban attempt at self-government should fail. The best interests of the republic would be served if its intelligent citizens would combine to enforce the settlement of political dissensions at the polls and to sustain the present Administration until the legally prescribed end of its term.

RIDING THE WHIRLWIND.

With the troops charging with bayonets and volleying over the heads of the British mobs, sanity returns even to the leaders. Probably they never intended what has occurred, and it is sure that the control of the situation has passed from them. TOM MANN, we read, is "counseling orderly tactics," after arson and pillage and mobbing of the law-abiding portions of the community at will have been indulged in by the mobs. The violence was to be all against the scabs and the capitalists whom labor had outlawed. Having taken the club in hand, and having received bullets in return, the leaders turn thoughtful and appeal for sympathy for the laboring men ground under the heel of those who give the greatest boon man can have, work, and ask only an honest return for wages paid.

There is no hardness of heart in contending that society has a right to protect itself against those who start processes of which they cannot see the end. Society at its worst, and including capitalism in the reckoning, lacks the viciousness of labor toward itself, not to mention its malice toward society. Society seldom turns its back on the man who is willing to work, and never clubs him away from the means of support of his dependents. Never is there a strike in which labor does not do these things, and this one is only the latest example of such brutality. The very object of the strike, overlooking all the ruffianism, is the prevention of the willing worker from taking the jobs the employers wish to give. "Only union men are to be employed." Are these unionists, of a family with all unionists in every land, the aristocracy of labor? Are they a majority of labor? They are merely the organized minority and are guilty of all the offenses alleged against capitalists. They demand shorter hours in the name of humanity. They limit production and do their best to restrict the numbers of the working class. They "make work" by not earning their wages, on the theory that if the divisor is kept small the dividend to be apportioned among the unions will be larger individually. As for labor outside the union, it may starve if it survives its clubbings. When every demand is granted, and laws are made to suit the occasion, then plighted faith is broken. Trade agreements are observed only by the employers. In the words of our own London dispatch:

> "If these agreements are not adhered to," say the employers, "how can we negotiate with trades unions, which have no control over their members? Organized capital can come to terms with organized labor, but against anarchy we have no course left but to fight."

There is too much of truth and too little of novelty in this experience, which is characteristic of many modern happenings. The war on business on this side the water is marked by many of the excesses and surprises which attend this memorable British strike. In both cases the beauty of the language used, and the elevation of thought employed, are worthy of the pulpit, in fact, more worthy of the pulpit than the market place. Too late many reformers learn that they can unloose forces which they cannot control, and find themselves betrayed into policies and positions which they cannot defend. Thus we now see unionism at its worst, invoking the strong hand which it defied, asserting conditions of employment which are sordid and selfish in the highest degree, and yet are professed in the name of benevolence to humanity. It is the misuse of a great opportunity, and the repulse of social sentiments never more kindly disposed toward labor. Society demands efficiency, and the unions array themselves against efficiency. This week there is a strike in the Government arsenal at Watertown because efficiency experts have reported that the men take double the time that is necessary for work. Why do not the unions adopt the efficiency system as their own, and promise greater product for a greater wage? Why is not the union card a guarantee of capacity? Why do not the unions offer some of the benefits realized by the capitalist trusts, which must produce fruits worthy for their survival lest they fall into insolvency or illegality? Do the unions fancy that society will protect itself against the capitalist trust and not against the labor trust, when the case is ripe against either? There is still time for the unions to be what they profess to be, and to give beneficent direction to their activities, in which case they will receive all the support they shall deserve on public grounds.

OUR SOCIALIST CONSTITUTION.

Out in Milwaukee, the only place where Socialism is practiced and recognized, they have given our Federal Constitution an almost clean bill of health. When Socialism "comes in" it may come under the Constitution. We have City Attorney HOAN's word for it that the bill of rights is in that document:

> The right to trial by jury, the right to vote, security in your homes—all these are in the Constitution and would not have to be changed. The bill of rights is the law of the people, and will remain the same under a Socialistic Government.

After Socialism is our rule of reason only one-tenth of the Constitution will need to be altered. This is comforting; more so, in fact, than the warning that Socialism may become Constitutional sooner than we expect and in the very manner proposed by a high authority, who may be surprised that some consider him a Socialist. The manner in which the necessary one-tenth of the Constitution is to be amended is not by the method adopted in the case of the troublesome income tax, now suspended betwixt and between, like Mahomet's coffin. We are to have Socialism constitutionally and all at once by this simple method: "Get a Socialist, make him a good lawyer, and elect him Judge. That is one way to get the Constitution properly interpreted." At present it would be necessary to get the other eight Judges to agree with the Socialist Judge, but perhaps a Socialist Congress could fix that up some way.

We are sure that more than one of our readers will feel a thrill of reminiscence as they read Attorney HOAN's remarks. Where in the world did they first hear propounded that way of amending the Constitution? Unfortunately, more will have a reminiscence of this short cut to happiness than of the remarks upon it of the Supreme Court after it was solemnly propounded with all the prestige official authority could give it.

THE BAGGAGE SMASHER.

The handlers of trunks who wantonly destroy them are never in much danger of punishment, as one of our readers pointed out in a communication printed on this page yesterday. It is difficult, in fact generally impossible, to say when and where your baggage was smashed. That great accumulations of heavy trunks are handled with care and dispatch in the railway terminals of the large cities every traveler knows, or should know, by personal observation. The trunks are broken by ill-treatment at rural stations and in the process of transfer. A suit against a railroad company will not lie unless one can state positively the place and the time of the act for which he seeks remuneration.

A traveler is rarely privileged to see his own trunk demolished. He frequently sees the unidentifiable baggage of others thrown recklessly from wagons or tumbled from the tops of huge piles with seemingly a deliberate attempt to damage it as much as possible. Perhaps if eyewitnesses of such infamy would take notes, giving time and place, something might be done with the accumulated testimony. Such persons would be liable to the charge of meddling, which is always objectionable. We do not pretend to say how railroad and express officers would treat their altruistic efforts.

We sadly fear that the baggage smasher is immune from detection and punishment. The people who travel without trunks, and bark the shins of fellow-travelers with their innumerable valises and suitcases, which they carry in passenger cars not provided with receptacles for them, are wiser than they who feel the need of plenty of changes of raiment in their vacation tours. The baggage-smashing season is almost at its height now, and, from recent observation, we are inclined to believe that it will prove more damaging than usual to portable property.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Saving Is Not Everything. Commissioner THOMPSON's anxious appreciation of what a water famine would mean to New York, and his solicitude to prevent as many wasteful uses of our present scanty stock as possible, are, of course, entirely commendable. One could wish, however, that his alarm over an unquestionably serious situation had impelled him as strongly toward positive as toward negative measures for relieving it—that he had been, in other words, as eager to utilize betimes any one or all of several available sources of new supply as he is to indicate [illegible] one after another of the troubles and inconveniences which a real famine would bring.

In case of necessity these woes would be borne with some approach to patience, but nobody likes to suffer needlessly and noises louder than murmurings are sure to be heard if the Commissioner finds himself, a few months from now, compelled to carry out his latest threat. That threat is so to reduce the pressure on the mains that water will not flow above first floors and will have to be laboriously carried to those above.

He speaks of this as a device to make people stop taking baths, but that would be the least calamitous of its consequences. Indeed, the cessation of baths, as washing, would not be one of its consequences at all, since perfect cleanliness can be achieved and maintained by the use of a few quarts of water a day, and to carry that upstairs would be a small matter. To fill a big tub with water is the luxury of bathing, not its necessity, and though deprivation of that privilege would be keenly felt by many, they couldn't pose very successfully as martyrs if that were all their grievance.

Present-day houses, however, become absolutely uninhabitable when their supply of water is cut off, or even materially decreased, and it is these graver needs that the carrying out of the Commissioner's plan would make it in most instances nearly impossible to meet. After he had done it, moreover, the people by whom the biggest baths are oftenest taken could continue them if they chose, for they live, for the most part, in houses to the top of which water is carried by private pumps in the basements. Lowering of the pressure would affect them comparatively little; it is in the tenements and the cheaper flats that the real dangers and sufferings would come.

At this late day the Commissioner, after lending a deaf ear to the proposed Ten-Mile River scheme, talks of resorting to it. Had his change of heart come two or three months ago the future would have no terrors for us.

No Palliating Features Discoverable. Later news from Coatesville in no degree mitigates the atrocity of the lynching which took place there Sunday evening. On the contrary, the fuller information now available shows that the torturing of the miserable negro was done with the full consent, and with something close to the full approval, not of a small group of lawless ruffians such as could be collected in any town as large as Coatesville, but of the town's officials and of its inhabitants as a whole.

The officials knew what was going to happen and made no attempt to prevent it. What they did, or failed to do, laid them open, indeed, to the suspicion of deliberately making safe and easy the work of the lynchers. Among the "better citizens"—a phrase which doubtless means those who live in the larger houses—there are now some mild expressions of regret that the town has become an object of criticism, but these better citizens are doing no more at present in the way of bringing the lynchers to justice than they did Sunday night in the way of protest against, or interference with, the infliction of a barbarous vengeance.

There seems to prevail in Coatesville, too, a general belief that the lynching has been explained, and excused if not justified, when the virtues and popularity of the man whom the negro killed have been mentioned. WALKER might have escaped with nothing more than a legal hanging had he selected a less liked victim. The logical inference from this curious plea in defence of the mob is that if the negro had shot an unpopular man he would not have been punished at all—would perhaps himself have been rewarded with popularity.

The mysterious part of the affair is the failure of the men who captured the negro to shoot or hang him at once. They could have justified that easily enough, as he was armed, desperate and dangerous. His captors restrained themselves, however, and showed their respect for the law by turning over to the proper authorities the prisoner they had taken at the risk of their own lives. These men might reasonably have been expected to resist the mob and to save their town from disgrace. One can at least hope that none of them had a part in the burning.

Trying a Delicate Experiment. "Women first" is an excellent saying, but as it is a privilege rather than a right, a matter of manners rather than of law, there is some difficulty in seeing where the policemen at the Brooklyn Bridge entrance get their authority for forcing the crowds waiting there for street cars to recognize any claim to seats other than that given by prior occupancy.

We are not condemning the new rule. It seems to work well, as, of course, it would if it worked at all, but just the same the wise policeman will use exhortation rather than force in maintaining the pretty distinction.

Probably exhortation will be enough in the vast majority of cases. The average of decent intention is fairly high in any New York crowd not distinctly criminal, and its bad manners are due more to thoughtlessness and haste than to innate brutality.

The experiment at the bridge is full of interest, and it is far from impossible that the example set there may be the beginning of a reform the effects of which will relieve New York of the harshest criticism directed against it by either outlanders or hinterlanders.

CANADA AND PORTO RICO.

The President's Bill Popular in the Island.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

President Taft's success with the Canadian Reciprocity bill has indeed been a piece of popular legislation for Porto Ricans.

This is the time of year that the local jobber and wholesale buyer of salt fish make their annual trip to New Brunswick, Halifax, and Canadian waters to make their contracts for the ensuing year, so that the passage of this bill at this particular time simplifies matters for large fish buyers.

Over 60 per cent. of the people of this island are large consumers of codfish, herring, and salmon, and fully three-fourths of the salt fish imported here comes from Canadian waters, consequently the cutting out of the tariff on this class of commodities will cheapen the price to the consumer, and enable the local dealers, who buy large consignments, to count on a more staple market.

Lumber dealers here are also rejoicing, for the splendid yellow pine, spruce, and hemlock of Canada will now sell cheaper, and enable consumers to make improvements long since contemplated, but practically prohibited by the excessive price of all kinds of lumber. The majority of home-grown timber here is not adapted for building or finishing purposes, and hence we are absolutely dependent upon imported wood of all sizes and kinds. Little sympathy is wasted on the dealers of Mobile, Ala., who made a good thing out of the necessities of the Porto Rican consumer for all kinds of finished and rough lumber. The representatives of these Alabama dealers have splurged in great style here on our island, and between their large salaries and big expense accounts must have cost their different companies quite a penny, which of course the consumer in Porto Rico has eventually to settle for.

WILLIAM J. BARR.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Aug. 8, 1911.

A FRIEND OF STOVER

Thinks the Parks of Paris Are Run on Right Lines.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I don't like to rush into print, but I get so exasperated at reading the letters of those persons who are all the time carping at what they consider Park Commissioner Stover's loose administration of the parks that I am moved to say a word on his side, though I believe, with those who count, he doesn't need it. What do those critics think a park is for, anyway? Time was when to go to the park was to do nothing but sit on a bench, mostly in the sun, with your feet on the warm asphalt, and look stupidly at passing pedestrians or rolling vehicles, while a little way off waved the trees, and the cool grass invited you—to keep off. Very pretty to look at, but offering no rest and refreshment to the tired spirit.

In Paris the parks seem to be given over freely to the use of the people. I recollect well in the Luxembourg Gardens seeing the family groups, happily sitting wherever they liked. True, there was not much grass, but over their heads the leaves fluttered and they were as peacefully let alone as if the park had been their own private domain. True, there was no litter of paper and boxes, for the French have an innate sense of neatness and propriety quite unknown to the unhomogeneous population that makes such a large percentage of our working class population. But with care and some stringency these foreigners can be trained to see the value of neatness in using the park spaces. It has been tried, with success, I believe, at the Zoological Gardens, where a couple of Summers ago the Director instituted a rule in regard to the careless throwing about of paper, &c.

Commissioner Stover has the correct idea of the purposes of a park. Let the people use it. Those who want to have the park a place to be looked at only can go to the Metropolitan Museum and see plenty of painted and undisturbed landscapes.

BERTHA EGER.

New York, Aug. 14, 1911.

HIGH PRICES FOR FRUIT.

Producer Declares the Middlemen's Profit Is Excessive.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with interest the letter of your correspondent, "A Lover of Apples," in THE TIMES of Aug. 9. I have before me a copy of "The Producers' Price-Current," a sheet of market quotations for produce, published in New York and distributed by produce commission merchants to their shippers. I quote from the issue of Aug. 10: "Apples in liberal supply and with demand light, market ruled very weak, fancy Michigan, Duchess of Oldenburg selling at $2 to $2.25, but $2 about top price from other sections and outside quotations are extreme on other varieties." Dessert apples, such as Sweet Bough and Nyack Pippin, sell wholesale at $1.25 to $2, and cooking varieties, Alexander, Oldenburg, Gravenstein, &c., at $1.25 to $2.25 per standard barrel of 100 quarts dry measure. The writer shipped recently some fancy Oldenburgs which brought $1.62½ per barrel, netting 88¼ cents after paying freight, cartage, commission and the cost of the packing.

If apples are now retailing at such prices as your correspondent intimates there is certainly an Ethiopian concealed in that particular woodpile, and he is closely related to that other bugaboo, the "high cost of living."

The statistics published by B. F. Yoakum as to the prices paid by consumers and received by producers of various kinds of produce show clearly that the cost of marketing, or, in other words, the middlemen's profit, is excessive. The usual solution offered for this problem, namely, the formation of marketing organizations, would undoubtedly bring producer and consumer more closely together and result to their mutual profit and satisfaction. Cheaper transportation of small packages (by parcels post or otherwise) also has a bearing on the question. Only prolonged agitation of these matters, however, will bring results.

PRODUCER.

Athens, N. Y., Aug. 14, 1911.

Attacks on Business.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article in last Tuesday's issue, entitled "War on Business," is decidedly to the point, and but the beginning, I trust, of your efforts to stop this frenzied craze to ruin our business interests. We are at the mercy of a set of politicians whose chief aim seems to be to pose before the public as would-be interpreters of iniquitous laws regardless of consequences. How is it possible for men absolutely without business training—many of them having had but a meagre law experience—how is it possible for such men to frame laws for the benefit of a strictly business community? Members of the House and Senate, supposed to legislate for the general good, force through hasty and ill-advised legislation inimical to every interest which has helped to build up and make this country the great commonwealth it is to-day. In the past we were blessed with a few wise and far-seeing statesmen. To-day the word statesman is unknown in Washington. The main idea of the dominant party, with their allies, headed by "The Pompadour Folly," is a wild desire to play party politics and "put the President in a hole." The mind of the individual Congressman does not extend beyond the limit of his Congressional District.

J. M. DALY.

New York, Aug. 14, 1911.

Racing and Emigration.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The article in your issue of Aug. 13, headed "Europe Gets More American Millions," must be extremely interesting reading to every American interested in the prosperity of our own country, and who looks with disapproval on this constant outpouring of American wealth into foreign pockets. In the list you give of those who are prominent in Summer life in Europe a large majority are persons who in America were regular or occasional patrons of the sport of racing. It would be absurd, of course, to say that they were driven abroad because that sport had been killed in this country, but the absence of this form of Summer gayety in America may have had at least some influence in directing them and their expenditures to other countries. The desertion of our shops and places of Summer resort must add to the feeling of admiration which our merchants already feel for the legislators at Albany who had not the moral courage to refuse to kill racing at the demand of professional and paid religious agitators.

J. S. M.

New York, Aug. 15, 1911.

W. J. Schieffelin on Astor Engagement

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The editorial article in your issue of Aug. 12, concerning the wisdom of the Episcopal Bishops, ignores the chief effect of their protest against the Astor marriage. Society attaches importance to the religious ceremony which recognizes the sacredness of marriage. If no clergyman will perform the ceremony, a social ban will be placed upon the couple. This prospect may make the parents realize that they are sacrificing their daughter for nothing.

Your article suggests that the Episcopal leaders display impotency when they publicly protest against this scandal, because they cannot prevent a civil marriage in another State or a ceremony by a clergyman of another denomination.

My knowledge of the clergy of other communions leads me to assert that in a case such as this, they are also absolutely opposed to giving a religious sanction to the marriage.

WILLIAM JAY SCHIEFFELIN.
President New York Federation of Churches.

Bar Harbor, Me., Aug. 14, 1911.

Israels a Dutch Painter.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your yesterday's paper I read the article "Famous Painter, Josef Israels, Dead."

I was surprised to see again that the German word "Herr" is used for "Sir" instead of the Dutch translation for Sir, which is "Mynheer." Josef Israels was a Dutchman and not a German.

ISIDORE C. VOS.

New York, Aug. 14, 1911.

TO INCREASE WATER SUPPLY.

Mayor Revives the Scheme to Tap Ten-Mile River.

Mayor Gaynor and Water Commissioner Thompson had a long conference yesterday over New York's diminishing water supply. Afterward it was announced from the Mayor's office that it may be necessary to connect the Croton system with Ten-Mile River just beyond the Croton watershed. This is the statement:

> The Mayor and Water Commissioner Thompson had a long consultation to-day about the Croton water supply. It has sunk to 37,000,000,000 of gallons, making a more serious outlook than has existed heretofore. The subject of the conference was whether as a matter of prudence the city should not be connected with the Ten-Mile River as soon as possible. From that source 100,000,000 of gallons a day can be derived. The Mayor and the Commissioner have had the matter under consideration for some time, and it is probable that they will conclude to connect the Croton River with the Ten-Mile River. The cost will be about $1,100,000. The conditions of drought all over the country are so serious that it is impossible to forecast whether the rains here in the Fall will be sufficient to tide us over the Winter.

Both Controller Prendergast and President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen, it is said, are against the city having anything to do with Ten-Mile River on account of the necessity of spending a vast sum of money to adjust the claims of mill owners along the river; but both being in Europe no one would speak for them yesterday.

An official of the Water Department pointed out that the plans of the Mayor and Commissioner Thompson merely provide for a temporary connection with the river so that during the rainy season it could be tapped and its surplus water used. Before anything can be done, however, it was pointed out, permission would have to be obtained from the State of Connecticut, through which the river flows for most of its length. The river touches at Pawling, N. Y., which is seven and one-half miles from the edge of the Croton system. This is the point at which the connection would be made, and the present plan is to erect a pumping station there and lay a steel main near the surface as far as South Dover, Dutchess County, N. Y.

This work could be done in three months, it is said. As the use of the water would mean an infringement on the power rights of Connecticut mill owners it is proposed to submit the matter to a local board of arbitration. Inasmuch as the water would be used only during the wet season, and when there is a surplus greater than the requirements of all the mills, friends of the plan say that there would be little trouble in reaching an agreement. According to an authority in the Water Department, there is still 37,000,000,000 gallons of water available in the Croton system, or enough to last the city eighteen and a half weeks, even without replenishment.

It was said at the offices of the Water Department last night that no information had been received regarding yesterday's rainfall throughout the Croton watershed. The first report on the matter will reach the department his morning.

Up to yesterday the special examiners in the Water Department who have been searching for leaks have made 42,207 examinations and found water going to waste in 29,096 places. Altogether 5,008 persons have been subjected to the $2 fine for refusing to obey the examiners.

BOX BOARD MEN DEMUR.

Attack Indictments as Not Showing Violations of the Sherman Law.

Benjamin I. Ward, Frederick M. Butler, and W. Howard Richardson, indicted as individual members of the Box Board Association, charged with violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Act, demurred yesterday in the United States Circuit Court.

Mr. Ward and Mr. Butler asked for a dismissal of the indictment on the ground that it does not charge a contract, combination in the form of a trust or a conspiracy in restraint of trade within the meaning of the act. They also assert that the matters contained in the indictment do not charge them with any violation of the Sherman law.

Mr. Richardson in his demurrer asserts that he has heard the indictment read and that the acts charged therein are not sufficient in law. He therefore asks to be discharged.

Tenements of New York and Paris.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your article "Expert Calls Our Tenements Worst in the World" and the illustrations thereto you do an injustice to our city. You show the rear of an ordinary tenement when it is at its worst, on washday morning, with the lines filled with the washing and the fire escapes loaded with bedding hung out for an airing, label it "An Upper West Side Tenement, New York—One of the Better Class of Tenements," and by way of contrast show the apparently clean front of "a high tenement in Paris."

As for the article itself, Dr. Pranard says the old-law tenements in New York City are worse than Paris's worst. Does the doctor know the rag pickers' quarter behind Ste. Genevieve? The nearest approach in this city to that foul quarter of Paris was the Bandit's Roost, near the Five Points, and that was wiped out nearly twenty years ago. I spent a week in a tenement house in Rue Cloche Perce, near Rue Rivoli, in the store window of which, they said, stood the statue of Marat, and his speech, in a frame, mentioned by Hugo in his "Ninety-three." A five-story building with a winding stair case and toilets stuck in the angle of the walls along which the stairs ran. A single window in my room opened upon an air shaft well. No fire escapes. The stairs so narrow that two could not pass except sideways.

Knowing housing conditions in New York and in Paris, and in many other cities in the United States and Europe, not from superficial observation, but from the experience of a slum dweller seeking such knowledge of slum life as can be obtained only through such experience, I take the liberty of contradicting the French representative and say we have nothing in New York comparable to the slums of Paris.

MANADOES.

New York, Aug. 13, 1911.

JOSEF ISRAELS: IN MEMORIAM.

(1824-1911.)

When the fisher-folk of the Netherland coast
  On perilous cruises sped,
When the howling wind and the swirling foam
  A message of danger read—
There was one to measure the dread of the sea
  For the helpless women then,
Whose bread was found on the crest of the wave
  By the sturdy fishermen.

There was one to read the cry of the heart,
  As it sobbed to the lonely stone,
On the mound of the man who came no more,
  Who left her all alone—
Alone to the wind and the sea and the storm
  That had claimed their murderous fill;
Alone to the break of the taunting deep
  And a cottage, void and still.

There was one to sound the plumb of despair
  In the wandering martyr race
That flies with the wind in the fearful round
  Of an everlasting chase;
To note the patient shoulder shrug,
  The pathos of mind and eye,
In the form of the man with the mortal wounds,
  Who yet disdains to die.

Be good to the soul of the master, Lord,
  Who limned with a deathless hand,
The woes of the men whose mettle you try—
  The waifs of the sea and the land.
Be good to his artist soul, O Lord,
  For he ate of the bread of tears
And drank from the bitter cup of those
  Who count the leaden years.

ELIAS LIEBERMAN.

LIKELY TO BE A FIGHT ON TRANSFER SYSTEM

Service Commission Gets Indications of Public Opposition to Eight and Ten Cent Rate.

HEARINGS GO OVER A WHILE

Bill for Free Transfers in the Legislature Expected to Pass and Case Will Go to the Courts.

It became evident at a hearing yesterday before the Public Service Commissioner that, whatever action the Commissioners may take, the offer of the street railway companies to exchange among themselves eight and ten-cent transfers will not be accepted by the public without a fight. In the absence of Chairman Willcox and Commissioner Cram and considering the fact that the companies have not completed their mutual arrangements, Commissioners McCarroll, Eustis, and Maltbie adjourned the hearing to Friday at 10 o'clock. Assemblyman Mark Goldberg of the Eighteenth District, however, protested that a further opportunity should be allowed for the expression of the interests and needs of the people.

His own bill compelling the companies to issue free transfers, he pointed out, had already passed the Assembly and is now up for its third reading in the Senate and is likely to be adopted. This would mean, the Assemblyman said, that the question of confiscation would be raised in the courts, and it seemed to him that matter material to the controversy should be placed on the record at once.

Mr. Goldberg accused the companies of trying to fool the public with their eight and ten-cent offer, and declared that it was quite unsatisfactory. He also pointed out that a horse car, apparently belonging to the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, is running at times across the Central Park line at Fifty-ninth Street, and this, he urged, brought the Metropolitan and the Central Park Companies within the provision of the law, which declares that if one company uses the tracks of another for not less than 1,000 feet they must exchange transfers.

William D. Guthrie, counsel for the Bondholders' Committee of the Third Avenue Railroad, moved that Mr. Goldberg's remarks be expunged from the record as not pertinent to the point at issue, but Commissioner McCarroll refused. It was pointed out afterward by the transportation department of the commission that the horse car to which Mr. Goldberg referred really ran on the east and west belt lines of the Central Park Company.

Joseph S. Schwab, who appeared at the general public hearing on July 6 to represent various property owners' associations, asked for a further hearing of the same nature, and the representatives of the street railways present, who included Oren Root, General Manager of the Metropolitan; Edward A. Maher, General Manager of the Third Avenue; Joseph P. Cotton, Jr., counsel for the Metropolitan receivers, and Charles H. Strong, representing the Central Park, North & East River Railroad Company, did not look happy. The July 6 meeting was not a pleasant one for the corporations.

Arthur Du Bois, counsel for the commission, gave the gist of the answers which the companies had sent to the order of the commission to prepare joint routes and rates, and Commissioner Eustis pointed out that no answer had yet been received from the Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Street Line. Mr. Guthrie explained that there was little doubt of the agreement of this road, which is operated with storage battery cars by Frederick W. Whitridge, receiver for the Third Avenue.

The companies are not, however, yet determined as to the length of time during which they should propose that the 8 and 10 cent transfers should be issued or as to the method of the division of the fares. So the adjournment was taken to afford time for the scheme to be brought into better shape.

After the meeting it was learned that the Metropolitan receivers had suggested to Mr. Whitridge that the free transfers now given by companies to points on its own line should be abolished, and that a universal transfer system should be introduced, for which an additional charge of 1 cent over the regular nickel should be made.

Mr. Whitridge, according to Mr. Guthrie, declared against this scheme. It would mean the abolition of 148 free transfer points now operated by the companies in Manhattan, and the public would consider it small compensation to get cent transfers at the 151 points, where none are now issued for having to pay at points that are free.

It was pointed out later at the Public Service Commission meeting that such a proposal as the Metropolitan's abolishing all free transfers would apparently call for a change in the law. The railroad law lays down in its article dealing with street railroads that no corporation shall charge any passenger more than 5 cents for one continuous ride from any point on its road, or on any road, line, or branch, operated by it or under its control, to any other point thereof or any connecting branch thereof within the incorporated limits of any city or village. This seems to force each company to give free transfers over its own system and to preclude the universal one-cent transfer arrangement.

QUEENS GETTING HIGHWAYS.

Force of Men in Hoffman Boulevard and Other Roads Are to be Fixed.

Efforts of the Automobile Club of America, backed by influential residents of New York, with Timothy L. Woodruff leading, to get highways in Queens Borough that are passable to automobiles resulted yesterday in the placing of seventy-five men at work in Hoffman Boulevard and Thomson Avenue. They are to get this thoroughfare in passable condition before the Winter sets in. This is the highway that leads from the Queensboro Bridge in Lond Island City to Nassau County and the country homes of New Yorkers on Long Island.

Borough President Gresser put men to work on the highway, but they would have been unable to finish up the work this year. Controller Prendergast then came to the assistance of the good road advocates and recommended an issue of revenue bonds to hire the extra men.

Borough President Gresser's plan for fixing up another main highway used by all who travel to the north shore of Long Island has raised a storm of protest in Queens. He has planned to pave Broadway in the Flushing section with granite blocks. Residents of Flushing declare that to put granite blocks, which have been discarded everywhere except in the sections in Manhattan where there is the heaviest trucking, on a street in the residential section is folly. President Gresser in reply says he intends to use smooth granite blocks, and these will make as smooth pavement. He is using the blocks to withstand the automobile traffic for ten years.

Vacation and Play Schools Closing.

The twenty-three Vacation Work and Play Schools of the Federation of Churches and Baptist City Mission will close their season next Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Contrary to the usual custom, the exercises will not take place in Wanamaker's Auditorium, but in the concert hall of Madison Square Garden. Samples of the industrial work will be displayed, and the progress of a typical vacation school, from opening to closing exercises, will be presented, each school taking an appropriate part in the programme. A reception to the teaching staff was given last night in the galleries of the National Arts Club by the Rev. Walter Laidlaw, Executive Secretary of the Federation of Churches.

ANNEXATION PERIL IS SEEN BY BORDEN

Canadian Opposition Leader Declares We Regard It as Inevitable and Desirable.

RIDICULED BY LAURIER

Premier Says Reciprocity Will Be More Beneficial to the Dominion Than to the United States.

LONDON, Ontario, Aug. 15.—R. L. Borden, Opposition leader of the recently dissolved House of Commons, whose obstruction tactics prevented the Liberal Party from obtaining a vote on the reciprocity agreement, formally opened his platform campaign here to-day. His assertion that reciprocity would be, and so far as the United States is concerned is intended to be, merely the first step toward actual annexation of Canada, was one of the striking features of the address.

"It is beyond doubt," said Mr. Borden, "that the leading public men of the United States, its leading press, and the mass of its people believe annexation of this Dominion to be the ultimate, inevitable, and desirable result of this proposition, and for that reason support it."

There could be but a sinister meaning, Mr. Borden affirmed, in President Taft's declaration that "Canada stands at the parting of the ways."

Mr. Borden challenged the economic soundness of the reciprocity pact, and denounced it as being against the interest of Canada.

"The reciprocity proposal provides free trade in everything the farmer sells, but maintains the tariff on everything he buys," Mr. Borden said. "It is idle to expect that the farmers would continue to be satisfied with this. They would demand free trade in what they buy. Unrestricted continental free trade is the goal to which this reciprocity agreement will lead us. That is the view of President Taft. Unrestricted continental free trade will mean that the one tariff which will prevail for Canada and the United States will be made at Washington. What will then become of Canada's fiscal independence, autonomy, and connection with the British Empire?"

SIMCOE, Ontario, Aug. 15.—Predicting that the Liberal party will be returned to power and that by November the reciprocity agreement with the United States will have been ratified, Sir Wilfrid Laurier opened his speech-making campaign here to-day. This is considered a Conservative stronghold, but a crowd estimated to number 10,000 gave the Liberal Premier a cordial reception and a respectful hearing. Sir Wilfrid confined himself entirely to the question of reciprocity.

The Government, Sir Wilfrid said, believed that between Canada and the United States freer trade in natural products would be of great benefit to both countries, but more beneficial to Canada, because of her smaller market. Sir John Macdonald in 1866 had endeavored to obtain reciprocity, but it was refused and the tariff wall had been raised, and raised until the Payne-Aldrich tariff law reached the prohibitive stage and made it impossible for Canada to trade with the United States on fair conditions.

Feeling between the two countries became bitter, Sir Wilfrid said, and when the Commissioners were sent from Washington the Canadian Government took the position that it would be a crime to civilization not to welcome their offer.

Sir Wilfrid ridiculed talk of annexation. Some men in the United States might want it, he said, but there were men in Canada who did not want it. If he were permitted to address a meeting in the United States he would tell the people that if reciprocity meant the loss of Canadian independence Canada would have nothing to do with it. Annexation talk was beneath the attention of the Canadian people, said Sir Wilfrid.

TAX PROTEST AT BAR HARBOR

Non-Resident Payers Appoint Committee to Investigate Town Expenditures.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 15.—Dissatisfied with the constantly increasing burden of taxation and the tax rate which has jumped to $34.50 a thousand this year, a large number of the heavier non-resident tax payers assembled at the Casino this afternoon to voice their protest as they have no vote in the affairs of the town. The meeting was called to order by Right Rev. William Lawrence, Bishop of Massachusetts, who has been a Summer resident here forty-one years. Other speakers were Henry Lane Eno of New York, Judge George L. Ingraham of the Appellate Court of New York, Congressman Francis Burton Harrison, and David B. Ogden, a New York attorney.

The present system of appropriations was severely criticised and the method of spending money was denounced as wasteful. Mr. Eno read letters from Walter Gurnee, Rear Admiral R. D. Evans, W. H. Lee, and others who would have built here but were deterred by the high tax rate. He criticised the road department particularly, and declared that the town was paying the maximum wages for work on its roads and getting the minimum return.

Judge Ingraham suggested a possible change in the time of holding the town meetings to a time when the non-residents might be present and be heard.

Mr. Ogden complained that while the jump of $4 a thousand over last year's tax rate had been made, there was no civic betterment to show for it.

A series of resolutions were presented by Mr. Ogden embodying the facts brought out in the meeting, and a committee of five was appointed, with Henry Lane Eno as Chairman, to investigate the municipal expenditures. The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and those present agreed to contribute a sum equivalent to 1 per cent. of their assessed tax for the purposes of this committee.

The advisability of a commission form of government was also discussed, and a change to this seemed to be the general sentiment of the meeting.

CHINATOWN RESTORATIVE.

[illegible]ing Black Silk Stocking to Revive Woman Prisoner in Court.

[illegible]lie Wong, a habitue of Chinatown, [illegible] arraigned before Magistrate Corrigan [illegible] the Tombs Court yesterday mornng on [illegible] charge of having brought into this [illegible] a coat and $57, said to be stolen [illegible]perty. When she was held under $300 [illegible] for further examination she fainted. [illegible] big policemen carried the girl into [illegible] room and tried their best to revive [illegible]. When they found that their efforts [illegible] in vain they called to a number of [illegible] companions of the prisoner.

"[illegible] can bring her too," one of them [illegible] out, and before the policemen could [illegible]terfere she had stripped off one of her [illegible] silk stockings, and igniting it with a [illegible] waved it in front of Millie Wong's [illegible] blowing the smoke in her nostrils. [illegible] she did not respond to the treatmen.

"That's queer; it never failed before," [illegible] the woman, and turning to a [illegible] attendant directed him to get her [illegible] sheet of black paper. While he was [illegible] in vain for it the woman still [illegible] the burning stocking in front of [illegible] prisoner. Then she got a newspaper, [illegible] lighting it, held it near her face.

[illegible] these heroic methods, however, [illegible] Wong failed to show any signs of [illegible] consciousness, and at last a [illegible] sent in a call for an ambulance [illegible] the Hudson Street Hospital. Dr. Orr, [illegible] responded, smiled as he glanced at [illegible] assemblage and got a whiff [illegible] suffocating air in the room. [illegible] a rag saturated with [illegible] to the nostrils of the woman [illegible] revived her.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Elsie French Vanderbilt is at Tuxedo visiting Mr. and Mrs. Amos Tuck French for a few days. She will come to New York in a day or so to meet her mother, Mrs. Francis Ormond French, who is returning from Europe.

Mrs. Wilson Shannon Dunn will return to town from her country home, Windmill Hill Farm, at Ipswich, Mass., during the first week in September.

Miss Alice Strong, who has spent the Summer at Spring Lake, N. J., came to town yesterday to join her mother, who arrives on the Olympic to-day. She will remain at the Plaza a short time before going to Hot Springs, Va.

Others arriving to-day on the Olympic are J. Pierpont Morgan, the Duke of Sutherland, Lord Desborough, and Lord and Lady Charles Beresford. Mr. Morgan will cruise later in his steam yacht, the Corsair, which arrived from Europe last week. The Catania, the Duke of Sutherland's yacht, is here now, awaiting the Duke and his party to board her. Miss Kathleen Beresford is in town to meet her parents upon their arrival.

Gordon Wilson is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones at Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Mott Warner, who have been visiting in Southampton, L. I., have returned to Hohokus, N. J.

During his brief stay in town Col. John Jacob Astor is occupying his house at 840 Fifth Avenue. His yacht, Noma, on which he will go to Newport in several days, is still anchored at the New York Yacht Club landing, foot of East Twenty-third Street.

The wedding of Albert Chatfield Gilbert of New York and Miss Frances Lewis Trotter of Philadelphia will take place to-day in St. Christopher's-by-the-Sea, at Grindstone Neck, just across the bay from Bar Harbor, Me.

Mrs. John Nicholas Brown and Master John Nicholas Brown are staying at the Hotel Rose at Wiesbaden. Others at the hotel are Daniel Le Roy Dresser, Mr. and Mrs. David Robinson and family, Charles A. Wissmann, Allen Maxwell and family, Mrs. S. L. Mitchell and her son, and Mr. and Mrs. Mountfort Mills.

THE GERAGHTYS REMARRY.

Pair Who Eloped from Newport Wed Again by Catholic Priest.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 15.—Mr. and Mrs. John Paul Edward Geraghty, who ran away from Newport last week and were married in Central Village, Conn., by a Congregational clergyman, were remarried to-day in the rectory of St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church here by the Rev. Father M. A. Kelly. The announcement yesterday that the parental blessing had been extended by Geraghty's father and mother in Newport was construed to mean that the newly married pair had agreed to rewed in the Catholic faith.

It was said at St. Michael's rectory tonight that Mrs. Geraghty had complied with every condition which the Catholic Church imposes in such cases. The Right Rev. Thomas D. Beaven, Bishop of Springfield, procured from the Bishop of Providence, who has jurisdiction over Newport, a special dispensation. Father Kelly then obtained from the rector of Mr. Geraghty's parish permission to perform the ceremony.

It is said that Geraghty was anxious to have the second ceremony performed to forestall possible annulment proceedings in Connecticut by the French family. Mrs Geraghty was remarried in the white gown which she wore at last week's ceremony. Previously she had attended with Mr. Geraghty Holy Day services at St. Michael's in recognition of the Feast of the Assumption.

One of the conditions of to-day's ceremony was that Mrs. Geraghty, who is an Episcopalian, should accept the requirement of the Catholic Church in regard to bringing up any children she might have in the Catholic faith.

It is understood that Mrs. Geraghty will become a Catholic. The Geraghtys decline to discuss the subject. Geraghty is angry at reports from Newport that he is in financial straits. He showed a roll of bills to-day to prove that he is not in need of money, and said that his bank account was still good.

Gergahty had nothing further to announce to-day concerning his plans for the future other than that with Mrs. Geraghty he intended to go to New York next month.

BECK BACK FROM EUROPE.

Head of Orpheum Circuit Optimistic About Vaudeville Season Here.

Martin Beck, General Manager of the Orpheum vaudeville circuit, got back from Europe yesterday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie after spending ten weeks in the larger cities.

One of the acts which Mr. Beck engaged while abroad is a singing and dancing act called the "Eight Palace Girls" that has been appearing at the Palace Theatre, London. The members of the cast came over on the ship with Mr. Beck.

In speaking of vaudeville conditions abroad Mr. Beck said that the good shows were making lots of money and that the houses where small prices are charged are not doing well. He was also optimistic about the outlook for vaudeville in this country for the coming season.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

Some of the Passengers on Two Steamships—The Departures.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of the passengers were:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (Bremen)—Raymond C. Gould, F. B. Moody, Miss G. Paddock, Mr. and Mrs. George Russell Peabody, Miss M. Sherlock, M. D. D.; George C. Stout, G. O. Wiley, S. A. Abbey, Mrs. J. H. Bull, Prince Hubert S. Brussel, Adolph Brussel-Lechtenstein, O. C. Barber, Franklin B. Crosby, C. J. Connor, Audley Clarke, W. H. Dayton, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Edge, Mrs. W. C. Egleston, James F. Eagan, S. D. Greenwald, Mrs. F. P. Hopwood, Mr. and Mrs. Hubert L. Jones, Mrs. G. Kartwright, Frank R. Kent, Mr. and Mrs. Frank McKee, Charles P. Noyes, J. W. Noyes, Mrs. H. E. Owen, M. J. Orleans, Mrs. Mary Philips, Mrs. W. E. Plummer, C. H. Rudolph, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Sears, Mrs. W. A. H. Stafford, Albert Spalding, Mrs. J. W. Spalding, Miss A. Shields, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Taylor, Willard C. Tyler, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Weeke, Thomas Young, and W. J. Calhoun, United States Minister to China.

KROONLAND, (Antwerp)—Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Baker, J. A. Baldwin, P. Benjamin, Mr. and Mrs. Edward K. Bishop, Miss Catherine D. Canrous, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Church, Mrs. Lulu Clark, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Cline, Mrs. J. R. Daniels, Miss M. S. Daniels, Miss E. M. Daniels, Mrs. F. Evans, Dr. and Mrs. Howard S. Forman, Miss Martha Graham, David P. Guest, R. G. Hendley, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Hoadley, William Lloyd, Henry A. Maurer, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Newland, A. A. Newman, Miss M. H. Osborne, Miss Annie M. Sargent, L. A. Sayre, William B. Scott, Louis Sherwood, and Dr. and Mrs. H. B. Williams.

Some of the passengers on the Campania sailing to-day are:

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Alexander, A. V. Baird, Mr. and Mrs. C. Beames, B. H. J. Brown, Harold Buckley, Frank L. Crawford, E. H. Gano, Miss C. A. Graham, Sidney Harris, John T. Knowles, A. Ernest Owen, T. W. Rowe, T. J. Stewart, Miss Ruth Stuart, and L. A. Ward.

PRIVILEGE TO PAY

Our new ten year mortgage is the most liberal mortgage ever offered to borrowers. You have no renewal fees to pay for ten years.

You can pay it off at any time on thirty days' notice or you can pay $100 or any multiple of $100 on any interest day.

It tempts one to save money in order to make regular reductions of the mortgage principal.

Made to house owners in Greater New York in amounts of $10,000 or less. Send to any of our offices for a circular.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO

Capital . . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus (all earned) 10,625,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

UNIT ORCHESTRA AS MUSICAL UNION FOE

Managers May Adopt Instrument Electrically Worked from Organ Keyboard.

ONE FOR THE PLAYHOUSE

Machine Said to be Capable of Giving Effects of Sixty Musicians—Union's Demands Refused as Unjust.

A possible solution of the difficulty theatrical managers say they have been having with the Musical Union was discussed at the annual meeting of the National Association of Theatrical Producing Managers, held at the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon. A demand made by the Musical Union at its July meeting in Atlanta this year, asking for added pay "on the road" and free sleeping cars, was the direct cause of the action of the producing managers.

The solution that the managers think they have in sight is the installation in theatre orchestras of a sort of "unit orchestra," the invention of Mr. Hope-Jones, an Englishman and an electrical engineer. He was present at yesterday's meeting and explained what he had to offer. It is a series of electrically worked musical instruments, controlled from an organ keyboard, and, according to his promises, capable of giving all of the effects and all of the volume of a sixty-piece orchestra. The managers at the meeting thought so well of the idea that they appointed a committee, consisting of Henry W. Savage, Lee Shubert, Andreas Dippel, Milton Aborn, and Lew Fields, to look further into the matter.

William A. Brady has agreed to permit one of the instruments to be installed in his theatre, The Playhouse, in order to demonstrate what it will do. The installation will be made in about two months, when Mr. Hope-Jones has had time to make over his machine to fit the needs of theatres and traveling productions.

The machine, according to description, is not an instrument to imitate the sounds of wood wind, brasses, string, and percussion instruments, but a combination of the actual instruments, worked from a keyboard by an experienced organist. The inventor asserts that all of the effects of a well-conducted orchestra may be obtained. One of the machines has been installed at the Stapler Hotel, Buffalo, and another at the Auditorium, Ocean Grove, N. J., replacing in the latter case an orchestra of forty pieces. The testimonials he displayed showed that Mme. Nordica and Mme. Schumann-Heink preferred the "unit organ" to the orchestra of human players.

Lignon Johnson, attorney for the Producing Managers' Association, explained yesterday afternoon the reason the managers were taking so much interest in the subject of music. He showed a pamphlet issued by the Musical Union after its meeting in July, 1909, in which it agreed that the scale of salary would be so much and that the individual players "on the road" would receive an additional $10 per week for expenses. This agreement, according to the pamphlet, was to continue until July 1, 1912. At this year's meeting of the union it was demanded that the road expense money be increased to $14 and that the members of the union required to travel be furnished with free sleeping cars, one man to a berth. The union, in a letter to the managers, explained that the agreement referred only to theatre orchestras, and not to traveling musicians.

At the managers' meeting yesterday it was voted to refuse these demands as unjust and contrary to the agreement made.

It was shown that in Chicago alone the demands of the union would mean the increased expense of nearly $34,000 a year.

For the new "unit organ" the inventor promised that its total cost of installation would not amount to more than the salaries of an average orchestra for one year, and the machine is guaranteed for ten seasons.

Other matters that came before the meeting of the managers' association concerned the arrangement of an international copyright law, in affiliation with the dramatic branch of the Authors' Society of England, for the protection of plays in all countries; the question of motion picture copyright and infringement on dramatic copyrights by filmmakers; railroad rates, and legislation inimical to what the managers believe the best interests of the theatres, particularly as to the employment of children on the stage.

The officers chosen for the coming year, in most cases re-elected, were as follows: President—William A. Brady; Secretary—Hollis E. Cooley; Treasurer—H. Clay Miner; Directors—Jules Murry, Harry Doel Parker, James K. Hackett, Gus Hill, and Winthrop Ames.

"HELLO PARIS" AT FOLIES.

New Revuette's Monotony Relieved by a Dance at Opening and Finish.

The Folies Bergere gave a "first night" early yesterday morning—about 1 o'clock. There was a large audience of actors and other people who sit up late, and the piece was a "revuette," called "Hello, Paris," staged by Ned Wayburn, written by Edgar Allen Woolf, lyrics by J. Leubrie Hill, and made harmonious by J. Rosamond Johnson and others. Thus the responsibility was divided.

The piece was "one of those things." Now and then something happened to give the hearers an idea that a plot was to develop, but every time the idea proved only a suspicion and retired. A dance at the opening, and another dance at the end—about an hour apart—relieved the monotony.

The principals in the performance, besides the authors and composers, were Harry Pilcer, Julia Ralphe, Minerva Coverdale, Zeke Colvan, and Will Archie. The orchestra was directed by Mr. Johnson, and there was a chorus. Mr. Pilcer and Miss Coverdale did the last dance together very effectively.

The individual numbers that preceded the "revuette" were interesting, being part of the Cabaret show of the Folies. They included Harry Fox and the Millership sisters, Olga Petrova, assisted for the time being by James J. Morton; Fougere, assisted by a stout lady with French songs; Marcel's living statuary, and some others. The scenes of the "revuette" was "the most popular café in Paris," and the back drop showed the Lake of Como with Italian boats on it.

CHARLES D. McCAULL SAILS.

W. A. Brady Sends His General Manager to Europe for a Rest.

Charles D. McCaull, who has been general manager for William A. Brady for many years, had been seriously ill at his home in Sheepshead Bay with a nervous breakdown due to overwork. Yesterday Mr. Brady shipped him off to Europe with instructions to take a good rest or lose his position. Mr. McCaull has not taken a vacation for several years, and when his illness developed in Boston two weeks ago, when he was arranging for the opening of "Over Night," he refused to take a rest because he thought he was too busy.

Mr. Brady took matters into his own hands yesterday, and gave his general manager no chance to object.

WILLS OF COUPLE FILED.

Mrs. Almirall Left All to Her Husband and Children—His Also Goes to Them.

The will of Joseph J. Almirall, an importer of 133 Front Street, who died two weeks ago in Baltimore, was presented yesterday a few hours after the will of his wife, Ida M. Almirall, who died in Brooklyn a week ago.

Mrs. Almirall leaves her entire estate to her husband and children, while he gives $20,000 to charitable institutions, in sums of $500 to $5,000, and the remainder of his estate, except $15,000, which goes to his private bookkeeper, George Archer, is to be divided among his children.

The will gives to his children the right to erect to him a monument costing not more than $1,000, but it must be in the form of a [illegible].

WM. ELLIOTT TO BE MANAGER.

Will Be Associated with David Belasco, His Father-in-Law.

The number of theatrical producing managers is to be increased by the addition of William Elliott. The announcement was made yesterday from the office of David Belasco, with whom Mr. Elliott is to be associated in his productions. Mr. Elliott, who is a son-in-law of Mr. Belasco, has been best known hitherto as an actor. His most recent conspicuous success was as the young attorney in "Madame X." Before this he had played under Mr. Belasco's management for several years, creating important parts in "The Rose of the Rancho" and the two Warfield successes, "A Grand Army Man" and "The Music Master." Still earlier he played for two seasons with Richard Mansfield. It is said that Mr. Elliott will not relinquish acting altogether. But for the future his ambitions will be centred in the producing and management of plays, the first of which will be offered, with Mr. Belasco, soon after the holidays. The building of the productions is now under way and the company will be engaged within a few weeks.

Mr. Elliott said yesterday, at the Belasco Theatre: "The special object Mr. Belasco and I have in mind is the development and encouragement of new authors. I shall read carefully every manuscript submitted. Such plays are to be submitted directly to me, as the work Mr. Belasco and I have in mind will be distinct from his regular routine of production."

SHUBERTS TO BUILD ABROAD.

Plan Theatres in Berlin and Paris—Reincorporate for $1,800,000 in Jersey.

The Shubert Theatrical Company, with an authorized capital of $1,800,000, was incorporated in Trenton, N. J., yesterday. The incorporators named are William Klein, Charles A. Bird, and Joseph W. Jacobs. The charter indicates that the corporation is to take over all the property and business of the New York company of the same name.

J. J. Shubert explained last night that the reorganization of the company was in pursuance of the plan of extending the Shuberts' theatrical activities. The New York company that was incorporated several years ago had a limited capitalization, and in order to carry out the plans that have been developed this year it was found advisable to reincorporate.

Among the projects that the company will undertake, according to Mr. Shubert, will be the building of a theatre in Berlin for American productions, put on in the American manner, and, perhaps, with American actors. Theatres in Paris and Vienna are also contemplated. When Lee Shubert returned from a trip abroad a few weeks ago he said that he believed the time was ripe for the introduction of American musical comedy productions in Europe, especially as the most popular of the European productions were using much American music and lyrics. Competition with the native productions in the large Continental cities would require the erection of new theatres.

The incorporators of the Shubert Theatrical Company, named in the New Jersey charter, are also the incorporators of the New York company of the same name, which this new body is to replace.

FROHMAN SEES REHEARSAL.

From Wheel Chair Manager Views "The Siren" at Hotel Knickerbocker.

Charles Frohman, who has been kept to his apartments at the Hotel Knickerbocker with a severe attack of rheumatism for nearly two months, attended a rehearsal of his first musical production of the season, "The Siren," yesterday. The star, Donald Brian, and the entire company, with the stage director and the musical director, came to the hotel. A parlor on the first floor—Parlor A—was set aside, and Mr. Frohman was brought down in a wheel chair.

The entire score of the opera, with all of the songs and as much of the "business" as was possible, were gone through with. Friday, if Mr. Frohman's rheumatism permits, there will be a dress rehearsal with a full orchestra given at the hotel, and then the first performance of the operetta will take place at Atlantic City the following Monday.

Garfield Rejects Commission Rule.

PASSAIC, N. J., Aug. 15.—Garfield Borough, which has 10,000 population, rejected the commission form of government to-day by a vote of 250 to 196. Mayor Karl and most of the borough officials opposed the commission plan.

To-day's Music in the Parks.

THE MALL, CENTRAL PARK, AT 8 P. M.
The Volpe Symphony Orchestra.
PART I.
"The Star-Spangled Banner."
Choral and Fugue..............Bach-Abert
Unfinished Symphony (first movement).Schubert
"A Roman Carnival"..............Berlioz
PART II.
Overture—"Cornell"..........Arthur Farwell
Spanish Suite..............Lacombe
Violin solo—a. Reverie; b. Mazurka....Volpe
Maximilian Pilzer.
Fantasie—"Traviata"..............Verdi
Polonaise in E major..............Liszt
"America."

MULBERRY BEND PARK, AT 8 P. M.
Charles Paul Eller's Band.
PART I.
"Star-Spangled Banner."
March, "La Guapa"..............Buisson
Overture, "Light Cavalry"..............Suppe
Concert Waltz, "Enchanted Nights"....Moret
Mazurka, "La Czarine"..............Ganne
Selection, "Alma"..............Briquet
PART II
A Dream Picture, "Uncle Tom's Cabin"..
Lampe
Intermezzo, "The Secret"..............Gautier
Excerpts from "Il Trovatore"..............Verdi
Medley of Popular Airs..........Arr. Halle
Finale, "A Bunch of Roses"..............Chapin
"America."

ABINGDON SQUARE PARK, AT 8 P. M.
Thomas F. Usher's Band.
PART I.
"Star-Spangled Banner."
March—"Our Favorite Regiment"........Ertl
Overture—"Pique Dame"..............Suppe
Mazurka de Concert—"Memories of Vienna"
Bendix
Excerpts from "The Chocolate Soldier"....
O. Straus
Concert Waltz—"Danube Waves"....Ivanovici
PART II.
Grand Selection—"Bohemian Girl"......Balfe
Descriptive—"Charge of the Light Brigade"..............Paull
Medley Overture—"American and European Melodies"..............
Selection—"Plantation Echoes"........Coates
Finale—"Home Town"..............McGavisk
"America."

ADVERTISEMENT.

THOUSAND FAMILIES ARE STILL WAITING.

The wornout mothers and anaemic children expect the A. I. C. P. to send them to Sea Breeze, Coney Island, for a week before the season closs. There are also 2,500 persons still on our "Day Party" list.

The mothers need the fresh air and rest; the children must have the outing to fit them for the coming school work.

We Don't Want to Disappoint Them.

If you will help to complete the $20,000 still needed we won't. We will do even more, for our 23 visitors are finding every day more families in need of Sea Breezes.

Give us the sinews of war and we will fight the battle.

Here Are a Few Possibilities:

$2.50 will make one sick baby or child your guest at Sea Breeze for a week. By doubling the amount the tired-out mother may go, too.
$5.00 will provide for a month pure milk for a baby too sick to be taken away.
$10.00 will make a family of four happy for a week at the seashore and stronger for many months—possibly years.
$135.00 will send a party of five hundred boys and girls from the tenement districts on a day's outing at the seashore and give them a bath and two good meals.

WON'T YOU SHARE YOUR SUMMER PLEASURES WITH ONE OR MORE OF THESE FAMILIES?

Send contributions to R. S. Minturn, Treas., Room 210 [illegible] 105 East 22d Street.

THE NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR
R. FULTON CUTTING, President.

PAYS FOR PAPER WITH BULLET WHICH KILLS

Pistol Drops from the Pocket of a Texan Boy and Woman Dealer Is Shot.

PARK ROW SEES ACCIDENT

Lad Had Been Robbed on the Boat Coming from Galveston and Bought the Weapon for Protection, He Said.

In the midst of the hurrying throng of homeward-bound clerks and office workers late yesterday afternoon a sixteen-year-old boy stopped in front of the news stand of Mrs. Rose Malcheode, a frail little woman, who has been selling newspapers at the entrance of the Park Row Building for several years. The boy asked for a paper, and thrust his hand in his pocket for change with which to pay for it. As he drew out his hand with the coin a pistol fell from his pocket to the sidewalk. At the same time there rang out a report, and, with a groan, Mrs. Malcheode sank to the street.

Her seven-year-old son, Charles, who had been sitting on a campstool beside her, screamed, and immediately a crowd gathered around the stand. The first to arrive saw the young fellow pick up the revolver, place it in his pocket, and walk nervously toward Ann Street. At the corner, however, he was stopped by Policeman Finnegan, who heard the shot and who, noticing the boy's nervous manner, asked him if he had fired it.

"It was an accident," replied the boy, speaking very quietly.

With the policeman he turned back to the drug store on the ground floor of the Park Row Building, into which several men had carried the woman. While awaiting the arrival of an ambulance from the Volunteer Hospital the policeman confronted the injured woman with his prisoner, and asked her if she recognized him. She replied faintly that he had bought a newspaper from her a few moments ago, but before that she had never seen him. Then she became unconscious. The ambulance surgeon found that she had been seriously injured in the groin, and removed her to the hospital.

The youth was taken to the Oak Street Station, where he told Lieut. Randall that he was James Cullen Henderson, a student, of 314 West Woodlawn Avenue, San Antonio, Texas. He said he had arrived in New York yesterday morning on a trip made with money he had earned by working at a soda fountain on holidays and in his vacation. In the steamer coming from Galveston, he said, he had been robbed of $17, so he bought a revolver and carried it with him to make sure it should not happen again. It was this revolver, he said, which fell from his pocket and was accidentally discharged when he reached for a coin to pay for a newspaper. He begged permission to send a telegram to his mother, and when this was granted wrote this message:

> Mrs. Henderson,
> West Woodlawn,
> San Antonio.
>
> Dear Mamma: I have, please remember, unintentionally shot a newspaper woman. Don't get excited. J. C. HENDERSON.

Mrs. Malcheode recovered consciousness at the hospital, and while on the operating table Henderson was led again before her, but she repeated that she merely remembered him as having bought a paper from her; that she had never seen him before then, and knew of no reason why he should attempt to shoot her. She saw him draw no revolver, she said, and knew nothing of being shot until she felt the pain in her side.

The woman's little boy told practically the same story as Henderson. He said he had seen the revolver fall from the boy's pocket, and then had seen his mother fall. Henderson was taken back to the Oak Street Police Station on a charge of felonious assault. At 7 o'clock yesterday evening Mrs. Malcheode died, and the charge against the boy was changed to homicide.

Mrs. Malcheode had lived with her husband, Peter, a bricklayer, and their three children in a four-room flat at 52 Roosevelt Street. For years she had helped support the family by selling newspapers, and she was a familiar figure to the clerks and workers in the office building. Generally she was assisted at her newsstand by Charley or other of her children. The woman's husband was overcome when, upon his return from work, the news of the accident was borne to him.

While young Henderson and the injured woman were in the drugstore awaiting the arrival of an ambulance the street outside became crowded with a dense throng that blocked traffic so that the reserves had to be called from the Oak Street Station. These, under Capt. Toole, soon cleared the streets.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Aug. 15.—James C. Henderson is the son of Mrs. S. C. Henderson, a widow living in a fashionable neighborhood in this city. He is one of six children. Mrs. Henderson came here three years ago from Galveston.

Henderson was employed in a Galveston drug store until a few days ago. The first his mother knew of his being in New York was when she received his telegram to-day.

When he left Galveston he told his sister he was going to Denver to take a job in a hotel.

Albert Spalding, Violinist, Returns.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie from Europe was Albert Spalding, the violinist, son of J. W. Spalding, who has been playing on concert tours on the other side for eight months, the latter half of which he spent in London, where he witnessed the coronation. Mr. Spalding will open the season in concerts here in September, and will give one concert at Ocean Grove on Aug. 24. He was accompanied by his mother, who lives in Florence, Italy. They were both staying at the Carlton Hotel, London, and had left an hour before the fire started which cost Jameson Lee Finney, the actor, his life.

Harry Pilcer, Dancer, Breaks His Arm.

Harry Pilcer, the dancer, who was one of the features at the Folies Bergere "midnight" production, arrived at the theatre last night with a broken arm and a dislocated shoulder, the result of his energetic work of the night before. In the final dance of the revue, "Hello Paris," he has an energetic dance with Minerva Coverdale, and in the early part of the number he is supposed to fall and roll down a flight of stairs. He thinks that the injury to his arm came during this fall, but he did not realize the extent of his hurts until the excitement of the first performance was over. He played his part in the revue last night with his arm in a sling, and he omitted his part of the dance.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Julian Mitchell, general stage director for F. Ziegfeld, Jr., will begin the engaging of the chorus for Anna Held's new production to-morrow. Miss Held will sail for New York on Sept. 6.

Rehearsals of "The Woman," the new play by William C. De Mille, began yesterday at the Belasco Theatre under the supervision of David Belasco. The play will open its New York season at the Republic Theatre on Sept. 18.

Rehearsals for the reopening of "Pinafore," at the Casino Theatre, began yesterday. The company, including De Wolf Hopper, will be the same as when the production closed for a Summr vacation, except for the addition to the cast of Fay Templeton in the role of Buttercup and the substitution of Edith Decker for Christine Neilsen in the role of Josephine.

John Drew returned to New York yesterday from his country home at Easthampton, L. I., and began rehearsals of his new comedy, "A Single Man," by Hubert Henry Davies.

Charles Frohman has engaged Julian Royce for an important role in "Passers-By."

Lulu Glaser has signed contracts to star under the management of Werba & Luescher for a period of years, and will make her first appearance under this management in the Viennese operetta, "Miss Dudelsack." Rehearsals are to begin next week. Klaw & Erlanger and A. H. Woods will be associated with Werba and Luescher in the production.

Liebler & Co. have engaged W. H. Turner for the role of Bill Avery in "Alias Jimmy Valentine." The play will open in a few days.

ACTRESS BARRICADES HOME.

Florence Wickes Has Man Arrested for Breaking In and Attacking Her.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 15.—Florence Lillian Wickes, daughter of the late Thomas W. Wickes, who was an official of the Pullman Company of Chicago, and the wife of Gilbert Johnston, an official of the American Tobacco Company, barricaded her home in Absecon last night against William Moore, who says the house is his.

Moore broke in and they had a set-to, with the result that Moore was arrested on a charge of assault and battery. The case came up to-day. The assault, it was charged, consisted of Moore pulling two large blond puffs from the woman's head. He was held in $50 bail for his appearance before the October Grand Jury. Mrs. Johnston put up $25 cash bail for her appearance as a witness.

Florence Lillian Wickes was put in a convent when a young girl, from which she made her escape to get married. This marriage was annulled. Then she went on the stage, making her début in "Princess Bonnie." Her last appearance was in "My Husband." While playing in "My Husband" she met Gilbert Johnston and married him. She has not lived with him for some time, but has never obtained a divorce.

Three years ago she appeared here with Moore. This Spring they took the house in Absecon. He says he owns the furnishings, poultry farm, kennel, and stock of the place and wanted to sell out and divide when they had their row yesterday, but she declined any compromise. She said it was her money that bought everything they had. Moore says he owns everything and that she was simply his housekeeper.

When Miss Wickes barred him from the place yesterday he had the gas, electricity, and water turned off. He took the lease to the premises in his name and the receipts for rent are made to him.

LOEW-CONSIDINE AGREEMENT

Booking Consolidation Affects 170 Theatres from Here to the Coast.

Marcus Loew, the popular-priced vaudeville manager, announced yesterday that he had signed a contract with John W. Considine by which a booking consolidation had been effected between the Sullivan and Considine interests in the West and the Loew enterprises in the East.

The agreement affects about 170 theatres, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and its terms arranges territorial rights to the two concerns, giving Sullivan and Considine control west of Cincinnati and Loew control east of that city. It also arranges booking contracts for performers.

MAJOR RATHBONE DIES.

Was Wounded by John Wilkes Booth After Assassin Shot President Lincoln.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Aug. 15.—The Montreal Star publishes the following special cable from Hanover, Germany, dated today:

"Major Rathbone, who was military aid to President Lincoln and who, in attempting to defend him on the night President Lincoln was assassinated, received a stab wound from John Wilkes Booth, died yesterday in Hildesheim Asylum for the Criminal Insane. He was incarcerated for the murder of his wife."

Henry Reed Rathbone was born in Albany, this State, on July 1, 1837. He served with distinction in the civil war, being appointed a Major of United States volunteers on Nov. 29, 1862, and resigning on July 8, 1867.

After the war Major Rathbone was appointed Consul at Hanover, where he killed his wife after, as was shown following the trial, he had become insane. He has been in the asylum in Hanover ever since.

GEORGE W. LESLIE DEAD.

Comedian Dies of Cancer of the Stomach at Hotel Algonquin.

George W. Leslie, for many years a prominent comedian under the management of Charles Frohman, died yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Algonquin of cancer of the stomach, from which he had been suffering for many weeks. He was 48 years old. His last engagement was with the Aborn Opera Company, and he was playing with that organization in Newark when he was taken ill. He was first taken to the Flower Hospital, but later was removed to the apartments of Frederic Thompson in the Algonquin.

Mr. Leslie began his stage career in 1887 with John Sleeper Clarke, a famous comedian of that period. For a number of years he devoted himself to stock work, occasionally taking a role in a "production," and he confined himself almost entirely to playing character parts and light comedy roles. He was known in nearly every city in the country.

The funeral will be held to-morrow morning at Campbell's Chapel, in West Twenty-third Street, and will be under the direction of the Lambs Club, of which Mr. Leslie was a member.

Rev. Dr. William Curtis Stiles.

The Rev. Dr. William Curtis Stiles of 1,256 Fifty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, associate editor of the Homiletic Review, died yesterday at the Bushwick Hospital from a complication of diseases. He was 60 years old. He was a native of Stoneham, Me., and in 1876 was graduated from the Tufts Divinity School. In the same year he married Mary A. A. Newcomb, in New Orleans, where he had charge of a Universalist church. He became a Congregationalist minister in 1880, and was pastor of the old East End Congregational Church of Brooklyn until 1884. He was active in an excise crusade against Mayor Low's election. Dr. Stiles was for a time pastor in St. Louis, Pittsfield, N. H.; Jackson, Mich., and Stonington, Conn.; an editor of the Standard Dictionary, a member of the Prohibition Republican Club and of the Manhattan Congregational Association, and a contributor to magazines and religious journals. He was the author of "Literary Dozen" and "Out of Kishineff," a co-editor of "Modern Sermons by World Scholars" and the "Cyclopedia of Illustration." He leaves a widow, two sons, and a daughter.

Obituary Notes.

Capt. EDWIN FREDERICK TAUSSIG died yesterday at his home, 29 West 184th Street, at the age of 48 years. Capt. Taussig was for twenty-one years a member of the Twenty-second Engineers, and when he resigned from that organization was Captain of Company G. He was a member of Alma Lodge, F. and A. M., and of the Fordham Club.

WALTER DE MUND FRANCIS, who had been for the last sixteen years purchasing agent for the Postal Telegraph Company, died Monday at his home 35 South Walnut Street, East Orange, N. J., of heart disease. Mr. Francis was 49 years old. Mrs. Francis, who was Miss Anita E. Warner of Newark, survives him with three daughters.

Mrs. ELSIE P. PINNEY, wife of the late Edward Pinney, died from a complication of diseases at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Stewart, 120 Riverside Drive, on Sunday night. She was born in Houlton, Me., in 1825, and was educated in Brooklyn.

Mrs. WILLIAM H. KITCHIN, mother of Gov. W. W. Kitchin of North Carolina and Representative Claude Kitchin of the Second North Carolina District, died at her home in Scotland Neck, N. C., yesterday. She was 63 years of age.

Mrs. MARY MERWIN of 19 Pacific Street, Newark, died at the age of 97 years on Sunday at her home. She was a native of Brighton, Mass., and conducted a private school in Newark until 1887.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

JAMES D. SIMONS died July 24, 1911, at West Newton, Mass.; left more than $1,000 personalty; $3,000 to Joseph F. McCoy of East Orange, N. J.; and John W. McCoy of Jersey City; $3,000 to Harleston C. Gesner; $3,000 to Grace Church of Jersey City; $3,000 to William A. New; $40,000 in trust to Mary E. Simons of 48 West Ninety-sixth Street; $40,000 in trust to Edward H. Simons of 48 West Ninety-sixth Street, and Charles D. Simons of 280 West Seventy-third Street.

FRANKLIN FYLES died July 4, 1911; left $5,000 personalty to his wife, Sarah E. Fyles of 114 West Ninety-fourth Street.

CYRUS COLE left his entire estate to his cousin, Sarah Ann Havanagh of Brooklyn.

CORNELIA LE ROY WHITE left $500 to the Sheltering Arms Society of New York; $500 to the Colored Orphan Asylum of New York with the request that her executors buy a bed in St. Luke's Hospital, and a residue of estate to be divided equally between her sisters, Anna White and Mary White. In a codicil dated Oct. 31, 1873, she revokes all charitable bequests.

MARY JONES DYER died Aug. 10, 1911; left more than $10,000 personalty; $25,000 to Lucile Smythe and a life interest in two trusts amounting to $100,000, and the residue to her husband, Henry L. Dyer, both of 15 West Fiftieth Street.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Died.

ALDEN.—At his late residence, Henry N. Alden, in his 72d year. Funeral private. Interment Boston.

FITCH.—Christina, beloved wife of Joseph Fitch, in her 37th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 328 Senator St., Bay Ridge, Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment at Kingston, N. Y., Aug. 17. Kingston papers please copy.

FOSTER.—Frank P., M. D., at the Summer residence of his son-in-law, Prof. J. C. Smallwood, Chadwick N. J., Sunday, Aug. 13. Funeral at the Church of the Transfiguration, 1 East 29th St., New York, Wednesday, Aug. 16, 10 A. M.

FOSTER.—Kane Lodge, No. 454, F. & A. M. Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral services of our late brother, Frank P. Foster, at the Church of the Transfiguration, on Wednesday morning, Aug. 16, at 10 o'clock.
ROBERT HAMILTON RUCKER, Master.
HENRY W. PENEYAR, Secretary.

HARLAN.—After a short illness, Aug. 13, 1911, William Melville Harlan, aged 60 years, husband of Alice L. Harlan. Funeral services Wednesday, Aug. 16, at 10 A. M., at 81 East 69th St.

HAYES.—At Freeport, L. I., Aug. 13, 1911, Eliza J. Hayes, nee Martin, widow of the late Thomas G. Hayes. Funeral from the Church of Our Holy Redeemer, Freeport, to-day, at 10 A. M. Train arriving at Long Island City 12:10 P. M. Interment in Calvary Cemetery.

KEMPSON.—At Metuchen, N. J., on Aug. 13, 1911, Mary Estelle Kempson, daughter of the late Peter Tertius and Emily Platt Kempson. Funeral at St. Luke's Church, Metuchen, on Wednesday, Aug. 16, at 2:30 P. M.

KORFF.—At East Orange, N. J., Aug. 15, 1911, John Henry Korff, M. D., of New York City, in his 67th year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his son, John R. Korff, 561 Park Av., Thursday evening, Aug. 17, at 8 o'clock.

McCAFFREY.—Margaret A., on Tuesday, Aug. 15, beloved wife of Frank and mother of Frank, Jr., Eugene S. and Martha. Funeral from her late residence, 307 East 52d St., at 9 o'clock A. M. sharp, Thursday; thence to the Church of St. John the Evangelist. Interment at Calvary.

MAUL.—George Maul. Funeral, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, (Frank Campbell Building,) Friday, 2 o'clock.

MOLLER.—At Central Valley, N. Y., on Aug. 14, 1911, Tillie E. Moller, daughter of the late Martin Gerdes and beloved wife of Peter Moller. Funeral service will be held at Central Valley, N. Y., Thursday, Aug. 17, at 1:30 P. M. Train leaves New York, Chambers Street, at 9:10 A. M.; West 23d St., 8:50 A. M.; returning New York, 4:30. Carriages at station on arrival of train.

MOORE.—At Atlantic City, N. J., on Monday, Aug. 14, 1911, Henrietta, wife of William T. Moore. Funeral services at the First Presbyterian Church, Atlantic City, on Tuesday at 4 P. M. Interment Wednesday, Evergreen Cemetery, Brooklyn.

MURDEN.—On Tuesday, Aug. 15, Elizabeth Thomson, wife of Joseph R. Murden, in her 84th year. Services at her late residence, 538A Monroe St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Thursday, Aug. 17, 2 P. M. Interment private.

NEHLS.—Margaretha Nehls of 425 East 69th St., on Aug. 14. Funeral services Wednesday evening, Aug. 16, 8 o'clock. Interment Lutheran Cemetery, Thursday morning, 10 o'clock.

O'NEILL.—At East Irvington, on Aug. 15, 1911, John J. O'Neill, aged 60 years. Funeral services from the Church of Immaculate Conception, on Friday the 18th inst., at 10 A. M. Interment Sleepy Hollow Cemetery.

PINNEY.—On Sunday, Aug. 13, 1911, Mrs. Elsie P. Pinney, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Stewart, 120 Riverside Drive. Funeral services in the First Congregational Church, Montclair, N. J., Wednesday, Aug. 16, 1911, at 10:30 A. M.

ROONEY.—Sister M. Veronica Rooney, Convent Good Shepherd, Scranton, Penn., Aug. 15. Interment Convent Cemetery, Scranton, Aug. 17, 9 A. M.

SMITH.—Margaretta Smith, daughter of Theodore E. and Margaret Smith, Tuesday, Aug. 15. Funeral from the residence of Mr. H. M. Burt, 110 West 102d St., Thursday, Aug. 17, at 1 P. M.

WHITE.—At New Haven, Conn., on Aug. 14, 1911, Frances S. Eaton, widow of Charles A. White and daughter of the late Gen. Amos B. Eaton, U. S. A. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 87 Trumbull St., on Thursday, Aug. 17, at 2 o'clock.

BONNER.—Bridget, 135 Avenue B, Aug. 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
CLARGES.—Verner, 241 West 23d St., aged 50. Funeral later.
COLEMAN.—Arthur U., 125 East 93d St., Aug. 13, aged 16. Funeral to-day.
CURNIN.—John, 230 West 19th St., Aug. 12.
DEEGAN.—Michael, 347 West 27th St., Aug. 14. Funeral later.
DODGE.—Mary P., 181 8th Av., Aug. 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
EISLER.—Anna, 2,554 8th Av., Aug. 13. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
FONESTAL.—Patrick J., 2,735 8th Av., Aug. 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
GARDNER.—James A., 1,701 Topping Av., Aug. 12. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
GREEN.—John J., 22 Bethune St., Aug. 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
GUINANE.—John, 329 West 17th St., Aug. 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
HERLIHY.—Cornelius, 401 East 65th St., aged 35. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
HERZOG.—Michael, 1,272 3d Av., Aug. 13.
KOHN.—Bertha, 152 West 131st St., Aug. 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
McKETTRICK.—Joseph, 135 Avenue B, Aug. 14. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.
NELSON.—Sven, 19 West 65th St., Aug. 14, aged 63.
ROONEY.—Robert, 1,938 Lexington Av., Aug. 13.
SAMUEL.—Sophia, 1,669 2d Av., aged 64. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
SILVERBERG.—Minna, 101 West 140th St., Aug. 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
SPEAR.—William R., 302 East 38th St., Aug. 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
STEWART.—Alexander, 177 West 12th St., Aug. 14, aged 44. Funeral to-day.

Brooklyn.

McLAUGHLIN.—George J., 50 Cumberland St., Aug. 13. Funeral to-day 2 P. M.
MORTIMER.—William, 89 Cumberland St., Aug. 13.
PATRICK.—Harriet E., 601 Monroe St., Aug. 14, aged 78. Funeral to-day.
WHITE.—Sarah A., 396 Fairmount Av., Aug. 12.

Connecticut.

GRIFFITH.—Mary N., Bridgeport, Aug. 11, aged 6.
GILROY.—Mollie D., Bridgeport, Aug. 12. Funeral to-day 9 A. M.
JENNINGS.—Isabella D., Greenwich, aged 93. Funeral later.
KOVASCS.—Bertha, Danbury, Aug. 11.
O'CONNOR.—John, Danbury, Aug. 12, aged 48.
FERROTH, Wilbur, Bridgeport, Aug. 12.

New Jersey.

BEHM.—Arthur G., Trenton, Aug. 11.
BOWER.—Hildegard, Trenton, Aug. 11, aged 56.
BRANSFIELD.—Thomas H., Elizabeth, Aug. 11.
DOYLE.—Elizabeth, Newark, Aug. 12.
FAHEY.—Mary A., Burlington, Aug. 11, aged 76.
FRANCIS.—Walter D., East Orange, Aug. 14, aged 49. Funeral later.
GORMAN.—Timothy, Aug. 11, Newark.
GARLING.—Charles, New Brunswick, Aug. 14. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.
GRANT.—John, New Brunswick, Aug. 14. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.
GRUND.—Anton, Paterson, Aug. 12, aged 76.
HEANEY.—James, Newark, Aug. 11.
HOWLEY.—Anna, Belleville, Aug. 12.
ISHERWOOD.—Margaret, Paterson, Aug. 11.
JOYCE.—Mary A., Asbury Park, Aug. 12.
MASSAKER.—Thomas, Aug. 13.
MASTER.—Amelia M., Beverly, Aug. 11.
MacGREGOR.—James B., Aug. 13, Arlington, N. J. Funeral to-day.
TARDY.—Benoite, Paterson, Aug. 11.
TITUS.—Mary A., Paterson, Aug. 12.
THALER.—John, Trenton, Aug. 11, aged 70.
VAN SANT.—Sarah K., Trenton, Aug. 11, aged 45.
YOCHEM.—Edward R., Aug. 12, Newark, aged 29.

New York State.

BARNES.—Martha B., Carmel, Aug. 10, aged 79.
ELTING.—Peter J., New Paltz, Aug. 10.
HAZEN.—Richard, Yonkers, Aug. 13, aged 24.
MOLLER.—Tillie E., Central Valley, Aug. 14. Funeral later.

In Memoriam.

VAN CLIEF.—Delia, in memory of, died Aug. 15, 1909.

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YANKEES DRIVE BOB GROOM FROM MOUND

Shower of New York Hits Defeats Washington by a Score of 6 to 1.

THE SCORE.

New York......0 0 0 0 2 0 4 0—6
Washington ...0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

NEW YORK.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Wolter, cf.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Caldwell, rf.	5	1	2	0	0	0
Chase, 1b.	4	1	2	7	1	0
Daniels, lf.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Knight, ss.	4	1	1	3	3	0
Hartzell, 3b.	4	0	2	0	1	0
Gardner, 2b.	4	0	2	3	1	0
Sweeney, c.	3	0	0	7	1	0
Quinn, p.	4	1	1	0	2	0
Total	36	6	12	24	9	0

WASHINGTON.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Milan, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	1
Schaefer, 1b.	1	0	1	8	0	0
C. Walker, lf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Gessler, rf.	4	1	1	2	0	0
McBride, ss.	2	0	0	1	5	0
Conroy, 3b.	3	0	2	0	2	0
Cunningham, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2	0
Street, c.	3	0	1	8	2	0
Groom, p.	2	0	0	0	1	0
E. Walker, p.	0	0	0	0	1	0
*Lelivelt	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	26	1	5	24	13	1

*Batted for Groom in the seventh inning.

(Game called at end of eighth inning owing to darknes and rain.)

Two-base hits—Quinn, Gardner. Three-base hits—Wolter, Knight. Hits—Off Groom, 12 in 7 innings; off E. Walker, 0 in 1 inning. Sacrifice hit—C. Walker. Stolen bases—Gessler, Wolter, Chase, Gardner. Left on bases—Washington, 5; New York, 8. Bases on balls—Off Groom, 1; off Quinn, 4. First base on errors—New York, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Groom, Sweeney. Struck out—By Groom, 5; by Walker, 1; by Quinn, 5. Time of game—One hour forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 15.—Floundering around like a flock of lame ducks, the Senators to-day lost the final game of the Yankee series, 6 to 1, because Jack Quinn was out for revenge and got it. Last Friday Walter Johnson beat Quinn and the Yankee pitcher begged Manager Chase for one more chance. Chase thought that Quinn could come back strong and he did. There was nothing to it but Quinn, and the home folks' offense crumbled before the spit ball artist. Just five little hits was the Senators' portion.

Bob Groom had the Yankees on the run during the first four innings, but in the fifth he was badly punished when four hits brought in two runs, and in the seventh inning he was slammed unmercifully. There was nothing in the air except black clouds and base hits. Six in a row yielded four tallies, and the game from a Washington standpoint ceased to be interesting, as Quinn was working like a piece of well-oiled machinery. In only three innings did the Senators have the ghost of a show to collect runs.

Hal Chase gave the fans something to talk about and incidentally pulled one of the cleverest plays ever seen on the local diamond. It happened in the Washingtons' sixth inning with Schaefer on third, Gessler at bat, and one out. Gessler hit a sharp grounder to Hal, who was playing his usual deep position. With a one-hand scoop he snagged the ball and then came a mad dash for the bag. Chase just beat Gessler by a few inches and in crossing the base slipped and turned a somersault. Schaefer saw his opportunity to sneak home and made a sprint for the plate. The comedian was the most astonished man in the world when he found the ball waiting for him in Sweeney's hands. How Chase ever scrambled to his feet to make the throw is a mystery. To the crowd it looked like an impossible feat.

The game only lasted eight innings, as a thunder shower broke it up in the ninth inning, when Hartzell was at bat for the Yankees, two gone, and Jack Knight on second, Knight reaching the bag by means of a two-bagger, which will not go to his credit in the official averages. Further play was out of the question, and Umpire Evans called off hostilities.

Owing to the severe rain which drenched the Capital yesterday noon part of the field was in a deplorable condition. The diamond was all right, but the outfield was ankle deep in water and good-sized pools dotted the space back of the first and third base foul lines to the stands.

The Senators were first to break into the run column, scoring their only tally in the second. Gessler walloped a single to centre. McBride walked, and with the infield playing close, expecting a bunt, Wid Conroy smashed the sphere through Gardner for a pretty single, filling the bases. Cunningham grounded to Knight, the lanky shortstopper electing to toss out Cunny at first while Gessler crossed the plate with the home folks' only run. Street and Groom, the next men up, were easy for Quinn.

Although Gardner connected for a two-bagger in the Yankees' second inning, none of his teammates could bring him home. Groom was in fine fettle until the fifth, and then it happened. Sweeney, first up, died, McBride to Schaefer. Quinn smashed the ball over Milan's head to centre field, and pulled up at second. Wolter bumped one of Groom's fast ones up against the right-field fence for a triple, scoring Quinn. Caldwell singled between Cunningham and Schaefer, sending in Wolter.

The Yankees were held in check during the next inning, but in the seventh the storm of swats broke afresh. Everybody up took a solid whack at the sphere. Wolter, the first visitor, flied to Milan. Caldwell dropped a Texas Leaguer into short right. Chase singled to centre, and when Daniels beat out an infield roller the bases were choked. Knight found one of Groom's twisters to his liking, and drove the ball over Walker's thatch in deep left for a three-bagger, cleaning up the bases. Caldwell, Chase, and Daniels crossed the plate. Hartzell completed the job with a single to right, and Knight counted with the visitors' sixth run.

Needless to say, the eighth inning opened without Groom. Manager McAleer sent "Dixie" Walker to the firing line, and the big fellow, after his three weeks' layoff, uncorked a world of speed during the short time he was on the job.

White Sox Defeat Detroit.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Chicago bunched hits off Summers and took advantage of the visitors' errors, defeating Detroit in the second game of the series 6 to 1. Detroit's run was made with a triple and a single. Score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'Int're, rf.	5	1	3	2	0
Lord, 3b.	4	1	1	2	2
Cal'han, lf.	4	1	1	1	0
Bodie, cf.	4	1	2	1	0
M'C'nell, 2b.	4	0	2	2	2
Collins, 1b.	3	0	1	8	3
Corhan, ss.	4	1	3	2	3
Payne, c.	4	0	0	8	2
Scott, p.	3	1	0	1	2
Total	35	6	13	27	14

DETROIT.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jones, lf.	4	0	1	3	1
Bush, ss.	4	0	0	4	3
Drake, cf.	0	0	0	0	0
Schaller, cf.	3	0	0	3	0
Crawf'd, rf.	4	0	2	1	0
Deleh'ty, 1b.	4	0	1	8	0
Lathers, 3b.	1	0	0	0	0
O'Leary, 3b.	3	1	1	1	2
B'mann, 2b.	4	0	2	1	2
Stanage, c.	4	0	1	4	2
Sum'rs, p.	3	0	1	0	3
*Schmidt	1	0	0	0	0
†Donovan	0	0	0	0	0
‡Mullin	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	1	9	24	13

*Batted for Schaller in the eighth inning.
†Ran for Schmidt in the eighth inning.
‡Batted for Summers in the ninth inning.
Errors—Corhan, Bush, Baumann, Stanage.

Chicago ....1 0 3 0 0 1 1 1 .—6
Detroit ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Crawford. Three-base hits—Bodie, O'Leary, Baumann. Sacrifice hit—Collins. Stolen bases—Lord, Payne, (2.) Double plays—Bush and Delehanty; Collins, Payne, Lord, Scott, Collins, and Lord; Jones, Bush, and O'Leary. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Detroit, 8. Bases on balls—Off Summers, 2. Struck out—By Summers, 2; by Scott, 8. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Parker and Sheridan.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Philadelphia at New York—Rain.
Brooklyn, 9; Boston, 9.
(Called twelfth inning—Darkness.)
St. Louis at Pittsburgh—Rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York, 6; Washington, 1.
Boston at Philadelphia—Rain.
Chicago, 6; Detroit, 1.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Montreal at Newark—Rain.
Buffalo at Jersey City—Rain.
Baltimore, 10; Rochester, 3.
Providence, 8; Toronto, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	62	37	.626	St. Louis	57	47	.548
Pittsburgh	64	41	.610	Cincinnati	46	56	.451
New York	61	41	.599	Brooklyn	39	64	.379
Philadelphia	58	46	.558	Boston	25	80	.238

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	69	38	.645	Chicago	54	53	.505
Detroit	67	42	.615	Cleveland	55	55	.500
Boston	56	53	.514	Washington	45	65	.409
New York	56	54	.509	St. Louis	33	75	.305

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	73	39	.652	Montreal	51	57	.472
Baltimore	71	40	.640	Jersey City	43	63	.405
Toronto	68	47	.591	Newark	42	67	.386
Buffalo	52	56	.481	Providence	41	72	.363

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Cincinnati at New York.
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at Cleveland.
Detroit at Chicago.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Montreal at Newark—Two games.
Buffalo at Jersey City.
Rochester at Baltimore.
Toronto at Providence.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn and Boston Battle to a Twelve-Inning Tie.

BOSTON, Aug. 15.—The locals came up from behind again to-day, and, tieing Brooklyn in the eighth inning, held the game safe to the twelfth inning, when it was called with the score 9 to 9, because of darkness. Brooklyn forced Weaver from the box in the third and hit Mattern for runs occasionally. Boston hammered Barger's delivery in the fifth and sixth innings, causing his retirement in the latter inning. "Nap" Rucker was not a puzzle. The score:

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sw'ney, 2b.	7	3	3	3	5
B'dwell, ss.	7	1	2	1	6
Jackson, lf.	5	1	3	5	0
Donlin, cf.	5	1	1	2	0
Miller, rf.	6	1	3	2	0
Ing'ton, 1b.	6	0	1	17	0
M'D'n'd, 3b.	5	1	1	1	1
Kling, c.	4	0	1	5	1
Weaver, p.	1	0	1	0	0
Mattern, p.	3	1	1	0	5
*Gowdy	1	0	0	0	0
Total	50	9	17	36	18

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tooley, ss.	5	2	2	1	6
Daub't, 1b.	4	1	2	18	0
Wheat, lf.	4	2	1	3	0
Hummel, 2b.	5	1	2	2	5
Davids'n, cf.	6	1	0	3	0
Coulson, rf.	5	1	3	1	0
Zim'm'n, 3b.	3	0	0	0	2
Bergen, c.	4	0	2	6	0
Erwin, c.	1	0	0	2	0
Barger, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Rucker, p.	3	1	1	0	3
Total	43	9	13	36	19

*Batted for Mattern in the twelfth inning.
Errors—Sweeney, Jackson, Davidson.

Boston ......0 1 0 0 3 3 0 2 0 0 0 0—9
Brooklyn ....3 0 3 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—9

Game called on account of darkness.

Two-base hit—Coulson, (2,) Miller, Ingerton, Jackson, (3,) Rucker, Sweeney. Three-base hits—Daubert, McDonald. Hits—Off Weaver, 5 in two innings, (none out in the third inning;) off Mattern, 8 in ten innings; off Barger, 10 in five innings, (one out in the sixth inning;) off Rucker, 7 in seven innings. Sacrifice fly—Bergen. Sacrifice hits—Daubert, Zimmerman, (2,) Mattern, Wheat. Stolen bases—Coulson, Jackson. Double plays—Tooley and Daubert; Ingerton, (unassisted;) Bridwell, Sweeney, and Ingerton. Left on bases—Boston, 11; Brooklyn, 9. First base on balls—Off Weaver, 1; off Mattern, 4; off Barger, 3; off Rucker, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Weaver, 1, (Wheat.) Struck out—By Weaver, 2; by Mattern, 2; by Barger, 2; by Rucker, 4. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Brennan.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

Connecticut League.

All games postponed—Rain.

New England League.

Lynn, 6; New Bedford, 4.
Worcester, 6; Brockton, 4, (first game.)
Worcester, 4; Brockton, 1, (second game.)
Fall River, 9; Lowell, 8, (ten innings.)

New York State League.

All games postponed—Rain.

American Association.

Minneapolis, 11; Kansas City, 6.
Louisville, 14; Columbus, 8.
St. Paul, 5; Milwaukee, 4.
Indianapolis, 4; Toledo, 1.

Tri-State League.

Harrisburg, 1; Lancaster, 0, (five innings.)
Reading, 6; York, 0, (seven innings.)
Other games postponed—Rain.

Southern League.

Nashville, 6; Birmingham, 2.
Montgomery, 5; Memphis, 0.
Atlanta, 3; New Orleans, 0, (first game.)
Atlanta, 2; New Orleans, 0, (second game.)
Chattanooga, 4; Mobile, 3.

O'BRIEN 'GOES OUT' IN FIFTH ROUND

Philadelphia Jack Is No Match for Sam Langford at the Twentieth Century.

Sam Langford knocked out Jack O'Brien of Philadelphia last night in the fifth round of their scheduled ten-session battle at the Twentieth Century A. C., with a left hook to the body. O'Brien took an awful beating up to that time, and the consensus of opinion was that the Boston negro could have administered the quietus long before he parted with the knockout punch. O'Brien boxed cleverly, but his blows lacked steam, and despite his rocking of Langford's head a dozen times during the encounter, the negro was always wading in, apparently not caring what O'Brien dealt out.

In the third round Langford put a terrific punch to his man's body which keeled him over. O'Brien refused to take advantage of any count, and was on his feet almost instantly. He staled along well on to the end of the round, when he was put down again by a similar punch, this time taking the count of eight. He managed to stay the rest of the session. The end of the fourth found O'Brien reeling all over the ring as a result of the terrible body punches he was getting, the bell saving him.

The end came forty-seven seconds after the start of the fifth. During the major portion of this time Langford was after his man like a wild man, ripping in body punches that made the white man yell, until the end came with a left to the head, immediately followed by a crashing left to the wind, which put the Philadelphian out for keeps.

The men fought before one of the best houses seen at the club this year, it being estimated that there was more than $7,500 in the box office. Rumor had it that O'Brien was to get $5,000 for his share, with Langford somewhat near this amount. They finally agreed upon a division. The betting before the go was 3 to 1 that Langford would win and even money that he would win within six rounds.

There was the usual introduction of many champions, past and present, chief among whom was Bob Fitzsimmons, who announced that, while he was not desirous of re-entering the ring, he would if he could meet Jim Corbett and renew the hostilities of Carson City some years ago. Among others presented were Peter Maher, Tom Sharkey, Billy Papke, Abe Attell, and Kid McCoy. The latter was one of O'Brien's advisers, and announced that his man weighed 170 pounds, while Langford confessed to 180. Both men looked well, the appearance of the negro being a marked improvement over his looks of last week, when he beat Jim Smith.

After the usual photographing and posing the men were called to the centre by Charlie White, the referee. Instructions were given that the breaks were to be clean, with no hitting in getting away. O'Brien was the first to lead, landing a light left to the face, upon which he immediately clinched. Langford responded with a left, which had some sting behind it. He followed this up with a swing, which staggered his man, who slipped down. Langford all but hit him when he was on his knee so eager was he to get at him.

Langford bored in with his left, making play for the wind, which O'Brien failed to relish. There was no steam behind the Quaker's punches, which the negro shook off easily. O'Brien led, but could not make any impression on Langford, who even at this time seemed to be biding his time. O'Brien held repeatedly as the result of Langford's terrible rips into the stomach. Langford got a jab on the mouth that brought the crimson.

The honors of the round went to O'Brien by a narrow margin. The Quaker went right after his man at the beginning of the second. Langford came back with those terrible lefts to the body. Langford began to feint his man, who missed a right and got a wallop on the head in return. Langford went for the body, landing repeatedly, so that O'Brien was willing to hang on. The latter was bleeding from the mouth. Both were sending rights to the body at the bell. The round was easily Langford's.

Langford went after his man commencing the third, with O'Brien jabbing, with no apparent injury to the negro. Langford whipped in a right to the head and a left to the body, which sent the Philadelphian down, but he refused to take any of the count and jumped up. He sprang after the negro with futile efforts to land. Langford was taking things easy, apparently realizing that he had his man beaten. O'Brien got over a good wallop on the jaw, but hung on after the delivery. Langford dealt out a score of punches to his opponent's kidneys, which had appreciable effect. He jabbed to the head, and after putting in a number of whips to the stomach dropped the Quaker for the count of eight. O'Brien got up and stalled through the remainder of the round.

Both fiddled beginning the fourth. O'Brien parted with a light left, and missed a forceful right. The negro then began to stall around, contented with his long lead. He put across lefts to face and body which caused O'Brien to yell, "Oh!" and caused his face to assume a painful expression. This happened repeatedly during the rest of the round, and it became a proposition as to how long Langford would let the Quaker stay.

Langford kept working for the body, and gave O'Brien an awful beating in the latter part of this round. Just before the bell the negro sent over a terrible left to the head, which caused O'Brien to reel all over the ring and apparently unable to find his corner.

O'Brien led to the head, but failed to bother the negro, who was all over his man. The Quaker ran away from the punishment, but could not escape lefts to the head and body, which finally sent him into dreamland a badly beaten man. It was several minutes before O'Brien could make his way to the dressing room.

The first of the two six-round semifinals brought together Kid Williams of Baltimore and Billy Foust of New York. What the Kid did to the youngster was a plenty, being all over his man with both hands all the time. Dick Egan of Washington gained the verdict over Fighting Johnny Allen of New York in a mediocre six-round affair.

STATE AUTO INSPECTORS.

New Officers Will See That Callan Law Provisions Are Observed.

Gov. Dix has recently authorized the appointment by the Secretary of State of five Inspectors who are to investigate whether the provisions of the Callan automobile law are being observed throughout the State. These officers will see that automobilists attend to the proper display of their license numbers on their cars and comply with the provisions relative to the display of lamps on automobiles at night.

Each State Inspector will patrol certain sections and will see that automobilists are observing the rules of the road, as prescribed by the law, giving proper warning before crossing intersections of the highways, as well as upon approaching pedestrians and other users of the roads.

RAIN PREVENTS GAME.

Giants Begin Long Series of Games with Western Teams at Polo Grounds.

Yesterday's jet black thunderstorm prevented the game at the Polo Grounds between the Giants and the Phillies. With McGraw's team only two and a half games behind the Cubs, New York this afternoon faces Cincinnati in the first game of the Western invasion. The home club is one and a half games back of the Pirates.

Cincinnati, Chicago, Pittsburg, and St. Louis come to the Polo Grounds in order and on Sept. 1 the Giants go to Philadelphia for two games, coming back here on Sept. 4 to play Boston.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Baltimore.

R.H.E.
Rochester ......0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0—3 15 4
Baltimore ......5 0 0 0 0 5 0 0 x—10 13 2

Batteries—McConnell, Manser and Jacklitsch, Mitchell; Vickers and Egan, Byers. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Kerins.

At Providence.

R.H.E.
Toronto ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 7 5
Providence ......1 0 3 0 0 0 2 2 x—8 13 0

Batteries—Rudolph, Bachman and Phelps; Lavender and Sheehan. Umpires—Messrs. Doyle and Byron.

South Atlantic League.

Albany, 5; Savannah, 0.
Jacksonville, 3; Charleston, 2, (first game.)
Jacksonville, 4; Charleston, 3, (second game.)
Columbia, 17; Columbus, 5.
Macon, 3; S. A. L. Club, 2.

BASEBALL NOTES.

Left Fielder Hugh High of the Hartford, Conn., League ball team was sold yesterday to the New York Nationals by James H. Clarkin, owner of the Hartford Club. The price paid is not given.

The New York American Baseball Club has purchased the release of Pitcher Hardin of the Fort Wayne, Ind., Club. Hardin has won 11 out of the last 12 games he has pitched.

Marty O'Toole, the new twirler for the Pittsburgh ball team, purchased from St. Paul for $22,500, has arrived in Pittsburgh to the great relief of Pirate fandom. O'Toole expressed the feeling that "It was just like coming back home, for I was born in Pittsburgh." Catcher Kelly, who has been O'Toole's battery partner on the St. Paul team, and who has also been purchased by Pittsburgh, is not expected to report until after the close of the American Association season, although it is possible he may report within a week or two. O'Toole will be on the Eastern trip with the Pittsburgh team.

The Cubs left Chicago last night on their last invasion of the East, happy in the possession of first place in the league and determined to clinch the 1911 pennant before returning home Sept. 3. Manager Chance took every member of the team along, as he believes it will be a crucial trip. To-day the Cubs will start a four-game series with Boston and then play New York, Brooklyn, and Philadelphia in turn.

Denton T. Young, the veteran pitcher of the major leagues, was released yesterday by the Cleveland team of the American League. "Cy's" unconditional release has been announced before, but this time the Cleveland team officially announces that it has let him go. Young has a great record in baseball. He made his debut against Chicago in 1890, pitching for Cleveland. He twirled his five hundredth victory in the major leagues last season, after twenty-one years of pitching. "Cy" declares that he'll stay in baseball for years yet.

DECISIONS BY REFEREES.

Boxing Commissioner States That They Will Not Be Allowed.

The first direct statement regarding any of the policies of the new State Boxing Commission, recently appointed by Gov. Dix, was made yesterday at Binghamton by Frank S. O'Neil of that city, a member of the commission. It refers to the much-mooted question as to whether or not decisions will be allowed when the sport returns to a legalized plane. According to Mr. O'Neil, decisions will be forbidden at the outset, and later an experiment may be made and decisions allowed. The main object of the commission in refusing to allow decisions is to prevent gambling as far as is possible, as the commission is quite determined to wage a war on gambling in connection with the sport.

The Frawley bill made no mention of decisions by a referee, and those in favor of the custom immediately started out to test sentiment in regard to decisions. Considerable opposition was found, as the majority of boxing promoters seemed to regard the present conditions as less likely to cause trouble and dissatisfaction. With different referees in charge of the bouts at many different clubs the possibility of some being reached by the gambling element would increase and thus tend to injure the sport. This seems to be the fear of many closely identified with the control of the sport. Under the present conditions it is possible to reach a definite conclusion regarding the winner from the press reports, even though they often vary to some extent.

The fact that bouts can go no longer than ten rounds is another objection against a referee giving decisions. Under the old Horton law, when bouts were allowed to go twenty-five rounds there was [illegible], but it is pointed out that the task will be still more difficult in shorter bouts.

HASLIN MEMORIAL UNVEILED AT N. Y. A. C.

Bronze Tablet at Travers Island for the Club's Former President.

A memorial tablet, presented by friends of James H. Haslin to the New York Athletic Club, which Mr. Haslin served for fifteen years as a Governor and two years as President, was unveiled yesterday at the New York A. C. Summer home, at Travers Island. The tablet, made of solid bronze and designed by George P. Brewster, stands two feet high and three feet in width. In the centre is the bust of Mr. Haslin in bas relief, with inscriptions on each side. On the left is the following: "In memory of James H. Haslin, Governor of this club for fifteen years and President, 1909-1910." On the right is the inscription: "It was due greatly to his efforts that this house was built." Beneath these words is the seal of the club.

The tablet was presented to the club by Bartow S. Weeks, who recalled the fact that Mr. Haslin had done more for the club than any other man. He reviewed his life as a club member for twenty-five years, fifteen of which he served as a Governor and two years as President. In being elected to the Presidency, Mr. Weeks remarked, Mr. Haslin had realized the ambition of his life. The speaker laid especial stress on Mr. Haslin's connection with the sale of the old clubhouse, at Fifty-fifth Street, and particularly with the erection of the present Summer home, at Travers Island. "When fire destroyed the old home at Travers Island," said Mr. Weeks, "and the erection of a new home became a necessity there were several differences of opinion in regard to its character and size. His optimism urged the erection of a house surpassing in size and expense the conservative views of many of our most sage counselors. Later developments have proved that Mr. Haslin was right, and that he read the signs of the times far better than the others."

The tablet was accepted on behalf of the club by Vice President Ernest E. Malcolm with a few appropriate remarks. Other officers of the club in attendance were Secretary Fred R. Fortmeyer, Treasurer Martin S. Paine, Capt. Matthew Halpin, and Govs. E. F. Harbold and C. Otto Toussaint. The committee in charge of the unveiling consisted of M. S. Paine, J. T. Muir, T. Hamilton Burch, Michael Hart, and Fred R. Fortmeyer. Among the club members in attendance were R. C. Kammerer, C. F. Hofferbert, H. H. Baxter, Mark Brennan, J. F. Muir, Dr. T. Hamilton Burch, Charles Bliss, Reginald Woodward, Charles Ross, Harry Smith, Judge T. P. Dineen, Robert Rodman, R. L. Kimball, R. B. Davidson, E. M. Huggins, W. T. Timson, W. J. Gibson, B. E. French, A. D. Fettretch, H. E. Toussaint, Nicholas Engle, C. Warren Fisher, W. F. Rudolphy, Andrew Smith, Thomas Smith, E. J. Giannini, J. W. Carritte, F. K. Hunter, Charles Holzman, and C. L. Burns.

Swimming at Adirondack Camps.

Following are the results of the swimming competition held at Paul Smith's Hotel on the Lower St. Regis Lake, under the auspices of Camp Osgood on Saturday, Aug. 12. All the races were closely contested and good competition was witnessed by a large crowd of hotel guests and campers who lined the banks and filled the balconies. The feature of the afternoon was the canoe tilting contest, in which Treadeau and Hughson of Paul Smith's Hotel defeated the McCaffrey brothers of Camp Osgood, two out of three heats. The summaries:

25-Yard Swim, Handicap, Open to Camp Osgood.—Won by James McCaffrey, (1 second;) John McCaffrey, (scratch,) second; V. Parke, (2 seconds,) third. Time, 0:23.

50-Yard Swim for Distance, Scratch.—Won by Reilly; Marschat, second; James McCaffrey, third. Distance, 79 feet.

50-Yard Swim, Scratch, Open to Hotel.—Won by Leonard; Reilly, second; Petresino, third. Time, 0:59.

Walking Greased Pole.—Won by Hughson; J. Reilly, second; J. McCaffrey, third.

25-Yard Swim on Back, Open to Hotel.—Won by C. F. La Four; J. Reilly, second; C. Jones, third. Time, 0:42.

100-Yard Relay Race.—Won by Paul Smith's Hotel; Camp Osgood, second.

Canoe Tilting Contest.—Camp Osgood team, made up of McCaffrey brothers; Hotel team, made up of Treadeau and Hughson. First heat won by Camp Osgood; second and third heats by Paul Smith's Hotel.

Roque Tournament at Norwich.

NORWICH, Conn., Aug. 15.—With many well-known players among the entrants, the annual tournament of the National Roque Association was begun to-day on the courts of the Norwich Club. Harold Bosworth of New London, champion of last year's tournament, and J. F. Fellon of Philadelphia, winner of the second division, are among the players, and it is expected that E. E. White of Willimantic, winner of the third division, will also take part. C. C. King of Chicago, holder of the Van Wickle medal, is to defend his possession of the trophy, Champion Bosworth having challenged him. Five matches were played during the morning in the first division, and six in the second. The third division has not yet been made up. The best game was that between Edward Clark of Springfield and C. C. King of Chicago, which Clark won.

National Rifle Shoot.

CAMP PERRY, Ohio, Aug. 15.—Better shooting conditions could hardly be asked than those that greeted the marksmen to-day at the tournament of the National Rifle Association. The morning programme was the 200-yard slow-fire and 600-yard slow-fire stages of the Governor's match, begun yesterday. The completion of these stages shortly after noon found Capt. F. H. Heidenrich of the District of Columbia leading, with a score of 189; Lieut. C. C. Clark of Kansas, second, with 188, and Corp. C. B. Long of Massachusetts, third, with 188.

This afternoon the sharpshooters took the 800-yard range for the first stage of the Leech Cup match, which will be concluded Thursday afternoon, at 900 and 1,000 yards. The Evans skirmish match for the cup presented by Brig. Gen. R. K. Evans also was begun this afternoon, to be continued to-morrow.

In the Wimbledon Cup match, which was shot yesterday, [illegible] the winner is Capt. H. Emerson of Ohio, who scored 98. He won the cup last year.

TENNIS AT SOUTHAMPTON.

Gardner of Harvard Defeats Dabney in Morning Match for Meadow Club Trophy.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I., Aug. 15.—Showing the same speedy footing in his court covering as in his hurdling, G. P. Gardner, the Harvard intercollegiate title holder, who recently returned to this country from the Oxford games, scored a brilliant victory over Arthur S. Dabney, the lawn tennis expert of the Long Wood Cricket Club, this morning in the second round of the singles for the Meadow Club Cup. Gardner defeated his veteran opponent at 10—12, 6—4, 6—2. Gardner overcame an unsteadiness which in the early part of the contest threatened to cause him to lose his place in the tournament.

Gardner has an easy match in the early rounds, but in the fifth he appears destined to be tested, as he will face either Melville H. Long, the Californian, or Louis Schwenger, the sensational Canadian champion. The player from the Pacific Coast disposed of Clarence Fisher by the score of 6—3, 6—2. His glancing cross-court shots were going finely in this match, as they were later in the afternoon when he faced Schwenger. The Californian and the Canadian were just getting into their stride when the storm broke and put an end to the tournament for the day.

Karl H. Behr, the former internationalist, was another whose shots were going well and who had to give way to the rain. Behr scored at 6—3, 6—3 over Frederick C. Inman, the former New York State titleholder, to the surprise of the experts. It was the best tennis that Behr had shown in several seasons. He took the court against William J. Clothier, the former National champion, and the two worked along to Clothier's, leading at 4—2 on the first set. Behr was just beginning to check Clothier's passing tactics when they also had to seek shelter. The two, however, will meet in the starred match to-morrow morning. Maurice E. McLoughlin, the Californian, withdrew from the singles.

THE SUMMARIES.

Meadow Club Cup Singles.—First Round—Melville H. Long defeated Clarence Fisher, 6—3, 6—2; D. C. Thomas defeated Seymour Mohlson by default; Ralph C. Baggs defeated Newton Rae by default; George A. Lyons, Jr., defeated Goelet Galatin, 6—0, 6—1; Cortlandt Dixon defeated J. K. G. Lawrence, 6—1, 6—2; J. D. E. Jones defeated Karl Smith, 6—1, 6—3; Dr. P. B. Hawk defeated William D. Bourne, 6—3, 6—2; Karl H. Behr defeated Frederick C. Inman, 6—3, 6—3.

Second Round—Theodore R. Pell defeated Edward H. Whitney by default; Lewis H. Perry defeated William Chambers, 6—0, 6—1; Dr. Ewing Taylor defeated Reginald Fincke by default; Wallace F. Johnson defeated Stanley Cutting, 3—6, 9—7, 6—2; Joseph R. Carpenter, Jr., defeated Edgar W. Leonard by default; Henry W. Slocum defeated Edward W. Larned by default; Mansfield Smithers defeated Maurice E. McLoughlin by default; Howard Brokaw defeated W. Kuhn by default; Russell E. Sard defeated E. R. Philbin, 6—0, 7—5; Norman Johnson defeated Carlton R. Gardner by default; Hugh Tallant defeated Walter Hazard, 7—5, 6—4; Fritz Goodhue defeated H. Clark, 5—7, 6—2, 11—9.

Third Round—Theodore R. Pell defeated George H. Nettleton, 6—2, 6—3; George P. Gardner, Jr., defeated Arthur S. Dabney, 10—12, 6—4, 6—2; C. Frederick Watson, Jr., defeated Henry W. Slocum, 3—6, 6—2, 7—5; Hugh Tallant defeated Norman Johnson by default; Thomas C. Bundy defeated George Ewing, 6—1, 6—3.

AMERICAN TENNIS TEAM.

Larned, Little, McLoughlin, and Bundy Will Play British Team Here.

President Dwight of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association to-day cabled to the National Lawn Tennis Association of England the names of the players to represent this country in the matches to be played with the British team on the West Side Tennis Club courts here Sept. 7, 8, and 9.

The American team will consist of W. A. Larned, the National champion; R. D. Little of New York, and Maurice McLoughlin and Thomas C. Bundy, the Pacific Coast cracks. The winning team will go to Australia to challenge for the international trophy now held in that country.

White Mountain Golf Championship.

The fourth annual tournament for the White Mountain amateur golf championship will be played over the Waumbek Golf Club (Jefferson, N. H.) course on Aug. 24, 25, and 26. The qualifying round of eighteen holes will be played Thursday, Aug. 24, the first sixteen qualifying for the White Mountain championship, the second sixteen qualifying for the Waumbek Cup, the third sixteen for the Jefferson Cup, and the fourth sixteen for the Starr King Cup. The first and second round match play will be played Friday and the semi-finals and finals will be played Saturday. On Saturday there will be an 18-hole medal play handicap. There are prizes for the best score in the qualifying round, and the runners-up in the first, second, third, and fourth sixteens, also for the winners of the losing eights. Entries close Wednesday, Aug. 23, with A. T. Compton, Jr., Secretary.

Vanderbilt's Horse Wins in France.

DEAUVILLE, France, Aug. 15.—The Prix des Dunes, of $2,000, distance one mile and five furlongs, run here to-day was won by W. K. Vanderbilt's Miranbe. In the Prix des Bassins, of $825, for two-year-olds, distance five furlongs, H. B. Duryea's The Irishman came in second.

Danny Maher in Saddle Again.

NOTTINGHAM, Eng., Aug. 15.—Danny Maher returned to the saddle to-day and signalized the occasion by winning the principal race of to-day's card, the Nottinghamshire Breedres Foal Plate of £500, with Cap and Gown. The event was run at five furlongs, straight.

American Cricketers Abroad.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The Germantown Cricket Club played the Gentlemen of Surrey at the oval here to-day. The home team batting first were all out with 140 runs. The visitors replied with 213, [illegible] players had 56 for one wicket at the close of play.

ELENA LEADS YACHTS.

Interesting Racing Season for Large Yachts Comes to an Early Close.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 15.—The placing out of commission immediately of the big schooners Elena and Westward, to be followed shortly by the Irolita and Enchantress, brings to a somewhat early close one of the most interesting seasons of large yacht racing since the last America's Cup series of 1903.

The two months' racing ends with the Elena in the lead, although in the past two weeks her margin over the Westward shows a difference of only 40 seconds in 231 miles of racing. Yet the Plant yacht met the Cochran boat in eight contests and defeated her five times. The Elena beat the Irolita in fourteen out of seventeen races and the Enchantress in eight out of nine contests. The Elena's season began on June 17 with two races in the Sound, followed by a cruise of the Eastern Yacht Club to Bar Harbor, then the cruise of the New York Yacht Club and the races for the Astor and King's Cups, and the special race on Saturday by the Newport Yacht Racing Association.

The Irolita season was the same, while the Enchantress participated in two runs of the Eastern Yacht Club, the New York Yacht Club cruise, and the races for the Astor and King's Cups, the latter being her only victory of the season.

The Westward's season did not begin until the New York Yacht Club cruise, although she was in commission on July 1, two weeks after her return from a successful trip abroad. She won one of the squadron runs and the Astor Cup and defeated the Elena in the race for the King's Cup.

The Irolita defeated the Elena in one of the runs of the Eastern Yacht Club, in the longest run of the New York Yacht Club, and in the race of the Newport Yacht Racing Association on last Saturday. She also defeated the Enchantress in one run of the Eastern Yacht Club and in the five runs of the New York Yacht Club cruise.

The Enchantress's record stands one victory over the Irolita in the Eastern Yacht Club cruise, another in the race for the Astor Cup, while, as has been said, she defeated the three in the race for the King's Cup.

The attention of the yachting world has been drawn to these four yachts, as it is felt that the next contest for the America's Cup will be fought with this type of boat, combining, as it does, speed, safety, and comfort.

It is expected that the Elmina, owned by F. F. Brewster, will be in commission next season and that the racing will be still more interesting.

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KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4836 Col.
NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone [illegible] Col.
OAKLAND 30 H.P., $1,000; 40 H.P., $1,500. 1,659 Broadway, at 52d St. Tel. [illegible] Col.
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WHITE White Co., B'way & 62d St. 'Phone 2952 Col.

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SPORTING EVENTS.
BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, To-day, 4 P. M. Giants vs. Cincinnati. Adm. 25c. & 50c.

Unusual bargains are frequently offered in the Used Auto column on next to the last page. Don't overlook them.—Adv.

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LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

The Entry of Antiques Free Depends Upon Compliance with Regulations.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers that antiques sent to this country prior to the passage of the Tariff act of 1909, and entered in bond for warehousing before the date of the passage of the law cannot be admitted free of duty unless importers have complied with the regulations issued by the Secretary of the Treasury Department. The goods include antiques and works of art from China, and were imported by the S. & G. Bump Company.

It appears that the articles were entered for warehousing just prior to the enactment of the present law. The Secretary's regulations were promulgated fifteen days after the passage of the act, while the merchandise was withdrawn at different times after Sept. 15. On this account the importers alleged that it was not incumbent upon them to comply with the Secretary's regulations in view of the fact that the goods arrived and were warehoused before the issuance of the regulations. Judge Waite, in his decision for the board overruling the protests, says in part:

"When the withdrawal was made the regulations were in effect, and the importers had the same notice that any other importer would have of the existence of the law and the regulations upon bringing goods into the country. Had they seen fit they might have postponed the withdrawal from warehouse in this case to such date as would have given ample time to produce the required proof. This they failed to do. Hence we must hold that the regulations were not complied with, and free entry must be denied. The protest is overruled."

Killed in Bronx Car Barns.

David Blackbar, a chef living at 2,098 Lexington Avenue, was walking through the carbarns of the Union Railway Company at 176th Street and Boston Road at 7:35 o'clock last evening when a car that was being taken into the barns jumped a switch. It struck Blackbar, pinning him between the side of the car and the wall, killing him instantly. The car was in charge of Motorman John Gerahty of 450 East 156th Street. The police made no arrest.

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BUSINESS TROUBLES.

FRANK BRUNHORST, dry goods, 815 Tenth Avenue; schedules show liabilities $5,269 and assets, $2,517, consisting of stock, $2,000; fixtures, $500, and cash, $17.

JACOB LEVY, 50 West 119th Street, filed a petition; liabilities, $4,798, and no assets. Among the creditors are the German Exchange Bank, $4,000 indorsement on notes in 1906, and R. Fleigenbaum, $525.

FRENCH-AMERICAN FUR COMPANY, (David and Isaac Merkin,) manufacturers, 110 and 112 West Twenty-sixth Street. Petition by Pines & Gerstel, $450; Morris Breitman, $350, and Jacob Bobrow & Co., $260. The assets, $500.

THE FAVORITE, (Wachstader & Davidson,) clothing, 535 Eighth Avenue. Judge Holt has appointed Henry W. Sykes, 346 Broadway, receiver, bond $1,500, to continue business thirty days. The application was made by Sol Nelkin, President of the Sol Nelkin Company, creditors for $5,144.

CASTLETON DAIRY COMPANY of Middletown, N. Y., with creameries at Middletown, Campbell Hall, Cooks Falls, Crystal Run, and New Britain, filed a petition; liabilities, $22,592, and assets, $10,331, consisting of plants, milk cans, creameries, $6,800; accounts, $3,481, and office furniture, $50. The company owes 100 farmers for milk, the accounts ranging from $4 to $485. Among the creditors are the Milk Dealers' Protective Association, $64; Beakes Dairy Company, $397; First National Bank of Middletown, $682, and George N. Morrow, $2,900.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Allan, Wallace W.—G. Lindenmeyer, $444.
Alton, Henry, et al.—H. A. Lockwood, $2,990.
Benser, James, et al.—Colwell Lead Co., $1,385.
Berman, Morris—City of New York, $111.
Brill, David—A. Levy, $174.
Brouwer, John H.—Colwell Lead Co., $1,439.
Brownell, Harry C.—F. Francfoit, $296.
Conway, James—M. S. Simpson, $134.
Cohen, Jacob (not summoned) & Max—B. Baum, $286.
Dougherty, Robert, et al.—Colwell Lead Co., $1,385.
Dominani, Pietro, et al.—People &c., $500.
Dimano, Pietro, et al.—Same, $500.
Engle, Philip L.—M. B. Elwood, $180.
Esposito, Anna T., et al.—People &c., $500.
Same—Same, $500.
Eckhoff, John H.—H. J. Houpert, $209.
Greenfield, William—S. Friedlander, $276.
Grinberg, David (not summoned) et al.—D. P. Harris Hardware Co., $280.
Guillemane, Joseph—R. C. Johnson et al., $491.
Same—Same, $210.
Same—Same, $409.
Same—Same, $228.
Same—Same, $173.
Gargillo, Domenico, or Dominick, et al.—Chesebro Bros., $827.
Lippmann, Louis J.—T. Carobine et al., $238.
Lyons, Samuel—M. Friedman, $107.
Mont, Robert R.—E. Johnson, $167.
Mirabella, Santo, et al.—Northern Bank of New York, $332.
Miano, Frank, et al.—Same, $332.
Morris, Adolph, et al.—D. P. Harris Hardware Co., $280.
Needham, J. Gale, et al.—H. L. Verschoore, $4,005.
Naples, Anthony, or Antonio, et al.—Chesbro Bros., $827.
Ogden, Jansen D.—Voorhees Rubber Mfg. Co., $1,045.
O'Connor, Florence E.—W. Holzwasser et al., costs, $108.
Ranger, John H., et al.—H. A. Lockwood, $2,990.
Sroka, Louis—S. Koch, $676.
Sullivan, Cornelius J.—W. Verbeck, $1,587.
Vallon, Maurice C., et al.—H. C. Verschoore, $4,005.
Van Allen, John—People, &c., $500.
Zagetm, Mendel—E. W. De Leon, $1,253.
Zimmermann, George—Allen Advertising Agency, $284.
Monarch Automatic Machine Co.—S. J. Floyd, $441.
Consumers' Apron Co.—Paulus & Howell Press, $775.
Theo Bros. Co.—Isaacs Brothers, $468.
Choos Amusement Co.—G. P. Baroni, $111.
Vanderbilt Realty Improvement Co.—J. Jurin, $112.
John M. Linck Construction Co.—Elite Gas and Electric Fixture Co., $321.
A. Warren Construction Co.—Robert Griffin Co., $146.
Greenwich Cold Storage Co.—Morris & Co., $198.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Chamberlin, Johnson Du Bose, Co.—A. W. Oppenhym and others, Dec. 2, 1908, $1,469.
Same—Same, June 26, 1911, $112.
Same—Same, March 16, 1910, $107.
David M. Oltarsh Iron Works Co. of New York—Berman Brothers, July 18, 1911, $371.
Nauser, Willim J.—B. Hauser, Aug. 9, 1911, $153.
Kennett, Francis J.—G. B. Hopkins, Aug. 2, 1901, $18,213.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Before ——, J. Motion calendar. 1—L V R R Co v. Waller Lighterage Co. 2—Simon v. American Tobacco Co. 3—E I Horstman Co v. Non-Breakable Toy Co. 4—Victor T M Co v. Lindstrom. 5—A R Mosel Co v. Weinstein. 6—Same v. Zeisler. 7—Jessup v. C & N W Ry Co. 8—Duryee v. Intl Machinery Co. 10—Lynch v. Wright Co. 11—Victor T M Co v. Mjltray. 12—Byertley v. Harlem Cont Co. 13—Same v. Hasting Par Co. 14—Hillard v. Remington Typewriter. 15—Irvine v. Merchantile Trust Co. 16—Cons Rubber Tire Co v. B. F. Goodrich Co. 17—Kennedy v. Chambers & Williams. 18—Alexander v. St Louis Southwestern Co. 19—Lebanon Spring & Water Co v. Rex Mineral Water Co. 20—Connolly Fanny Co v. C E Thurston Co. 21—Worthington v. Hamel, Riglander & Co. 22—Fellows v. Borden's Cond Milk Co. 23—Cons Rubber Tire Co v. Diamond Rubber Co. 24—Safety Insulated W & C Co v. Goodyear. 25—Gladdan v. Woodward. 26, 27—Panaulias v. Natl Equit Co. 28—Hillard v. Fisher Book Typewriter Co. 29—Merchantile Service Corp v. Rogers. 30—McGraw Tire & Rubber Co v. Griffith. 31—Automatic Pencil Sharpener Co v. Goldsmith Bros. 32—Underground & Railway v. Omsley. 33—C A Metzger v. Grossman. 34—U S A v. Adam Hoch. 35—Liquidation & Realization Co v. Woodward.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Delany, J. Litigated motions.—1—Matt v. Matt. 2—In re Willis Av Bridge. 3—Meyer v. Meyer. 4—Boston Colony Fruit Exchange v. Porter. 5—Rhinelander R E Co v. Harbater. 6—In re Castle Hill Av. 7—Mishkin v. Weisberger. 8—Di Gregorio v. Rush. 9—Robertson Sales Co v. Spiegel. 10—Burger v. City of Mt Vernon. 11—Thornton v. Thornton. 12—A. P. Dienst Co v. Palladino. 13—Burger v. City of Mt Vernon. 14—Flagg v. Grant. 15—In re Natl Assn for Promotion of Kindergarten Education. 16—Kamerman v. Marks. 17—Seman v. Schreiber. 18—N. R. Savings Bank v. Buckley. 19—Friefeld v. Katzen. 20—Muller v. Under. 21—Ewen v. Ewen. 22—In re McKean. 23—In re Laughlin. 24—In re Crescenzo. 25—In re Davis. 26—In re Verdekberg. 27—In re Morrisey. 28—In re Klein. 29—In re Renz. 30—In re Same. 31—In re Rosenkrantz. 32—Snow v. Snow, Jr. 33—Riordan v. Riordan. 34—Curtis v. Helfer. 35—Craven v. Eccentric Assn of Eng. 36—E. T. Borrows Co v. Bates. 37—Selwitz v. Hexter. 38—People v. Ellison. 39—Schwartz v. Harowitz. 40—Kingsland v. Bartelstone. 41—Feldman v. Pine Moon Realty Co. 42—Waltzer v. Ettlinger. 43—Kempner v. Barrenechea. 44—Mohnhauf v. Gray. 45—McDevitt v. McDevitt. 46—Pavan v. Pavan. 47—Goldner v. Goldner. 48—Lumber Sec Corp v. Jackson. 49—Fleishman v. Palmer. 50—English v. Bates. 51—In re Standard Fram, &c, Co. 52—Wilsen v. Brown. 53—Longworth v. East River Natl Bank. 54—Whitcomb v. Deenes. 55—Doan v. Wm F Const Co. 56—Kugler v. Kugler. 57—Wilsen v. Brown. 58—Loscalzo v. Hartman. 59—Thornton v. Thornton. 60—City of N Y v. Ulrich. 61—Wilson v. Macpherson. 62—Wolawitz v. Wolawitz. 63—Croker v. Croker. 64—City of N Y v. Stafford Const Co. 65—Jacobson v. Gersion. 66—Wolfe v. Wolfe. 67—Grosso v. De Sianto. 68—Snow v. Snow, Jr. 69—People v. Callaghan. 70—People v. Malfetti. 71—Harris v. Levin. 72—Mott v. Mott. 73—Harrigan v. Hirsch. 74—Tichenor v. Tichenor. 75—People v. Dunphy. 76—Knabe v. Dorland. 77—Weiss v. Weiss. 78—Glucksman v. Reissler. 79—Mayer v. Spivak. 80—Autograhpic Register Co v. Selles. 81—Lehman v. Solomon.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Ford, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S.—Wills for probate: Meyer Keller, Frederick Hofman, Rachel B. Brown, Josephine W. Faber, James A. Deane, Mathilda Ishal, John Fraser, Daniel Krauss, Alfred Carr, Edward S. Fearn, Wales R. Stockbridge, Dana A. Rose, Maria McGann.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Herman v. O'Brien—Edgerton L. Winthrop, Jr. Eichman v. Johnson—James Kearny.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J.—Dunn & Rausset v. Cuddy—Joseph M. Schellaborger. Egan v. D'Ambrosio—James Rowan.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Mary E. McNulty v. Patrick J. McNulty—Patrick F. Murphy.

CITY COURT—Smith, J.—George S. Antes v. Wiebe Eng Co.—Gilbert W. Roberts.

FIRE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Appointed for Fifteen Days—John F. Shields and Michael Kelly, Inspectors of Blasting; Frederick A. Lambert, Assistant Fire Marshal, Manhattan, Bronx, and Richmond.

Revocation of Details—Fireman F. F. Slattery, Engine 83 to Engine 87, for watch duty on sick report; Fireman T. E. Riordan, Engine 63 to Bureau Chief of Department.

Details—Assistant Foreman E. O'Donnell, Engine 142, to Bureau of Repairs and Supplies; Fireman F. Monroe, Engine 152, to Hospital and Training Stables, Brooklyn.

Transfer—Fireman J. Keough, Engine 103 to Engine 101.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Changes of officers of Coast Artillery Corps: Lieut. Col. J. C. W. Brooks from Presidio of San Francisco to Fort Baker, Cal.; Major E. M. Blake from Artillery District of Tampa to Fort Crockett, Texas; Major A. Hero, Jr., to Fort Monroe, Va.; Major J. M. Williams from Fort Screven, Ga., to Fort Hamilton, N. Y.; Major E. O. Sarratt from Fort Monroe, Va., to Fort Screven, Ga.; Capt. T. H. R. McIntyre from 108th to 78th Company; Capt. L. Coleman from 167th to 144th Company, effective Sept. 15; Capt. H. J. Watson from 129th to 10th Company; Capt. G. T. Perkins from 144th to 129th Company; Capt. F. Lecocq from 28th to 115th Company; Capt. C. E. T. Lull from 38th Company to Artillery District Puget Sound; First Lieut. A. G. Pendleton, assigned to 98th Company; First Lieut. A. Kimberly from 40th Company to the Gen. Samuel M. Mills at Fort Monroe, Va., relieving First Lieut. G. A. Mix; First Lieut. J. A. Gallogly from 20th to 44th Company; First Lieut. J. H. Cunningham from 44th Company to 143d Company; First Lieut. J. H. Pirie, attached to 98th Company; First Lieut. J. B. Maynard from 109th to 144th Company; First Lieut. W. C. Whitaker from 103d to 164th Company; Second Lieut. J. L. Dunsworth from 112th to 158th Company; Second Lieut. H. H. Mulven, Jr., from 132d to 16th Company; Second Lieut. W. Shippam from 38th to 119th Company; Second Lieut. H. S. Hemingway from 99th to 39th Company; Second Lieut. C. D. Peirce from 122d to 98th Company; Second Lieut. E. L. Dyer from 124th to 1st Company; Second Lieut. J. P. McCaskey, Jr., from 89th to 170th Company.

The following officers of the Medical Corps relieved from Army Medical School: First Lieuts. F. R. Burnside, F. N. Chilton, H. Clarke, S. S. Creighton, W. Denton, G. G. Divins, L. S. Eckels, T. J. Flynn, S. W. French, H. J. Hallett, J. H. Holland, L. A. Kefauver, G. B. Lake, C. E. McBrayer, J. R. McKnight, H. C. Maddux, D. F. Maguire, H. C. Michie, Jr., R. W. Mills, L. C. Mudd, J. J. Reddy, E. C. Register, J. L. Robinson, J. L. Siner, J. O. Walkup.

Special orders Aug. 9 amended so as to direct First Lieut. C. R. Lewis, 10th Infantry to Little Rock, Ark.

Changes in stations of dental surgeons: First Lieut. G. I. Gunckel from Fort Barrancas, Fla., to Columbus Barracks, Ohio; First Lieut. F. P. Stone from Presidio of Monterey, Cal., to Fort Barrancas, Fla.

Major W. G. Haan, Coast Artillery, and Major W. D. Connor, Corps of Engineers, will visit the following artillery districts for preparing reports on land defense: Narragansett, New London, Eastern New York, the Delaware, Baltimore, the Potomac.

Major P. C. Hutton, Medical Corps, temporarily to San Antonio. Capt. J. L. DeWitt, Quartermaster, to Philadelphia. First Lieut. F. W. Glover from 6th to 13th Cavalry. First Lieut. R. W. Holderness from 13th to 6th Cavalry.

The Navy.

Rear Admiral A. Reynolds commissioned a Rear Admiral in Navy from July 18; Capt. F. L. Chapin commissioned a Captain in Navy from July 1; Commander R. E. Coontz detached Naval Academy, to home and wait orders; Commanders H. H. Christy, W. Evans, T. J. Senn, J. H. Sypher, B. B. Bierer, C. F. Preston, R. H. Leigh, A. Althouse, and L. McNamee commissioned commanders in Navy from July 1; Lieut. Commander H. N. Jenson to the Montana; Lieut. Commanders E. B. Larimer, A. W. Johnson, J. J. Hyland, and F. T. Evans commissioned Lieut. Commanders in Navy from July 1. Lieut. J. L. Hileman to home and wait orders; Lieuts. R. L. Lowman, E. B. Armstrong, and W. A. Glassford, Jr., commissioned Lieutenants in Navy from July 1.

Movement of Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Caesar at Charleston; Mayflower at Boston; North Carolina at Portsmouth, N. H.; Marblehead at Mare Island; Smith, Castine, Severn, Grayling, Bonita, Narwhal, Salmon, Snapper, Stingray, Tarpon, Paulding, Drayton, Perkins, Terry, Trippe, and Warrington at Provincetown.

Sailed: Octopus from Newport for Sag Harbor; Ammen from Newport for Provincetown.

The Montgomery has been detached from duty with the Atlantic fleet.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—An area of low barometric pressure that has moved in the last twenty-four hours from the region of the Great Lakes to New England has been attended by showers and thunderstorms in the Middle Atlantic and New England States, the Ohio Valley, and the lake region.

Scattered showers are also reported from the South Atlantic and Gulf States and points in the Northwest.

Temperatures are slightly lower in the Middle Atlantic and New England States, and low temperatures prevail over the Northwest Canadian provinces.

Moderately high temperatures continue throughout the great central valleys.

Indications are that the weather will be generally fair Wednesday and Thursday throughout the country, except that showers are probable in the South Atlantic and Gulf States.

Temperatures will not change decidedly in any part of the country during the next thirty-six hours.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate west; Middle Atlantic Coast, light west, becoming variable; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have moderate west winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday; not much change in temperature; light west winds.

New Jersey—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday; not much change in temperature; light west winds, becoming variable.

New England—Fair Wednesday, preceded by showers in Eastern Maine. Thursday, fair; moderate west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	72	72	4 P. M.	76	72
6 A. M.	73	70	6 P. M.	75	70
9 A. M.	74	76	9 P. M.	73	70
12 M.	75	83	12 P. M.	73	69

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 76; for the corresponding date last year it was 76; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 72.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 73; at 8 P. M. it was 71. Maximum temperature, 84 degrees at 1 P. M.; minimum, 69 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity, 88 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 94 per cent. at 8 P. M.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

TO BOSTON AND NEW ENGLAND POINTS

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PROVIDENCE LINE
Via Providence. Lv. Pier 18, N. R., foot of Murray St., 6:00 P. M., daily except Sundays. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

NEW BEDFORD LINE, to New Bedford-Buzzards Bay resorts, Marthas Vineyard-Nantucket. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot of Clarkson St., week days only, 6:00 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

BRIDGEPORT LINE. Lv. Pier 27, E. R., week days, 11:00 A. M. and 3:00 P. M., Sats., 2:00 P. M. Lv. foot of E. 22d St., week days, 3:30 P. M. Sats., 2:30 P. M.; Sundays 5:30 P. M. Strs. BRIDGEPORT and NAUGATUCK.

NORWICH LINE, to New London, Watch Hill, Block Island. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days, 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.

NEW HAVEN LINE. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., week days, 2:45 P. M., Sundays 9:30 A. M. Lv. East 22d St., week days 3:00 P. M.; Sundays, 10:00 A. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

Tickets, etc., at 171 B'way, N. Y., Transfer, Tourist Offices and Piers
Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service

BY SEA TO BOSTON
BOSTON LINE
EXPRESS SERVICE DIRECT FROM CITY TO CITY.
ALL-THE-WAY-BY-WATER ROUTE
Luxurious, New Steel Passenger Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS AND NORTH LAND
in place of "YALE" & "HARVARD."
Daily, including Sundays, at 4 P. M., from Pier 15, N. R., foot Barclay Street. Due to arrive at Boston following day at about 8:30 A. M.

BY SEA TO MAINE
PORTLAND LINE
THE MOST CHARMING SHORT SEA TRIP ON THE ATLANTIC COAST.
STEAMSHIPS
OLD COLONY & NORTH STAR
About 22 hours between New York and
PORTLAND, MAINE
Sailings Monday, 10:30 A. M.; Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 5 P. M., from Pier 19, East River, N. Y.

Through tickets and baggage checked to all the popular Eastern Summer Resorts. Express service for Freight, Automobiles and Horses. For full information and Booklet apply to—
MAINE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, 290 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.'S
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
Largest and Finest River Steamers in the World; splendid accommodations; cuisine and service unexcelled; fine orchestra on each steamer.
Beautiful sunsets; cool, delightful night trips. Favorite route going North, West or East. Direct train connections at Albany and Troy.
PEOPLES LINE To Albany — Str. C. W. Morse (odd dates Aug.), Adirondack (alternating), Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6:45 P. M. daily (Sunday included). Observation and Palm Room a new feature.
CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy — New Str. Trojan (odd dates Aug.), Rensselaer (alternating), Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday included); Yonkers, 7 P. M.; stops at Albany in both directions.
Tickets at pier and principal ticket offices. Rail tickets accepted for passage between New York and Albany. "Journal"—a guide for tourists—and Summer Excursion Book Free. Phone 9400 Spring.
"THE POPULAR SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Steamers leave Desb. St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Daily except Sunday. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Also Desb. St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M. for Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie. Daily except Sunday. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.
Steamer Mary Powell
Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rondout, and way landings; leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Ideal Outing to West Point, returning by Str. "ALBANY" or rail.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
*Malden
Smith's L'd'g
Germantown
*Catskill
*Hudson (by Annex)
*Athens
Stockport
Coxsackie
*Saturday special lands only at points marked *.
Magnificent steel steamers CLERMONT (new) and ONTEORA leave Pier 43, N. R., daily except Sunday, ft. Christopher St., 6:30 P. M., and W. 129th St. 7 P. M. Special Saturday trip 1 P. M., Pier 43, and 1:20 P. M., W. 129th St.
Tickets for sale at all agencies and at Pier. 'Phone 1098—Spring. Send 2 cents in stamps for booklet of Summer hotels and boarding houses.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE
From Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St. For Newburgh, Po'keepsie, & Kingston. Weekdays, 4:00 P. M.; Sats., 1:00 P. M. West 129th St., week-days, 4:30 P. M.; Sat., 1:30 P. M.
For Highland Falls, Cold Spring, Cornwall, Fishkill, & Newburgh, week-days, 5:00 P. M.; Sats., 3:00 P. M.; Sundays, 9:00 A. M. West 129th St., Sats., 3:30 P. M.; Sundays, 9:30 A. M.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
ROUND TRIP, $1.50. GOOD 30 DAYS.
Steamers lve. ft. W. Houston St., 6:00 P. M.; ft. W. 129th St., 6 P. M. Daily and Sunday. Stop at Columbia St., Albany, (adjoining Union Station.) Special stop south bound, ft. W. 131st St., N. Y. Tel. 5636 Spring.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. [illegible]

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON via Boat and Rail $2.90
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct..... 2.00
FALL RIVER, via Boat and Rail.. 2.25
WORCESTER, via Boat and Rail.. 2.90
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot of W. Houston St.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
BOSTON, via Boat and Trolley, $2.25.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 18, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR.
Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Str. "Montauk" leaves N. Y., New Pier 8, E. R., Tues. and Thurs., 5:00 P. M.; Sats., 1:00 P. M. Str. "Wyandotte" for Sag Harbor and intermediate landings only, Mon., Wed., & Fri., 5:00 P. M.
The Str. "Shinnecock," account of disablement, has been temporarily withdrawn from service.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.
CONEY ISLAND
SPECIAL NOTICE.
Boats operated by this Company DO NOT land at West 23d St. or at Dreamland Pier. Buy tickets ONLY at Iron Steamboat Co.'s box offices.
LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET
9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:30 A. M., 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.
LEAVE PIER (NEW) 1, NORTH RIVER.
9:45, 10:30, 11:15 A. M., 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.
LEAVE STEEPLECHASE PARK
10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55, *4:55, 5:25, 6:10, 7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.
Trip marked * does not go to 129th St.
Round Trip Tickets {From 129th St., 50 Cents. / From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cents.
Inc. Admission to Steeplechase Park.
FISHING BANKS, STEAMER TAURUS
Leave 129th St., N. R., 7:30 A. M.; Pier (new) 1, N. R., 8:30 A. M. Bait and tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c; Ladies, 50c; Children, 25c.

Rockaway Beach
Steamer "Grand Republic"
Lv. Yonkers, 8:45 A. M. sharp.
Lv. W. 129th St., 9:40 A. M., *1:15 P. M.
Lv. Pier 1, N. R., 10:30 A. M., 2:15 P. M.
Lv. Rockaway Beach, 11:30, 5:45 P. M.
Trip marked * transfers to Str. Grand Republic.
Round Trip tickets, 50c; Children, 25c.
Include adm. to Steeplechase Park at Rockaway.

MIDLAND BEACH
STATEN ISLAND
Refined amusements amid refined surroundings. Cleanest, safest bathing on the Atlantic coast. SCHEDULE OF BOATS:—From Battery Landing, 10 A. M., 12:15, 2:40, and 5 P. M. Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 10 A. M., 12:15, 2:40, 5 and 7:30 P. M.
RETURNING 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 4, and 7 P. M. On Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 4, 6:30, and 9 P. M.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE
Feb. 1, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursions. ROUND THE WORLD TOURS, Sept. 19, Oct. 21, and once monthly till Jan.
CLARK & CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT
TRIPLE SCREW 45,324 TONS
Largest & Finest Steamer in the World.
OLYMPIC
SAILS AUG. 19, 1 P. M. SEPT. 9
French a La Carte Restaurant.
Turkish and Electric Baths, Swimming Pool, Four Elevators, Gymnasium, Verandah Cafe, Palm Court.
Cedric, Aug. 17, 12:00 Noon | Canopic, Aug. 19, 4:00 P.M.
Kroonland, Aug. 19, 10:00 A.M. | Baltic, Aug. 24, 12:00 Noon

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Paul........Aug. 26 | St. Louis........Sept. 9
Philadelphia......Sept. 2 | New York........Sept. 16

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnewaska. Aug. 26, 10:30 AM | Minnetonka..Sept. 9
Minneapolis....Sept. 2, 1 PM | Minnehaha..Sept. 16

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Kroonland........Aug. 19 | Vaderland........Sept. 2
Finland..........Aug. 26 | Lapland (new)....Sept. 9

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
OLYMPIC (new). Aug. 19, 1 PM | OLYMPIC....Sept. 9
Oceanic..........Sept. 2, noon | Majestic....Sept. 16
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Cedric......Aug. 17, noon | Celtic..............Aug. 31
Baltic......Aug. 24, noon | Adriatic...........Sept. 7
New York & Boston
To the MEDITERRANEAN
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, and Alexandria.
Canopic....Aug. 19, 4 PM | Romanic..........Sept. 13
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY. (TEL. 2100 RECTOR.) AND PIER 62 N. R. (WEST 23D ST.) N. Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
GIGANTIC
GEORGE WASHINGTON
Largest German Steamer Afloat Sails
SATURDAY, AUGUST 19 10 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
TUESDAYS
K'PRINZESSIN CECILIE. Aug. 22
Kaiser Wm. der Grosse... Aug. 29
THURSDAYS
Prinz Friedrich Wm......Aug. 31
*Friedrich der Grosse....Sept. 7
*Bremen direct
Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa
SATURDAYS
KOENIG ALBERT........Aug. 26
Berlin.................Sept. 9
BALTIMORE-BREMEN Direct, WEDNESDAYS—One Class (II) Cabin Steamers
INDEPENDENT AROUND-THE-WORLD TRIPS, $618
OELRICHS & CO., General Agents, 5 Broadway, New York City

21-Day Cruise
JAMAICA PANAMA CANAL
Round Trip $85 Until Sept. 30
Air-Cooled Staterooms
A three weeks' cruise on one of the newest and most luxuriously appointed ships sailing to southern seas. Specially built for tropical travel; air cooled staterooms; trip includes a day at Jamaica, the Queen of the West Indies, and two whole days at Colon, where you can inspect the progress of that gigantic enterprise, the Panama Canal. Or if your time is limited you can go to Jamaica and back in 10 days for $65.00. Write for booklet. Additional sailings from Boston, Philadelphia and New Orleans.
17 Battery Pl., New York. Tel 1025 Rector.
United Fruit Company STEAMSHIP SERVICE
Or any authorized Tourist Agency.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
¶PENNSYLVANIA..........Aug. 24, 10 A. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC......Aug. 31, 11 A. M.
*PRES. GRANT............Sept. 2, 1 P. M.
CLEVELAND ....Sept. 9, 11 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. ¶Hamburg direct, second cabin only.
*Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA
¶S. S. HAMBURG..........Sept. 23, 1 P. M.
S. S. MOLTKE..........................Oct. 12
S. S. CINCINNATI......................Oct. 26
¶Will NOT call at Algiers.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 45 B'way, N. Y.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
Weekly Sailings to
CUBA, JAMAICA, PANAMA, HAYTI, COLOMBIA, COSTA RICA
New Prinz Steamers (5,000 Tons).
Next Sailing Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Aug. 18 At 12 noon
To KINGSTON, COLON (PANAMA), CARTAGENA, PUERTO COLOMBIA.
Connecting with PERU-CHILE To and From PANAMA.
—Special Round Trip Rates—
For Berths in all locations excepting Suites
Jamaica, $65—Panama Canal, $112.50
Apply to Hamburg-American Line 41-45 B'way, New York.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
83 Steamers, Registered Tonnage 384,233.
THE IDEAL VACATION TRIP TO
BERMUDA
$10 AND UP ROUND TRIP, including Meals and Berth on Steamer
SPECIAL SUMMER CRUISES.
Regular Sailings:
Santiago, $65
Jamaica, $65
Panama, $112.50
Superior accommodations for 250 first class passengers. Orchestra, excellent cuisine, wireless & all safety appliances.
Peru-Chile Express Service to and from Panama
16 Days NEW YORK to CALLAO
33 Days NEW YORK to VALPARAISO
Services to Colombia and Ecuador
Sanderson & Son, 22 State St., N. Y.
THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Av., N. Y.,
OR ANY TICKET AGENT.

14-DAY CRUISE TO ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Via Montreal, Can. BOWRING & CO., N. Y.

CUNARD Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals
Fastest, Finest, Largest Quadruple Screw Turbine Steamships.
Fishguard and Liverpool.
MAURETANIA Aug. 23, 9 A. M.
Aug. 30, 9 A. M. LUSITANIA
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool.
CAMPANIA Aug. 16, 10 A. M.
CARONIA Aug. 26, 10 A. M.
MONTREAL QUEBEC LONDON
Regular Sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II) and Third Class Passengers only.
MADEIRA GIBRALTAR ALGIERS VILLEFRANCHE GENOA NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
See Company's Schedule for Complete Itinerary.
Saxonia, Aug. 24, Oct. 12 | Pannonia, Sept. 7, Oct. 26
Carpathia, Sept. 21, Nov. 9 | Caronia, Nov. 18
Sailing Hour Noon.
WINTER CRUISES
ITALY, RIVIERA, EGYPT

Low Rate Excursions to
BERMUDA
An Ideal Sea Trip to the Most Delightful Resort in the World; Cool and Healthful. Every outdoor recreation, excellent sea bathing, fishing, boating, tennis, golf, cycling, &c. 1,500 Mile Superb Ocean Voyage By THE MAGNIFICENT, FAST, TWIN-SCREW Transatlantic Liner "OCEANA"
14,000 Tons Displacement; 535 ft. Long. Largest, Fastest, Most Luxurious, and Only Exclusively First-Class Passenger Steamer to Bermuda. No Cattle or freight carried on the "Oceana." FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP, including stateroom berth and meals. Best cuisine on the Atlantic. Electric fans in every room. Many rooms with brass beds; suites-de-luxe with private baths; finest promenade deck in the world. Orchestra, Promenade Dances, Gymnasium, Wireless. $15 UP
TOURS Including Shore Excursions, Hotels, &c., at Lowest Rates. Beautiful booklet, Itinerary, Tickets, etc., of Bermuda-Atlantic Line, 290 B'way, N. Y.

VACATION CRUISES
To Quebec
via Halifax, N. S., most delightful cruise of 1500 miles. Magnificent scenery: Northumberland Strait, Gulf and River St. Lawrence and far-famed Saguenay River. S. S. "Trinidad" from New York August 19th and Sept. 2d, 10 A. M. Returning from Quebec August 25th and Sept. 8th.
Go To Bermuda Round Trip $10 Up
Tours Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions. Lowest Rates. Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5530 tons, sails Aug. 19th, 30th, and Sept. 9th, 20th, and 30th. Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy. Fastest, newest and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda.
For illustrated pamphlets apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Lorraine.......Aug. 17 | *La Provence.....Sept. 7
La Bretagne.......Aug. 24 | *La Savoie.........Sept. 14
*Espagne...........Aug. 31 | *La Lorraine.......Sept. 21
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3:00 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-Class Passengers Only.
*Niagara...Aug. 19
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA direct without change. Calls at AZORES and GIBRALTAR (East), ALGIERS (West). S.S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, etc., Wednesdays, 1 P. M. Thru bookings to Adriatic East Coast points, Orient and Far East (India, China, Japan).
PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Caledonia....Aug. 16, noon | Furnessia..Aug. 26, 10 AM
Columbia....Aug. 19, 2 PM | California..Sept. 2, 3 PM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $47.50 and $50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 and $31.25.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
URANIUM S. S. CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE, $50.00 & UP.
Uranium........Aug. 17 | Campanello..Sept. 14
Volturno........Aug. 31 | Uranium......Sept. 28
Uranium S. S. Co., Ltd., 13 B'way, N. Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam
Twin Screw Sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
*Potsdam ....Aug. 22
†New Amsterdam ....Aug. 29
*Noordam ....Sept. 5
†Rotterdam.................Sept. 12
*VIA BOULOGNE s/ M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

AZORES LISBON NAPLES MARSEILLES
BY THE FABRE LINE
Approx. weekly sailings by the newest, largest, finest & fastest French steamers in The MEDITERRANEAN Trade.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., [illegible] 17 State St., N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

TO THE
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS
via Catskill Mountain, Otis and Catskill and Tannersville Railways.
Direct connection with the N.Y. Central trains leaving New York 7:54 A. M. (for Leeds, South Cairo and Cairo) and 11:11 A. M. for all points daily except Sunday, and 4:04 P. M. daily, and West Shore trains leaving West 42d St. at 7:15 and 11:30 A. M. daily except Sunday.
Also direct connection with the HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE and the CATSKILL EVENING LINE STEAMERS.
PURCHASE TICKETS VIA CATSKILL.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

GLEN ISLAND
ROUND TRIP 50 CTS BOATS
DAILY, lv. Battery 9:45, 11:15, 1:30, 2:30, 5:15, 7; E. 24th St. ½ hr. later; SUN., Battery, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30; E. 24th St. ½ hr. later; E. 138th St., Bronx, 10, 2, 6; children under 10 free except Sun. Music. Refreshm. McAllister Stmb. Co.
SPECIAL MOONLIGHT TRIPS BATTERY 7 P. M. E. 24TH ST. 7:30.

CONEY ISLAND
(Dreamland Pier) and
ROCKAWAY BEACH
STRS. ROSEDALE AND SYLVESTER.
Time Table for To-day.
Leave West 129th St., 9:30 A. M.; West 23d St., 10:00, 2:30; Battery, 10:30, 3:00; Coney Island, 6:15; Rockaway Beach, 12:30, 5:30.
Excursion Tickets to Rockaway..................50c
To Coney Island from W. 129th St...............50c
To Coney Island from W. 23d St. & Battery.....40c

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point,
Steamer Mary Powell.
Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by Str. "ALBANY" $1, or by rail $1.10. Orchestra. See Parade, Public Buildings, etc.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Halcyon and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island. Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lightship and Forts. Trips daily, 1:15, returning 5.

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton,
Around Manhattan Island, foot W. 42d St., 10:30, 2:30; lecturer aboard. Tel. 5441 Gram.

Saugerties Boats leave Pier 43, N. R., foot Christopher st., 6:30 p.m. Saturdays at 1 P. M.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:10 | Sun sets..6:58 | Moon rises..

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:33	12:00	6:30	
Governors Island	12:15	12:00	6:00	
Hell Gate	2:05	1:50	7:18	

Arrived—Tuesday, Aug. 15.

SS Olympic, Southampton, Aug. 9.
SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen, Aug. 8.
SS Kroonland, Antwerp, Aug. 5.
SS Potsdam, Rotterdam, Aug. 5.
SS Germania, Lisbon, Aug. 2.
SS Suwanee, London, July 30.
SS Peruviana, Huelva, Aug. 12.
SS Havana, Havana, Aug. 12.
SS Anita, Puerto Plata, Aug. 10.
SS Nordhvalen, Maguaguez, Aug. 9.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville, Aug. 12.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah, Aug. 12.
SS Madison, Norfolk, Aug. 14.
SS Richmond, Georgetown, S. C., Aug. 12.
SS Lampasas, Key West, Aug. 12.
SS Sibiria, Kingston, Aug. 10.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mail Closes.	Vessel Sails.
Campania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A
Tagus, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A
Caracas, La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M
Caledonia, Glasgow	——	12:00 M
Camaguey, Santiago	——	12:00 M
Algonquin, San Domingo	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P
Nueces, Galveston	——	1:00 P
Jefferson, Norfolk	——	3:00 P
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mail Closes.	Vessel Sails.
Lorraine, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A
Cedric, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M
Uranium, Rotterdam	——	
Hellig Olav, Copenhagen	——	2:00 P
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M
Zacapa, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M
El Oriente, Galveston	——	12:00 M
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P
Madison, Norfolk	——	3:00 P

SAIL FRIDAY.

	Mail Closes.	Vessel Sails.
Prins Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M
Advance, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P
Himera, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P
Matanzas, Tampico	——	12:00 M
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mail Closes.	Vessel Sails.
Olympic, Southampton	9:30 A.M.	1:00
G. Washington, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00
Canopic, Azores	1:30 P.M.	4:00
Venezia, Naples	——	3:00
Columbia, Glasgow	——	3:00
Kroonland, Antwerp	——	10:00
Calabria, Naples	——	3:00
Niagara, Havre	——	2:00
Florizel, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00
Sibiria, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	12:00
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P
Trent, Jamaica	11:30 A.M.	1:00 P
Oceana, Bermuda	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P
Bermudian, Bermuda	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P
Vasari, Rio Janeiro	1:00 P.M.	4:30 P
S. V. Luckenbach, Ponce	——	12:00 M
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P
Brazos, Galveston	——	1:00 P
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Clearfield	Shields	July
Minnehaha	London	Aug.
Re d'Italia	Naples	Aug.
Tabasco	Liverpool	Aug.
Argentina	Palermo	Aug.
Saxonia	Gibraltar	Aug.
Chicago City	Swansea	Aug.
Oceana	Bermuda	Aug.
Trent	Antilla	Aug.
El Norte	Galveston	Aug.

DUE TO-MORROW.

Mauretania	Liverpool	Aug.
Pennsylvania	Hamburg	Aug.
Koenig Albert	Gibraltar	Aug.
Almirante	Colon	Aug.
Bermudian	Bermuda	Aug.
Newton Hall	St. Lucia	Aug.
Maracas	Trinidad	Aug.
Florizel	Halifax	Aug.
Momus	New Orleans	Aug.

DUE FRIDAY.

Baltic	Liverpool	Aug.
Mexico	Vera Cruz	Aug.
El Rio	Galveston	Aug.
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Aug.
Colon	Cristobal	Aug.
Maracaibo	Curacoa	Aug.
Krona	St. Thomas	Aug.

DUE SATURDAY.

Oranje Nassau	Haiti	Aug.
Ella	Blyth	Aug.

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Pennsylvania, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 650 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7:48 A. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, early to-morrow.

By United Wireless.

SS Trent, Southampton, was 84 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 15th.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, was 651 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 15th.

SS Vigilancia, Vera Cruz, passed Carrysfort at noon, 15th.

SS Alamo, Galveston, was 1,005 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 15th.

SS Ligonier, Port Arthur, was 90 m. W. of Sand Key at 7 P. M., 15th.

SS Waco, Vera Cruz, was 1,092 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 15th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Lusitania, at Liverpool, Aug. 14.
SS Asiatic Prince, at Pernambuco, Aug.
SS Oruba, at Barbados, Aug. 14.
SS Cape Finisterre, at Melbourne, Aug. 15.
SS City of Naples, at Chefoo, Aug. 13.
SS Minneapolis, at London, Aug. 15.
SS Diamant, at Rotterdam, Aug. 13.
SS Manhattan, at Amsterdam, Aug. 13.
SS Cheyenne, at Savona, Aug. 7.
SS Edward Dawson, at Valencia, Aug.
SS Mannheim, at Stettin, Aug. 10.
SS Willkommen, at Stockholm, Aug. 10.
SS Storfond, at Santander, Aug. 11.
SS Welsh Prince, at Hongkong, Aug. 13.
SS Delaware, at Lisbon, Aug. 13.
SS Roma, at Marseilles, Aug. 13.
SS Uhenfels, at Suez, Aug. 15.
SS Oceania, at Naples, Aug. 15.
SS Augsburg, at Port Natal, Aug. 15.
SS Walkine, at Port Natal, Aug. 15.

Sailed.

SS Wellgunde, from Rio Janeiro, Aug. 12.
SS President Grant, from Southampton, Aug.
SS Bermudian, from Bermuda, Aug. 15.
SS Clement, from Para, Aug. 2.
SS Orange Prince, from Rio Janeiro, Aug.
SS Tabasco, from Fowey, Aug. 13.
SS Kansas, from Algiers, Aug. 14.
SS Drumeldrie, from Colombo, Aug. 12.

Passed.

SS Vaderland, New York for Antwerp, passed the Lizard.
SS Karema, New York for Manila, passed Perim.
SS Neidenfels, New York for Bombay, passed Perim.
SS San Giorgio, New York for Palermo, passed Sagres.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, July 19; Hongkong, July 22; Shanghai, July 25, and Yokohama, Aug. 1—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Empress of Japan, were dispatched east at 11:20 P. M. Aug. 12, and mails dated Manila, July 10; Hongkong, July 14; Shanghai, July 19; Yokohama, July 27, and Honolulu, Aug. 7, which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Mongolia, were dispatched east at 6:30 P. M., Aug. 13. Due in New York on the mornings of Thursday, Aug. 17, and Friday, Aug. 18, respectively.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Lucerie	Aug. 17 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii and specially addressed mail (or Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Mongolia	Aug. 17 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Aorangi	Aug. 18 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of Japan	Aug. 18 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via Tacoma)—Columbia	Aug. 20 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Tamba Maru	Aug. 24 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

Hotels and Restaurants.

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 2373 Murray.

CAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, GRILL, & BANQUET ROOMS.
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Philadelphia Chicago Baltimore Hartford

Cuban American Sugar Stock
Internat. Agric. Corp. Stocks
Buffalo Gas Stock & Bonds
Studebaker Corporation Stocks
International Nickel Stocks
Pa. Water & Power Stock & Bonds
United Cigar Stores
Amer. Light & Traction Stocks
Fidelity Phenix Ins. Stock
Bought and Sold
Lamarche & Coady
'Phone 8669 Broad
25 Broad Street, New York

WANTED
100 American Meter
100 Borden's Condensed Milk Com.
50 Detroit Edison
100 Electric Bond & Share Pfd.
100 Kirby Lumber Pfd.
10 Niagara Fire Insurance
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
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Boston, 50 Congress St.
Private telephones between New York and Boston.

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First Mortgage Guarantee Co.
Bridge Plaza-North,
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Close Heavy with Irregular Changes After Relatively Light Trading.

RALLY DOES NOT HOLD

Union Pacific Shows Greatest Loss Among Active Stocks—Steel Only One of These to Show Gain.

Considerable disappointment was expressed yesterday at the failure of the market to carry further the rally which turned prices upward on Monday. In the early trading fluctuations were irregular and then the market became dull and later heavy, and at the close the record disclosed a number of losses in the active stocks, some of them amounting to as much as a point. A net decline for the day of 1⅝ points in Union Pacific was particularly noted, as indicating that the market lacked the vigor which it might reasonably be expected to show after such a decline as occurred last week and the week before. From its low price of last Friday, which was 20 points under the figure at which it was selling at the end of July, Union Pacific rallied 5 points. At the close yesterday it had lost nearly one-third of this recovery. So it was in some of the other leading stocks and the impression which the day's market left on many people was that the same depressed sentiment which emphasized the weakness of the last two weeks was still effective in limiting the buying of stocks by those who otherwise would be attracted by the prices reached as a result of the recent very abrupt decline. Net changes for the day were by no means uniform, a number of gains being interspersed among the declines. Of the leading active stocks United States Steel was the only one which made a net advance, and its gain was slight.

The course of prices yesterday was not directly related to any of the day's events, among which there were few which had important bearing upon the stock market. A further decline in wheat helped to strengthen the hope that the final outcome of the cereal crops will prove to be better than the indications of the August crop report, but on the other hand higher prices were again quoted for cotton, and emphasis was being laid by traders in that market upon the continuance of high temperatures and absence of rain in Texas. The generally favorable character of the weather advices of the past week was confirmed by the Government weekly report issued yesterday. The balance of factors bearing on the crop outlook was thus once again in favor of the market. This fact may have added to the disappointment, which was caused by the early cessation of the recovery which followed the sharp break with which the decline culminated on Saturday.

To-day count will have to be taken in the London market of the severe declines which have taken place in American stocks since the last fortnightly settlement. Advices from that market told of some uneasiness on this score, though the generally good tone of the London market yesterday, despite the labor troubles which are embarrassing the country, suggests that no important difficulty is expected to arise in any section of the market over to-day's settlement. England's labor troubles are given added interest on this side by reason of the fact that it is only a few days since labor troubles were threatened on our Western railroads. At the bottom of the calm with which these latest labor demands have been viewed here by the managements of the railroads and by the financial community is the belief that the advances previously granted had, generally speaking, committed the railroads of this country to as high a rate of wages as can reasonably be demanded of them in view of the failure of the railroads to obtain the increases in rates upon which they counted when many of the increases in wages were allowed and of their having since been ordered, on the other hand, to make considerable reductions in some rates.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Hide and Leather Co. for annual meeting.
Butte Coalition Mining Co. for dividend.
Consolidated Gas Co. of New York for dividend.
Detroit United Railways for Dividend.
Litt Brothers, Philadelphia, for dividend.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Canada Cement Co. on preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2⅜ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅜ per cent.

Time money rates, 2¾@3 per cent. for sixty days, 3@3¼ per cent. for ninety days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for four months, 3¾@4 per cent. for five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4@4¼ per cent. for November and December maturities, and 4¼@4½ per cent. for January and February maturities.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 2⅝ per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2⅛ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3½ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $370,002,635; balances, $16,782,729; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $653,923.

The local banks have gained $281,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8625; demand, $4.8595.

Paris—Cable, $5.19⅜ less 3-64; check, $5.20 plus 1-64.

Berlin—Cable, 95 less 1-32; check, 94 15-16 less 1-32.

Switzerland—Cable, $5.19⅜ less 1-32; check, $5.19⅜ less 3-32.

Holland—Cable, 40.21; check, 40.18.

Belgium—Cable, $5.20 5-16 less 1-16; check, $5.21¼.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8345; ninety days, $4.8215.

London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.83¼; ninety days, $4.82.

Paris—Bankers', sixty days, $5.21⅞ less 1-16; ninety days, $5.22½ less 3-32.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.22½; ninety days, $5.23⅛.

Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94⅝; ninety days, 94⅜.

Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94 5-16; ninety days, 94¼ less 1-32.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 10c premium; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 10c premium; St. Paul, 40c premium; Montreal, 46⅞c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver unchanged in London, at 24d per ounce, and in New York unchanged, at 52c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

UP-STATE BANK FIGURES.

The combined reports of State banks and trust companies outside of Greater New York for the week ended Aug. 12, 1911, as compiled with the State Banking Department, follow:

STATE BANKS.

		Increase.
Loans and discounts	$99,483,600	$754,000
Total deposits	106,180,800	585,100
Total reserve	22,274,200	159,500

Average reserve, 21.9 per cent.
Reserve required, 15 per cent.

TRUST COMPANIES.

Loans	$153,173,700	$1,694,400
Total deposits	162,841,600	945,300
Total reserve	24,312,000	*431,500

Average reserve, 15.7 per cent.
Reserve required, 10 per cent.
*Decrease.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Traders on London Exchange View Labor Outlook Hopefully.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Money was in good demand and discount rates were firmer to-day.

Traders on the Stock Exchange viewed the labor outlook optimistically and marked up home rails and industrial shares. Consols advanced a quarter of a point, and the market closed cheerful. Mexican rails closed weak.

American securities opened steady, and during the forenoon advanced a small fraction on light covering. Later, realizing, due to nervousness regarding the outcome of the settlement to-morrow, caused a setback, ranging from ½ to 1½ points. The market closed uncertain and a fraction above the lowest.

Money, 1@1¼ per cent.; rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 2½ per cent.; for three months' bills, 2⅝@2 11-16 per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 8.55; at Lisbon, 7.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—There was a holiday on the Bourse to-day.

BERLIN, Aug. 15.—Prices were steady on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 47½ pfennigs for checks.

Money, 2½ per cent.

Private discount rate, 3½ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols account	78 7-16	..	..	+3-16
Consols money	78 7-16	..	..	+3-16
Anaconda	7⅝	36⅝	37	— ¼
Atchison	108⅜	105⅝	105⅝	— ¼
Can. Pacific	245½	238⅝	239⅛	— ½
St. Paul	123	119⅝	116⅝ex	— ¼
Erie	31⅜	30½	30⅝	— ¼
Erie 1st pf.	51⅝	49⅞	50	— ¼
Ill. Central	143	139	138⅜	+ ¼
Louis. & Nash.	148¼	144⅜	145	— ¼
N. Y. Central	107	104	104¼	— ¼
Pennsylvania	63	122⅝	121ex	
Reading	75	145⅞	146⅝	— ½
So. Pacific	118	114⅝	115⅛	— ⅝
Union Pacific	178⅜	173⅝	174	— ⅝
U. S. Steel	75⅞	74	73⅞	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	119⅞	115¾	116	+ ½

American Mining Stocks in London.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Irregularity characterized the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange throughout the day. Floor opinion was inclined to be bearish once more, but the professional element was cautious about putting out any extended short lines, in view of the rapid power of recovery displayed by prices the day before. Commission houses again handled many buying orders for odd lots, but the investment demand was less prominent than on Monday. Total transactions of 72,846 shares were distributed among fifty-three different stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,850	Amal. Copper	63	63⅛	61⅞	62
870	Am. B. Sugar	51⅞	52⅛	51½	51⅛
10	Am. Can pf.	84	84	84	84
20	Am. C. & Fdy.	51½	51½	51½	51½
140	Am. Cot. Oil	54¾	54¾	54¾	54½
1,790	Am. Smelting	71⅝	71⅝	71¼	71⅝
30	Am. Sugar	115	115	115	115
256	A. T. & T. rts.	5 13-16	5 15-16	5 13-16	5 15-16
10	Anac. Copper	37	37	37	37
870	A. T. & S. F.	105⅝	105¾	105¼	105⅝
10	Balt. & Ohio	102½	102½	102½	102½
800	Brook. R. T.	76⅝	76⅝	76	76⅝
630	Can. Pacific	238⅝	239	237¼	239
10	Cent. Leather	26	26	26	26
50	Ches. & Ohio	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝
20	Chi. Gt. West.	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
1,290	C., M. & St. P.	116½	116⅝	115½	115⅞
20	Consol. Gas	137½	138	137½	138
20	Den. & R. G.	25⅜	25⅜	25⅛	25⅜
50	Dist. Secur.	32	32½	32	32½
740	Erie	30⅝	30⅝	30½	30⅝
20	Erie 1st pf.	50	50	50	50
60	Gt. Nor. pf.	126¼	126¼	126	126
110	Int. Met. pf.	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝
1,700	Lehigh Valley	167	168	165⅞	166
10	Mo., K. & T.	32½	32½	32½	32½
200	Mo. Pacific	41⅞	42¼	41⅞	42¼
10	Nat. Lead	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝
40	Nevada Cons.	17½	17½	17½	17½
580	N. Y. Central	103⅝	104¼	103⅝	104
20	N. Y., O. & W.	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛
670	Nor. Pacific	120⅝	121¼	120⅝	121¼
30	Pacific Mail	29½	29½	29½	29½
10	Pac. T. & T.	40½	40½	40½	40½
200	Pennsylvania	121⅛	121⅛	121	121⅛
10	Pitts. Coal	19	19	19	19
17,280	Reading	146¼	146⅝	145⅛	145⅞
40	Rep. Steel	26⅛	26⅛	26	26
800	Rock Island	27⅛	27⅛	26⅞	27
10	Rock Island pf.	53½	53½	53½	53½
20	S.-S. S. & I.	44½	44½	44½	44½
800	So. Pacific	115⅛	115⅛	114⅝	114⅝
100	So. Railway	28½	28½	28½	28½
30	Tenn. Copper	33½	33½	33½	33½
10	Texas Pacific	25½	25½	25½	25½
20,810	Union Pacific	173½	173⅝	172½	172⅝
60	U. S. Rubber	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝
21,240	U. S. Steel	73⅞	74¼	73⅝	73⅞
70	U. S. Steel pf.	116	116⅛	115⅞	115⅞
80	Utah Copper	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛
20	Va.-Car. Chem.	55⅞	56	55⅞	56
120	Va.-Car. C. rts.	1-16	1-16	1-16	1-16
240	Wabash pf.	30⅝	31	30⅝	30⅝
72,846					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Belmont	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50
500	Comstock	.22	.22	.22	.22
800	Mexican	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95
300	Montana	.70	.70	.70	.70
500	Nevada Hills	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
40	Ontario	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
800	Tonopah Ext.	.84	.84	.84	.84
400	West End	.55	.55	.55	.55
2,940					

Quotations of every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Range of prices for many years, articles on all points of interest to stockholders, movements in produce and metals fully reported. Mailed every Monday to any address in the United States [illegible]

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Strength in Scattered Issues After Day of Sluggish Trading on Curb.

COPPER STOCKS SELL OFF

British Columbia, Giroux, and Inspiration Close Fractionally Lower—Bond List Shows Fractional Gains.

The mining issues on the Curb yesterday were weak, and few of the active stocks failed to show losses at the close. British Columbia, after opening at 4⅛, rose to 4¼, and sold down to 4 on transactions of 1,000 shares. Giroux sold off from 5½ to 5¼. Nipissing sold off from 8⅛ to 8 on sales of 800. The bond list was inactive and strong. New York City 4½s sold up from 102 15-16 to 103, and Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation 4s from 91⅞ to 92. In the industrial list Houston Oil was strong, rising from 9¾ to 10, and closing at 9¾ after sales of 4,300 shares. Studebaker common was also strong, rising from 60½ to 61¼ after transactions of 650.

* * *

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
75	Am. Tobacco	380	382	377	377
4,300	Houston Oil	9¾	10	9¾	9¾
2,000	Man. Transit	2 7-16	2 7-16	2 3-16	2¼
500	*Maya Oil	24	24	23	23
85	Standard Oil	603	604	602	602
650	Studebaker Co.	60½	61¼	60	61¼
500	U. S. L. & H.	1⅞	1 13-16	1¾	1 13-16
23	U. S. L.&H. pf.	8½	8½	8½	8½

RAILROAD.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	Chi Subway	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Braden Copper	5	5	5	5
1,000	Br. Col. Cop.	4⅛	4¼	4	4
100	†Butte Coal'n	17	17	17	17
200	*Butte & Vip.	54	54	54	54
1,000	*Cobalt Central	¾	¾	¾	¾
500	Colonial Silver	1-16	1-16	1-16	1-16
200	Davis-Daly Cop.	¾	¾	¾	¾
1,300	Giroux Mining	5½	5½	5¼	5¼
2,000	*Greenwater	5	5	5	5
100	Greene-Can	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
2,000	Inspir. Copper	7	7	6⅞	6⅞
500	Kerr Lake	4 13-16	4⅞	4 13-16	4⅞
400	Mason Valley	8¼	8½	8	8½
2,150	McK.-Dar.	1½	1 9-16	1½	1 9-16
1,500	Nevada Hills	3 9-16	3⅝	3 9-16	3⅝
1,000	*Nev. Smelt.	½	½	½	½
2,500	N.-U. M. & S.	9-16	⅝	9-16	⅝
800	Nip. Mines Co.	8⅛	8⅛	8	8
1,000	Pacific Smelt.	3-16	3-16	3-16	3-16
9,000	*Porcupine Cent.	72	72	70	70
1,700	*Porcupine Nor.	59	59	58	58
1,700	*Porc. Townsite	44	46	44	46
15,000	Preston E. D.	24	24	22	23
300	Ray Central	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
222	Tonopah Min.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
500	Tonopah Exten.	80	80	80	80
200	Tri-Bullion	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
200	West Dome	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
1,500	Wetti'fer S. M.	87	87	85	85

BONDS

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Gt. N. 4½s, w. i.	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾
15,000	Ill. Steel 4½s	94½	94½	94½	94½
11,000	N. Y. City 4½s	102 15-16	103	102 15-16	103
85,000	N.Y.,W.&B. 4½s	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
12,000	Oregon-Wash. R. R. & Nav. 4s	91⅞	92	91⅞	92

*Sells cents per share. †Dividend.

* * *

	Aug. 15. Bid.	Aug. 15. Asked.	Aug. 14. Bid.	Aug. 14. Asked.
Am. Tobacco	376	380	377	381
Am. Writing Paper	2	2⅝	2	2⅝
Am. Light & Traction	296	300	296	300
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	104	106½	104	106½
A., G. & W. I.	9⅝	10½	10	10½
A., G. & W. I. pf.	19	20	19	20
Borden's Cond. Milk	123	125	123	125
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	107½	108½	107½	108½
Braden Copper	4⅞	5	5	5⅛
British Col. Copper	4	4¼	4	4⅛
Butte Coalition	16½	17½	16	16½
Chicago Subway	2⅝	3	2⅝	3
Cobalt Central	½	1	⅝	1
Con. Rubber Tire	..	4⅝	..	4⅝
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	25	29	25	29
Davis-Daly Copper	⅝	⅞	⅝	1
First Nat. Copper	1	1¼	1	1¼
Giroux Mining	5¼	5½	5⅜	5⅝
Greene-Cananea	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞
Great. Nor. 4½s, w. i.	100⅝	101	100⅝	101⅛
Guggenheim Explor.	185	200	185	200
Int. Gt. N. 5% notes	97½	98	97½	98
International Salt	3	6	3	6
International Rubber	23½	25	24½	25½
Kerr Lake	4¾	4⅞	4⅝	5
La Rose Con.	3⅞	3 15-16	3⅞	4
Manhattan Transit	2 3-16	2¼	2⅜	2 7-16
Mason Valley	8	8⅜	8¼	8½
Mason Valley 6s	103	110	103	110
Nipissing	8	8⅛	8	8¼
Ohio Copper	1½	1 9-16	1 7-16	1½
Ray Central	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1¼
South. Bell. T. & T. 5s.	99⅝	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞
Standard Oil	602	604	600	608
Studebaker Co.	59½	60½	60½	61½
Studebaker Co. pf.	103⅝	104½	105⅝	106½
Texas Co. 6s	98	99	97	99
Tonopah Mining	5⅝	5⅞	5 9-16	5 11-16
United Cigar Mfrs.	50	53	52	55
U. S. Light & Heat	1⅝	1⅞	1¾	1⅞
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8¼	8½	8½	8⅝
Western Pacific 5s	92	93	92½	92⅝
Yukon Gold Mining	3⅝	3¾	3⅝	3¾

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con.	.03	Julia	.33
Andes	.10	Kentucky Con.	.04
Belcher	.50	Mexican	4.02½
Best & Belcher	.15	Occidental Con.	.60
Bullion	.10	Ophir	1.85
Caledonia	.52	Overman	.37
Challenge Con.	.15	Savage	.13
Chollar	.12	Seg Belcher	.12
Con. Cal. & Va.	.81	Sierra Nevada	.54
Con. Imperial	.03	Union Con.	1.47½
Crown Point	.55	Utah Con.	.12
Gould & Curry	.13	Yellow Jacket	.37
Hale & Norcross	.15		

TONOPAH.		Cracker Jack	.01
Belmont	6.60	C. O. D.	.09
Jim Butler	.27	Florence	1.35
MacNamara	.17	Goldfield Con. M.	5.67½
Midway	.17	Goldf'd Kewenah.	.10
Montana	.69	Goldfield Merger	.24
North Star	.13	Great Bend	.03
Tonopah Ext.	.85	Jumbo Ext.	.19
West End	.57	Lone Star	.05
GOLDFIELD.		Red Hills	.02
Atlanta	.15	Silver Pick	.06
Bluebell	.01	BULLFROG.	
Booth	.09	Tramps Cons.	.02
Comb. Fraction	.09	Nevada Hills	3.60

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5½	6½	Jackpot	6	7
Elkton	58½	60	McKinney	35	37
El Paso	50¾	51½	Old Gold	2⅞	3¼
Findlay	4	5	Portland	98½	100
Gold Dollar	15	15½	Vindicator	74	75
Isabella	10¾	11½	Jen. Sample	..	10

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1, '13	99	100¼	4.92
Am. Cigar B.	..	Mar. 15, '12	99⅞	100	4.00
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1, '13	99⅞	100	4.50
Beth. Steel Co.	6	Nov. 1, '14	100⅜	100⅞	5.74
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1, '14	97⅞	98⅛	5.23
C., H.& D., pur. money	4	July 1, '13	98⅞	99¼	4.42
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15, '13	99	100	5.00
Chi. Elev. Ry.	..	....	98¾	98¼	5.66
Erie	6	Aug. 8, '14	100½	100¾	5.73
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1, '15	98¾	99½	6.08
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1, '15	96¾	97⅛	5.22
Hudson Co.	6	Feb. 1, '13	98¾	99	6.71
Int. Gt. Nor.	5	May 15, '13	96⅞	97½	6.01
K. C. R. & L.	5	Sept., 1912	94	97	..
L. St. cv. deb.	5	Mar., 1915	93	93½	7.89
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb., 1913	94	95	8.60
Mo., K. & T.	5	June 1, '13	98⅞	98	5.72
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1, '14	96⅞	97	6.20
Nat. Ry. of M.	5	June 1, '13	97½	97⅝	5.87
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar. 1, '14	99⅞	100⅛	4.45
Pac. T. & T.	5	Jan. 5, '13	99⅞	100⅛	4.69
Pere Marq'tte	6	July 1, '12	98	99	7.03
St. L. & S. F.	5	Mar. 1, '13	98¼	99	5.53
St. L. & S. F.	5	June 1, '13	98	98⅝	5.77
Southern Ry.	5	Feb. 1, '13	99⅞	100¼	4.81
Tidewater Co.	6	Feb. 1, '13	101⅛	101½	4.87
U.S.S., R.& M.	5	Aug. 1, '14	97⅞	98	5.68
West. T. & T.	5	Feb. 1, '12	100⅛	100⅜	4.00
Westinghouse	6	Aug. 1, '13	101⅞	102	4.98

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Aug. 14.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$453,702	$11,309,512	$34,713,814
Int. revenue	363,576	10,995,978	33,750,211
Corp. tax	1,766	91,270	1,482,285
Miscellaneous	72,918	1,684,133	6,219,432
Total receipts	$893,961	$24,080,893	$76,165,744
Expenditures	2,255,754	31,555,754	99,734,256
Deficit	1,361,793	7,475,071	23,568,512

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Working balance in Treasury offices, $34,958,323; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $32,087,249. Total of general fund, $144,330,661.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

George H. Burr & Co. have issued a booklet descriptive of twenty industrial preferred stocks yielding more than 6 per cent. at present prices.

The Erie has placed contracts for 4,000 freight cars and will build 500 more in its own shops. An additional 500 flat cars will shortly be ordered, together with forty passenger cars and sixty locomotives.

The St. Louis & San Francisco has sold to Speyer & Co. $3,000,000 of equipment trust notes covering $3,000,000 worth of cars and locomotives.

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10 National Surety Stock
28 Singer Manufacturing Stock
50 Thompson-Starrett Com. Stock
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Du Pont Powder Common
Singer Manufacturing
Computing-Tabulating-Recording
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Federal Sugar Com. & Pfd.
Cuban Amer. Sugar Com. & Pfd.
Pacific Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
St. Joseph Ry., Ltg., H. & P. 5s
Gilbert Eliott & Co.
34 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 855.
Merchants Bank Bldg. Montreal.

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Allows Interest on Deposits

DICKSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as Trustee, will purchase, and to that end invites offers for the sale to it of, 1st mortgage 5% bonds of the Dickson Manufacturing Company, dated November 1, 1897, at not exceeding 102½% and interest. All bonds not so purchased by the Trustee on or before September 8, 1911, will be drawn for redemption on November 1, 1911, in accordance with the terms of the mortgage.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
By EDWIN S. MARSTON, President.

WANTED—AS MANAGER OF A NEW SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY, A MAN OF HIGH CHARACTER, WITH EXPERIENCE IN THE SAFE DEPOSIT BUSINESS. ANSWER, STATING QUALIFICATIONS, REFERENCES, AND SALARY DESIRED. ADDRESS BOX DEPOSIT 384 TIMES.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

PROPOSALS.

MONTANA POWER TRANSMISSION CO.

Montana Power Transmission Company, pursuant to the terms of its First Mortgage, dated August 1, 1908, has deposited with the undersigned, the Trustee thereunder, the sum of [illegible] as a payment into the Sinking Fund mentioned therein. Proposals for the sale of bonds sufficient to absorb such sum are hereby invited. All proposals must be in securely sealed envelopes addressed to the undersigned and marked "Montana Power Transmission Company, Proposal for Sinking Fund," and must be delivered at the office of the undersigned, 55 Cedar Street, New York City, prior to 12 noon, August 17, 1911. The right is reserved to reject any application.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
[illegible] BREWER, Vice President.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Lehigh Valley's Coal.

The belief still persists in Wall Street that the Lehigh Valley Railroad would withdraw its defense to the Government's suit brought under the commodities clause of the Hepburn act to compel it to dispose of its coal interests, if a plan could be devised by which the separation could be accomplished without causing the railroad to lose control of the coal companies. The Lehigh management is said to have been working on a plan for the organization of an independent coal-selling company, similar to that established by the Lackawanna, without success so far. If such a concern were formed to satisfy the law's demands, it is suggested that the Lehigh would have to declare an extra dividend of $6,000,000, or 10 per cent. on the railroad's stock, to enable the stockholders to subscribe for the shares of the new company and insure retention of control in practically the same hands which now direct the Lehigh's affairs.

* * *

A Prosperous Pessimist.

"If the country continues to grow we will have to build more extensions from time to time," said President Ripley of the Atchison in a Chicago interview, "but we do not contemplate anything big, and are certainly not disposed to start anything new this calendar year. The future is hazy. I am tired of being represented as a pessimist, but somehow my optimism does not grow." Mr. Ripley's pessimism is one of the Atchison's assets. If he were an optimist, with as much money to spend as the Atchison can always command, the company might be committed to a construction programme not justified by the outlook for business. Mr. Ripley's doubts as to the wisdom of spending large sums out of the Atchison's well-filled treasury have proved very comforting to some of the road's stockholders.

* * *

Texas Oil's Decline.

Stock of the Texas Company, the oil concern in which the late John W. Gates was heavily interested, has not ceased its downward movement since the financier's illness began. The shares sold down yesterday to 97, a new low record. On the present dividend of 10 per cent. the shares offer a return far out of line with the yield on other industrials. The company paid 12 per cent. until June, 1910, when the rate was reduced to 10 per cent. following the distribution of a 50 per cent. stock dividend. The shares never sold below 134 last year, and as late as Oct. 18 they sold at 144. Mr. Gates was closely identified with the company, and the stock began to decline when it became known that his illness was serious. It rallied several times on reports that Mr. Gates had taken a turn for the better, and closed at 104 on the day following his death in Paris. The Texas Company is the only oil stock listed on the New York Stock Exchange, and investors generally have not had an opportunity to learn much about its affairs.

* * *

Standard Oil Stockholders Hope.

Although only twenty-four hours before the meeting of the Standard Oil Directors yesterday there were timid holders of the New Jersey company's shares who doubted that they would receive the seasonal disbursement of $6 per share, as soon as the Directors met and declared the regular dividend for the third quarter there were many who were willing to stake their chances on the declaration of the regular fourth quarter's dividend a little ahead of schedule in time to accrue to stockholders of record before the dissolution of the present organization. The fourth quarter's dividend has for the past five years been $10, bringing the annual disbursement up to $40 a share. The time for the distribution of the shares of the thirty-three subsidiaries has been placed indefinitely as some time after Dec. 1. The next quarterly dividend should be declared early in November. Last year it was made payable Dec. 15 to stockholders of record Nov. 18. Hopeful shareholders are counting for this reason on one more distribution of cash and for the reason that in the natural course of events the funds for the dividend should be received from the subsidiaries right up to the time for dissolution. The decree of the lower court fixes the time limit for dissolution late enough in December to allow the payment of this final dividend, bringing the year's disbursement up to the usual $40 per share.

* * *

Georgia Central Incomes.

Directors of the Central of Georgia Railroad declared yesterday the full 5 per cent. interest on the first and second income bonds for the fiscal year ended June 30. For the third incomes a dividend of 1.458 per cent. was declared. These bonds have proved a source of great embarrassment to the railroad company, owing to a not unnatural difference of opinion between the management and the bondholders as to when it may be held that interest has been earned. The bondholders are entitled to 5 per cent. in any year when it is earned, but unpaid interest is not cumulative. For the years 1905 and 1906 all three classes of bonds received their full interest, but in 1907 the Directors held that earnings had not been sufficient for payments on the second and third classes and refused to declare them. Committees were at once organized by the holders of the second and third incomes and suit was brought to compel payment of interest. In December, 1910, the Supreme Court of Georgia ordered the company to pay the full 5 per cent. on all three classes of stock from the 1907 earnings. Another suit was started in November, 1909, to compel payment from the profits of 1908. The company made a partial concession by offering to pay the full interest on the first incomes and 2.8 per cent. on the seconds from the 1908 earnings and to pay 2.8 per cent. on the first incomes for the next two years.

PERKINS TO QUIT BANKS.

Intends to Cut Loose from Wall Street, but Stay with Steel and Harvester.

George W. Perkins, who announced his purpose Monday to get out of some of his active business interests in order to have more time to devote to problems affecting the country at large, was still unwilling yesterday to name the Directorates from which he will retire. It was said by friends of the financier that he was desirous of separating himself from his Wall Street connections and had no intention of withdrawing from the industrial companies with which he has been associated.

According to his friends, Mr. Perkins will probably retire from the Boards of Directors of the National City Bank, the Bankers' Trust Company, the Astor Trust Company, and the Board of Trustees of the New York Trust Company. It was said that he will retain his place as Chairman of the Finance Committee of the International Harvester Company and as a member of the Finance Committee of the United States Steel Corporation.

Iron Pipe P[illegible] Dividend.

After failing to get a quorum for a meeting scheduled for yesterday morning, Directors of the United States Cast Iron Pipe Company met in the afternoon and voted to omit the usual quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent. on the preferred stock for the three months ending Aug. 31. Earnings were said to be more than sufficient for the dividend, but the management thought it advisable to take additional properties and make improvements.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Interest Centred Largely in Local Issues in Yesterday's Transactions.

BOSTON COPPERS SELL OFF

Booth Fisheries Look for Increased Business from Threatened Food Shortage.

Local issues engrossed the attention of the several markets in other cities in Tuesday's trading.

Houston Oil common stock was active and higher in Baltimore yesterday on the announcement that the readjustment plan had been modified so as to make its provisions more favorable to the common stockholders. The report which reached Baltimore from New York was to the effect that at a meeting of the readjustment managers it was decided to offer to the common stockholders of the company the privilege of participating in the readjustment plan upon the deposit of their stock and the payment of 50 cents per share in cash, or 5 per cent. of their holdings in stock.

The common stockholders for this payment in cash or stock are to be entitled to receive 25 per cent. of any profits which may be realized through the development of the oil resources of the company.

Houston Oil preferred, though not active, made an advance of a point.

Considerable further liquidation was noticeable in the Boston market, but prices held fairly well. Lake Copper declined a point, and Amalgamated and North Butte were fractionally lower. Trading was well distributed throughout the list, but fluctuations as a rule were confined to fractional changes.

Chicago stocks presented little activity, but the principal trend of prices was moderately upward. Hart, Schaffner & Marx at the best was a point in advance of the previous close, but before the end had shaded slightly. There were net gains of close to a point each in Can preferred and Chicago Railways, Series 2s, which opened on a sharp advance of almost 2 points.

While the Booth Fisheries stocks have been rather quiet for some time, they have held steady and have shown some buying at times. Business of the company gives promise of being unusually good for the current season. The shortness of food crops and the already opening prices for salmon indicate largely increased profits over last year.

Earnings of the Chicago Title and Trust Company in the seven months ended with July were slightly in excess of $450,000, or 9 per cent. on the $5,000,000 capital stock. In other words, the company earned 1 per cent. more than its dividend for the year in the operations of the first seven months, and has five fairly profitable months in which to add to its surplus account. The earnings thus far in 1911 have been in excess of 15 per cent. for the full year or $750,000. This would compare with earnings of $708,838 in 1910 and $676,125 in 1909.

The feature of the early dealings in Philadelphia was the purchase of a block of 1,000 shares of Lehigh Valley. The stock was in demand from the outset and rose sharply. In all, some 2,000 shares changed hands. Later it eased off again, when it became a weak feature of the New York list. At the close it was approximately a half point above parity with its New York quotation. Aside from that and the customary arbitraging in United States Steel and Reading, there was little worthy of comment during the greater part of the session.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Cons. Power pf.	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
50	Consolidation Coal	100½	100½	100½
5,190	Houston Oil	10	9½	9¾
405	Houston Oil pf.	75½	74½	75
50	Maryland Trust pf.	116	116	116
10	Maryland Trust com.	96	96	96
5	Mercantile Trust	146	146	146
250	United Railways	18	18	18

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Con. Power 4½s	86¼	86¼	86¼
5,000	Con. Power notes	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
8,000	Cotton Duck 5s	77½	77⅛	77⅛
4,000	Chicago Rwys. 5s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
3,000	Ga.-Car. & North. 5s	105	105	105
2,050	Lex. Rwy. 5s	95¼	95¼	95¼
2,000	United Rwys. 4s	85½	85½	85½
1,000	United Rwys. notes	99¼	99¼	99¼

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Atchison pf.	102½	102½	102½
5	Boston Elevated	127¾	127¾	127¾
10	Boston & Lowell	217	217	217
124	Boston & Maine	104	104	104
40	Boston & Worc. pf.	51	51	51
1	Mass. Elec. pf.	91	91	91
204	N. Y., N. H. & H.	135	134¾	134¾
5	Old Colony	188	188	188
50	Southern Ry.	28¾	28¾	28¾
210	Union Pacific	173	172¾	172¾
415	West End	88	88	88
4	West End pf.	101½	101½	101½

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,002	American	134½	134¼	134¼
3,231	Am. T. & T. rts.	5 15-16	5 13-16	5 15-16
50	Cumberland	156	156	156
20	Western	18¼	18	18¼

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
303	Am. Ag. Chem.	56½	55½	55½
11	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	104½	103⅞	104½
5	A., G. & W. I. pf.	18½	18½	18½
110	Am. Pneu. Serv.	4½	4½	4½
146	Am. Sugar Rfg.	115	114½	115
80	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf.	116	115	115
39	Am. Woolen pf.	90½	90	90
200	East Boston Land	10½	10¼	10½
30	Eastern S. S.	94½	94½	94½
14	Edison	287	286½	286½
10	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf.	92½	92½	92½
72	General Electric	154	153	153½
50	Int. Buttonhole	6	6	6
153	Mass. Gas	94	93¾	93¾
15	Mass. Gas pf.	97½	97½	97½
10	Minn. Gen. Elec.	106	106	106
51	Pullman	158	158	158
10	Seattle Elec. pf.	103	103	103
139	Swift	102	101¾	102
64	United Fruit	185	185	185
835	United Shoe Mach.	44¼	43¾	44
36	United Shoe Mach. pf.	27½	27½	27½
4,635	U. S. Steel	74¼	73⅞	73⅞
20	U. S. Steel pf.	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
130	Algomah	7¼	7	7¼
10	Allouez	26	26	26
2,450	Amalgamated	62¼	61½	62
1,470	Am. Zinc	26	24½	24½
1,110	Arizona Com.	12¼	11½	11½
50	Boston Corbin	10	10	10
535	Butte Coalition	16¾	16½	16½
346	Butte Balaklala	4½	3¾	3¾
1,150	Calumet & Ariz.	51	49½	49½
14	Calumet & Hecla	420	410	420
100	Centennial	9½	9	9½
150	Chino Copper	20½	20¼	20½
50	Continental Zinc	9	9	9
10	Copper Range	55¼	55	55¼
309	East Butte	11½	11½	11½
55	Franklin	10½	10¼	10¼
1,465	Giroux	5¾	5½	5½
155	Granby	30½	30	30½
300	Greene-Cananea	6½	6⅜	6⅜
165	Hancock	21½	21½	21½
10	Helvetia	1½	1½	1½
50	Indiana	11	11	11
410	Inspiration Mining	[illegible]	6⅝	6⅝
130	Island Creek pf.	87	86½	86½
110	Isle Royale	14¼	14	14¼
505	Kerr Lake	4½	4⅜	4⅜
505	Lake	26½	25½	25½
85	Lasalle	8½	8½	8½
115	Miami	19½	19¼	19¼
100	Mohawk	44	43½	44
155	Nevada	17¾	17½	17½
345	New Arcadian	3½	3¼	3¼
265	Nipissing	[illegible]	[illegible] 1-16	[illegible]
1,214	North Butte	26	25½	25½
40	Ojibway	5½	5½	5½
10	Old Dominion	38½	38½	38½
[illegible]	Osceola	92½	91½	92
[illegible]	Parrot	11	11	11
[illegible]	Ray Con.	15	14¾	15
[illegible]	Shannon	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Superior	26¾	26	26
[illegible]	Superior & Boston	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
100	Trinity	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Tuolumne Mining	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	U. S. Smelting	34¾	34½	34¾
[illegible]	U. S. Smelting pf.	47	47	47
270	Utah Con.	14¼	14¼	14¼
[illegible]	Utah Copper	46	45½	45½
[illegible]	Victoria	1½	1½	1½
10	Wolverine	104½	104	104½
100	Wyandotte	1½	1½	1½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
[illegible]	Am. T. & T. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Am. Zinc [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2,000	Mass. Gas [illegible]	100	100	100
1,000	Seattle Elec. 5s	104	104	104
1,000	West. T. & T. 5s	98	98	98

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	American Can	9¾	9½	9¾
150	American Can pf.	83¼	83⅛	83¼
100	Am. Shipbuilding	54¾	54¾	54¾
250	Booth Fisheries	40	40	40
20	Booth Fisheries pf.	64¼	64¼	64¼
815	Chic. Pneu. Tool	48½	47½	48½
230	Chic. Ry's series 2	31	30	30
100	Commonw'lth Edison	132	132	132
47	Diamond Match	103½	103¼	103¼
135	Hart Schaffner pf.	103	103	102½
220	Peoples Gas	104¾	104½	104½
285	Sears-Roebuck	140	139	139
176	Swift & Co.	102¾	102½	102½
100	Union Pacific	172½	172½	172½
360	United Box Board	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
700	U. S. Steel	74	73⅝	73⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Chic. Ry's Coll 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Armour & Co. 4½s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝
10,000	Chic. Ry's receipts 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
6,000	Common'h Edison 5s	103	103	103

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	Amal. Copper	62¼	62¼	62¼
30	Cambria Steel	45	44⅞	45
10	Erie	30½	30½	30½
146	Elec. Co. of Amer.	11½	11½	11½
240	Elec. Storage	52½	52½	52½
800	Gen. Asphalt	30½	30	30½
50	Gen. Asphalt c. pf.	72	72	72
100	Ins. Co. N. A.	20¼	20¼	20¼
15	Keystone Tel.	7½	7½	7½
135	Lake Sup. Corp.	24	24	24
6	Lehigh Nav.	89	89	89
2,066	Lehigh Valley	84	83½	83½
145	Leh. Val'y Tr. t. c. pf	22	21½	22
100	P. R. T.	23	23	23
200	P. R. T. t. c.	23¼	23	23
790	Penn. R. R.	60⅝	60 7-16	60 9-16
137	Philadelphia Elec.	17½	17¼	17¼
860	Philadelphia Elec.	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
5,724	Reading	73¼	72¾	72 15-16
100	Tonopah Belmont	6½	6½	6½
36	Tonopah Mining	5½	5⅜	5⅜
554	U. G. I.	86½	86	86½
7,363	U. S. Steel	74	73⅝	73⅝
10	Union Pacific	173⅜	173⅜	173⅜
325	Union Traction	51	50¾	51

General Asphalt preferred and Philadelphia Electric quoted ex-div. except for cash.

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Crucible Steel	12¼	12¼	12¼
50	Ind. Brewing	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
465	Mfrs' Light & Heat	53	53	53
75	Oklahoma Gas	59	59	59
60	Pittsburgh Brewing	20	19¾	20
10	River Coal	10	10	10
10	River Coal pf.	33¾	33¾	33¾
1,700	San Toy	.46	.45	.45
20	Union Switch	85	85	85
20	U. S. Steel	73¾	73¾	73¾
137	Westinghouse A. B.	150	150	150
10	Westing. Electric	32¾	32¾	32¾

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Wheat was very weak and late under persistent liquidation and heavy selling on stop orders the market showed a decline of 1½c to 2⅛c, the greatest decline being in Winnipeg. Duluth Durum showed least decline and was off only ⅝c a bushel, closing within ⅝c of Minneapolis December wheat, making the highest relative price ever shown for the Durum wheat. No. 1 Durum wheat at the seaboard is quoted even with No. 1 Manitoba. This great strength in the Durum is due to the demand, particularly from Russia, for this wheat. The future markets generally were influenced by the cables and very favorable crop reports from the Northwest. The cables were weak, particularly the English cables, which were undoubtedly influenced by the strike conditions and also by the fact that the new wheat is available much earlier than usual in Western Europe owing to the very hot and dry weather for harvest. The English crop is estimated at 18,000,000 bushels more than last year. France is not expected to import before next Spring and a record crop is reported in Spain. Reports from Russia are conflicting and Russia continues a buyer of Durum wheat. Much more favorable reports came from Manitoba, and the great weakness of Winnipeg was considered due to the improved crop conditions in the Canadian Northwest. New Canadian wheat is already moving in a small way. No export business was reported for the day although 20 loads were taken late Monday from New York to the Continent and 88,000 bushels at outports. The visible supply statement was delayed. The European visible decrease for the week, 1,604,000 bushels. No. 2 red was quoted at 94⅝c; No. 1 Northern Spring, $1.11; No. 1 Durum, $1.08¼; No. 2 hard Winter, 95½c; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.08½.

CORN.—Corn was weak at the opening on reports of more favorable weather and the showery conditions shown on the weather map. Later there was a gain of 1c a bushel, with insistent claims from the crop experts that the crop was losing ground notwithstanding the weather conditions. Prices sold off a little with the late decline in wheat, but the close was at a small net gain for the day. Small country offerings of corn were reported. No. 2 corn was steady at 71c in elevator, domestic, 70½c free on board.

OATS.—The market was lower early with corn and wheat, but turned strong, advancing 1c a bushel in disappointing Western receipts and Western offerings and rather active buying by some of the leading bull interests. The big decrease in receipts compared with last year was considered a direct result of the crop shortage. Cash oats were steady with standards quoted, 46c; No. 2 white, 46½c; No. 3 white, 45½c.

PROVISIONS.—Provisions were dull and heavy all day. There was only a limited trade and small selling orders affected values in the absence of support.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
September	96⅝	95¼	95¾	96¾
December	$1.00⅜	99⅛	99¼	$1.00⅝
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	$9.00@9.20	9.10
September	..	..	9.20@9.32	9.20
October	..	..	9.20@9.30	9.25
November	..	..	8.92@9.05	9.10
December	..	..	8.80@8.95	8.82
January	..	..	8.75@8.84	8.82

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
September	90½	89	89½	90⅝
December	95	93⅞	93⅞	95
May	1.00¾	99⅛	99¼	1.00⅝
Corn—				
September	64¼	63½	64¼	63⅞
December	61⅝	60½	61⅛	61⅛
May	64½	63⅞	64¼	63⅞
Oats—				
September	41⅛	40⅝	41⅛	41
December	44¼	43⅝	43⅞	43¼
May	47½	46¼	46⅞	46½
Lard—				
September	9.00	8.92½	8.92½	9.07½
October	9.10	9.02½	9.02½	9.12½
January	8.72½	8.62½	8.65	8.75
Ribs—				
September	9.07½	9.02½	9.03¾	9.17½
October	9.02½	8.90	8.90	9.05
January	8.32½	8.25	8.25	8.35
Pork—				
September	..	..	17.20	17.20
January	16.27½	16.20	16.22½	16.40

COTTONSEED OIL.

Accompanied with a better volume of trade, fair gains were scored in the list. Buying was of a scattered variety and traders were mixed as to the origin of many of the orders, but it was apparent that offerings were light and that new crude oil sales are below expectations while somewhat less favorable crop conditions were having influence. Sentiment seems more evenly divided, but comparatively few expect a decided advance unless severe deterioration sets in at the South. Consuming trade is fair.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.65	5.60
August	..	..	5.64	5.59
September	5.50	5.50	5.56	5.48
October	5.48	5.45	5.46	5.42
November	5.40	5.38	5.40	5.30
December	5.36	5.35	5.36	5.31
January	5.38	5.34	5.37	5.31
February	..	..	5.37	5.31
March	5.37	5.38	5.38	5.33

COTTON.

A good undertone was displayed in the cotton market, and following opening gains of from 7 to 10 points, decided strength developed, with new crop options advancing an additional 15 points. A good part of the rally was lost, however, during the final trading on reports of showers and cooler weather in parts of Texas, although the official forecast failed to indicate such an occurrence.

The character of the crop news was quite similar to that of recent date. Temperatures were said to be abnormally high again in Texas and Oklahoma, with further showers in the Central West, where rainfall has been in excess of requirements. Predacious insects were complained of in the Mississippi delta, with more or less dispatches reiterating claims of the appearance of antagonistic insects to the plant in various other scattered sections. The weekly weather report was generally favorable excepting for Oklahoma and Texas, which served to confirm the private advices lately received of hot and dry weather, causing deterioration.

Liverpool was better than expected, at the start particularly, in regard to the new crop months. It is evident that the strike situation there is serious, as near positions in the cotton market are neglected and spot business in Liverpool stagnant, with many mills forced to close. The foreign situation, however, is not a potent factor at present, as sentiment the world over is being influenced by crop conditions in this country.

Opinions are decidedly mixed at present, and the operations from day to day only serve to confuse sentiment to a greater extent. During yesterday's session there was considerable buying credited to spot interests which is surely not in accordance with the rather unfavorable trading situation, while at the same time the South sells freely on the advances notwithstanding the more bullish tenor of crop reports.

The Mercantile Cotton Crop Reporting Corporation made the condition of cotton 81.2 per cent., against 83.3 last month, indicating a crop of 13,373,000 bales. Norden & Co. recently made the condition 80.8 per cent., and the National Ginners, 83.2 per cent. It is evident, however, that the crop is deteriorating, but it is questionable whether the loss in condition will exceed that of an average during August, which is from 5 to 8 points, while it is also apparent that the bullish dispatches now being received are not the result altogether of rapid deterioration, but rather an overestimate of previous prospects.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	12.50	12.33	12.20@12.30	12.14
September	11.50	11.33	11.31@11.33	11.23
October	11.46	11.26	11.30@11.31	11.10
November	11.50	11.36	11.29@11.32	11.17
December	11.52	11.31	11.34@11.36	11.21
January	11.43	11.25	11.28@11.30	11.16
March	11.52	11.34	11.35@11.37	11.23
May	11.61	11.42	11.44@11.46	11.32
July	..	..	11.45@11.48	11.33

COFFEE.

Coffee met an active selling movement and prices at one time were 9 to 15 points below the previous close, although at the close September was supported and the market closed firm net unchanged to 13 points lower. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were from 12½ to 15 points lower. Havre was still closed and Hamburg easier at a net decline of ¼@¾ pfennig, while in Brazil prices were unchanged to 50 reis lower. Spot coffee, 13½c. for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. close.
August	..	..	11.75@11.78	11.75
September	11.81	11.74	11.80@11.81	11.81
October	11.47	11.40	11.41@11.43	11.51
November	..	..	11.20@11.22	11.32
December	11.12	11.08	11.12@11.13	11.25
January	11.09	11.00	11.09@11.10	11.19
February	..	..	11.07@11.09	11.15
March	11.06	11.02	11.05@11.06	11.12
April	..	..	11.03@11.05	11.11
May	11.06	10.96	11.02@11.03	11.11
June	..	..	11.02@11.03	11.11
July	..	..	11.02@11.03	11.11

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK
Capital and Surplus, $400,000
Deposits - - - $6,000,000
Merchants and others of responsibility and standing, who appreciate the services and facilities afforded by a conservative bank, and contemplate any change in their banking arrangements, or the opening of a new account, are invited to consider relations with this bank.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE TWELFTH WARD BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK:

The respective Boards of Directors of The Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of New York, Nineteenth Ward Bank and the Fourteenth Street Bank in the City of New York having agreed that the said The Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of New York and Nineteenth Ward Bank should be merged into the Fourteenth Street Bank in the City of New York under the name "The Security Bank of New York," notice is hereby given that at a special meeting of the stockholders of The Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of New York, to be held at the main office of the Bank, No. 147 East 125th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of August, 1911, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, there will be submitted to said stockholders for their consideration and action, such agreement of merger; and said stockholders will also be asked to consider and act upon the proceedings of the Board of Directors of their said Bank, taken at a meeting of said Board held on the 2d day of August, 1911, concerning such merger and various matters relating thereto, also regarding the mode of carrying such proposed merger into effect, and also to consider and act upon any and all other matters or things which may come before such meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Bank will be closed at the close of business on the 17th day of August, 1911, and remain closed until after said meeting of stockholders has been held.

New York, August 2, 1911.
By order of the Board of Directors.
FRANK B. FRENCH, President.
JAMES V. IVERSON, Cashier.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF NINETEENTH WARD BANK:

The respective Boards of Directors of Nineteenth Ward Bank, The Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of New York and the Fourteenth Street Bank in the City of New York having agreed that said Nineteenth Ward Bank and The Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of New York should be merged into the Fourteenth Street Bank in the City of New York under the name "The Security Bank of New York," notice is hereby given that at a special meeting of the stockholders of Nineteenth Ward Bank, to be held at the main office of the Bank, No. 953 Third Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of August, 1911, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, there will be submitted to said stockholders for their consideration and action, such agreement of merger; and said stockholders will also be asked to consider and act upon the proceedings of the Board of Directors of their said Bank, taken at a meeting of said Board held on the 2d day of August, 1911, concerning such merger and various matters relating thereto, also regarding the mode of carrying such proposed merger into effect, and also to consider and act upon any and all other matters or things which may come before such meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Bank will be closed at the close of business on the 17th day of August, 1911, and remain closed until after said meeting of stockholders has been held.

New York, August 2, 1911.
By order of the Board of Directors.
[illegible] MARTIN, Jr., President.
CHARLES V. [illegible], Cashier.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF FOURTEENTH STREET BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

1 East 14th Street, New York.

A special meeting of the stockholders of Fourteenth Street Bank in the City of New York, (which has been duly authorized by order of the Supreme Court of New York, New York County, entered July 11, 1911, to change its name to and assume the name of THE SECURITY BANK OF NEW YORK on August 15, 1911,) will be held at the Main Office of the Bank, No. 1 East 14th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of August, 1911, at 12:30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon an agreement entered into by the Directors of the Bank with the Directors of the Nineteenth Ward Bank and the Directors of the Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of New York, pursuant to law, for the merger of the Nineteenth Ward Bank and the Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of New York into Fourteenth Street Bank in the City of New York, and for the further purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase the number of the Board of Directors of Fourteenth Street Bank in the City of New York from fifteen, the present number, to seventeen.

Dated New York City, August 5, 1911.
By order of the Board of Directors.
R. ROSS APPLETON, President.
LOUIS V. ENNIS, Cashier and Secretary.

THE ANN ARBOR RAILROAD CO.

Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

To the Stockholders of The Ann Arbor Railroad Company: Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the By-Laws of The Ann Arbor Railroad Company, the annual meeting of the stockholders of said railroad company will be held at the office of said railroad company, in the village of Durand, in the State of Michigan, on Saturday, the 16th day of September, 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of electing directors, of electing inspectors of election to act as such at the next annual meeting for the election of directors and of transacting such other business as may come before the meeting. The books for the transfer of stock of said railroad company will be closed from 3 P. M. on Sept. 5 to 10 A. M. on Sept. 18, 1911.

H. B. BLANCHARD.
Secretary of The Ann Arbor Railroad Company.
Aug. 15, 1911.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society
Founded 1888. Banking Department Supervision. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before Aug. 20th earn from Aug. 1st. Begin now or write for Booklet A. 38 Park Row, N. Y. C.
4½%

Travelers' Checks
For Payment of U. S. Customs Duties
The Travelers' Checks issued by this Company in denominations of $10.00, $20.00, $50.00 and $100.00 are now accepted by the U. S. Government in payment of duties at any Port of Entry. European tourists can thus avoid the annoyance of having to carry a quantity of American money during their travels, or of securing it upon landing in this country. These checks are self-identifying; are payable at face value all over Europe; and may be used to advantage in connection with our Letters of Credit both here and abroad.
Fifth Avenue Branch
Guaranty Trust Co. of New York
Member New York Clearing House
Fifth Avenue & 43d Street
Telephone, 2600 Bryant
Main Office, 28 Nassau St. London Office, 33 Lombard St.

The American Tobacco Company

Forty-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

To the Holders of the Forty-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY:

In the recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the action brought by the United States of America against The American Tobacco Company and others, directions were given that proceedings be had for the purpose of ascertaining and determining upon some plan or method of dissolving the combination and of recreating, out of the elements now composing it, a new condition which shall be honestly in harmony with and not repugnant to the law, without unnecessary injury to the public or the rights of private property, and at the request of the holders of a large amount of the Forty-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of The American Tobacco Company, issued under and secured by the deed of trust dated October 20, 1904, under which the Guaranty Trust Company of New York is the Successor Trustee, the undersigned have consented to act as a committee for the protection of the interests of all of the holders of said bonds who shall become parties to an agreement now in course of preparation, to be dated July 28, 1911.

Holders of said Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds are hereby requested to deposit their said bonds (with all unmatured coupons, if coupon bonds,) with the GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, the depositary to be named in said agreement, which will issue therefor negotiable certificates of deposit. All registered bonds must be accompanied by powers of attorney to transfer them to the committee.

The decree of the Supreme Court allows a period of six months for the accomplishment of its directions. In view of the shortness of this period of time and the many things to be done, the Committee deems immediate and concerted action essential for the protection of the interests of the bondholders, and it therefore requests that said bonds be deposited at once, but not later than AUGUST 28, 1911.

Copies of the deposit agreement may be obtained on and after July 31, 1911, from the depositary or from the secretary of the committee.

Application will be made to list the certificates of deposit issued by the committee upon the New York Stock Exchange.

Dated July 28, 1911.

ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL, Chairman;
T. DE WITT CUYLER,
HOWLAND DAVIS,
J. HORACE HARDING,
ALBERT H. WIGGIN,
Committee.
LEWIS B. FRANKLIN, Secretary,
28 Nassau St., New York City.
MORGAN J. O'BRIEN, Counsel.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
—FIFTEENTH YEAR—
Over $2,000,000 Net Assets
STABILITY, SECURITY and INCOME are assured by an investment in the securities offered by this Company. Bonds yielding 6.66% issued in small denominations.
Call or write for Circular E.
METROPOLITAN DEPT.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
489 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK

THE PORTSMOUTH STREET RAILROAD & LIGHT COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 10-YEAR 5% GOLD SINKING FUND BONDS—As provided by the mortgage, dated July 1, 1906, executed by The Portsmouth Street Railroad and Light Company of Portsmouth, Ohio, to Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, the undersigned, as such Trustee, hereby gives notice of intention, with the sinking or reserve fund provided in said mortgage, to purchase at its office, in the City of New York, on Monday, October 2, 1911, at par and accrued interest, of the bonds issued under such mortgage, the following, selected by lot, viz.: 23, 75, 153, 184, 204, 209, 216, 237, 249.

The interest on such bonds bearing such numbers will cease on October 1, 1911, pursuant to said mortgage.

Dated August 7th, 1911.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

DIVIDENDS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY
DIVIDEND NO. 20.

A quarterly dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS ($1.50) per share, being the twentieth dividend on the COMMON CAPITAL STOCK of this Company, has been declared payable October 2d, 1911, to the bearers of DIVIDEND WARRANTS No. 20, annexed to certificates representing such stock, upon presentation and surrender of such Warrants to the undersigned Treasurer, at the office of the Company, 120 Broadway, New York.

A. K. VAN DEVENTER, Treasurer.
New York, August 10, 1911.

STERN BROTHERS,
32 West 23d St., New York, Aug. 15, 1911.
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND NO. 3, PREFERRED STOCK.

The Board of Directors of STERN BROTHERS have this day declared a dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent. on the preferred stock of the company, payable Sept. 1, 1911, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. on Aug. 18, 1911. Preferred stock transfer books will be closed at three o'clock P. M., Aug. 18, 1911, and will re-open at ten o'clock A. M., Sept. 5, 1911.

IRVING C. STERN, Treasurer.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

54th PREFERRED DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors have declared the fifty-fourth consecutive quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable Aug. 31, 1911, to Stockholders of record at the close of business, Aug. 17, 1911. Transfer books will not be closed.

F. E. BUGBEE, Treasurer.

PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago).

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable August 25th, 1911, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on August 3d, 1911.

L. A. WILEY, Secretary.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

New York, Aug. 14, 1911.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENTUM on the capital stock of this Company, payable on October 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Saturday, September 9th, 1911.

J. H. BENNINGTON, Secretary.

PURE OIL COMPANY.

Philadelphia, Pa., August 8, 1911.

The Directors of the Company have declared a Dividend of [illegible] per cent on the Common Stock, payable September 1, 1911. Checks will be mailed. Transfer books of the Company will be [illegible].

[illegible], Treasurer.

The American Tobacco Company

FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

To the Holders of the Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

(Issued under Trust Indenture dated October 20, 1904, of which the Guaranty Trust Company of N. Y. is the Successor Trustee)

AND

To the Holders of the Fifty-Year Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of CONSOLIDATED TOBACCO COMPANY

(Issued under Indenture to Morton Trust dated June 15th, 1901, of which the Guaranty Trust Company of N. Y. is the Successor Trustee.)

The Supreme Court of the United States, in its decision in the suit brought by the United States against The American Tobacco Company and others, has directed that proceedings be had in the Circuit Court of the United States for the purpose of ascertaining and determining upon some plan or method of dissolving the combination, and of recreating, out of the elements now composing it, a new condition, which shall be honestly in harmony with and not repugnant to the law. The proceedings must necessarily affect the interest of every holder of the securities of The American Tobacco Company and of every holder of the bonds of the Consolidated Tobacco Company. The undersigned have consented, at the request of the holders of a number of the Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of The American Tobacco Company, to act as a Committee for the protection of the interests of all holders of the said bonds, and of all holders of the outstanding Fifty-Year Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Consolidated Tobacco Company, who shall become parties to an agreement now in course of preparation, to be dated July 28th, 1911.

Holders of the said bonds are requested to deposit the same with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, the depositary to be named in said agreement, which will issue transferable certificates of deposit therefor. All registered bonds must be properly endorsed in blank.

The Committee believes that the interests both of the holders of the Four Per Cent. Bonds of The American Tobacco Company and of the Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Consolidated Tobacco Company demand that measures be promptly taken for their protection. The decision of the Supreme Court indicates that the proceedings must be completed and their purposes substantially accomplished within six months. Immediate action is therefore absolutely necessary, and the Committee requests that the said bonds be deposited at once. Deposits will be received up to and including the 28TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1911.

Copies of the deposit agreement may be had on and after July 31st, 1911, from the GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY, or from the Secretary of the Committee. It is the intention of the Committee to make an application to have the certificates of deposit issued by the Committee listed upon the New York Stock Exchange.

Dated New York, July 28th, 1911.

CHARLES H. SABIN, Chairman;
PHILIP LEHMAN,
J. R. McALLISTER,
SAMUEL McROBERTS,
SAMUEL SLOAN,
Committee.
F. J. H. SUTTON, Secretary,
28 Nassau Street, New York.
EVARTS, CHOATE & SHERMAN,
JOSEPH H. CHOATE,
Counsel.

The American Tobacco Company

PREFERRED STOCK

To the Holders of Preferred Stock of THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY:

In view of the direction in the recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the suit brought by the United States of America against The American Tobacco Company and others, that proceedings be had for the purpose of ascertaining and determining upon some plan or method of dissolving the combination and of recreating out of the elements now composing it a new condition which shall be honestly in harmony with and not repugnant to the law without unnecessary injury to the public or the rights of private property, and at the request of the holders of a large amount of the preferred stock of said The American Tobacco Company, the undersigned have consented to act as a committee for the protection of the interests of all of the holders of said preferred stock who shall become parties to an agreement now in course of preparation, to be dated July 28, 1911.

Holders of said preferred stock are requested to deposit their certificates on or before AUGUST 28, 1911, with CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 54 Wall Street, New York City, the depositary to be named in said agreement, which will issue transferable certificates of deposit therefor. All certificates must be properly endorsed in blank and bear all stock transfer stamps required by the laws of the State of New York.

As the opinion of the Supreme Court directs that a period of six months be allowed for the accomplishment of the purposes above stated, the interests of the holders of said preferred stock demand, in the judgment of the committee, immediate and concerted action for their protection, and the committee urges the necessity of an immediate deposit of said stock.

Copies of the deposit agreement may be obtained on and after July 31, 1911, from the depositary or from the secretary of the committee.

Application will be made to list the certificates of deposit issued by the committee upon the New York Stock Exchange.

Dated July 28, 1911.

J. N. WALLACE, Chairman;
FREDERICK STRAUSS,
CHARLES D. NORTON,
HARRY BRONNER,
ERNEST ISELIN,
Committee.
F. L. BABCOCK, Secretary,
54 Wall Street, New York City.
ADRIAN H. LARKIN, Counsel.

SECOND CANADA LINE GETTING INTO CHICAGO

Canadian Northern and Grand Trunk to Build in Conjunction with Hawley Road.

GRAIN LINE TO MINNEAPOLIS

Coming Over Minneapolis and St. Louis from the Boundary—Newman Erb Associated with Hawley in Enterprise.

Arrangements will shortly be completed by which another Canadian transcontinental line will gain an entrance into St. Paul and Minneapolis, and from there on to Chicago. Negotiations which have been entered into with the Canadian Northern and the Grand Trunk Pacific are expected to end in the construction by one of those roads of a line to the Canadian border, where connection will be made with an extension of the Minneapolis & St. Louis.

While the initiative in the present negotiations seems to have been taken by the Hawley road, the new traffic alliance is expected to benefit chiefly the Canadian line by giving it a grain route from Saskatchewan and Manitoba to the Twin Cities. The Canadian Pacific has a line through to Chicago over the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie and the Wisconsin Central, both of which it owns. Acceptance of the reciprocity agreement is expected greatly to stimulate business crossing the international boundary.

To provide capital for the extension of the Minneapolis & St. Louis to the border a very large interest in both the common and preferred stock has been sold to Newman Erb. This was announced yesterday afternoon following special meetings of the Directors of the Minneapolis & St. Paul and the Iowa Central.

Mr. Erb was elected a Director of both roads yesterday, and it was learned that he and Edwin Hawley now share control of them. The announcement stated that "Mr. Erb is joining Mr. Hawley in developing these roads. The Minneapolis & St. Paul is to be extended to the Canadian border and will afford an entrance into Minneapolis and St. Paul to one or both of the Canadian roads now being constructed to the Pacific Coast. An important extension of the Iowa Central is also contemplated."

At the present time the Minneapolis & St. Louis does not extend further north than Leola, S. D., near the western end of the system. The extension to Canada will start either from there or Watertown, some distonce further east, depending upon the engineers' recommendations. The new line will be from 240 to 250 miles in length and will cost in the neighborhood of $10,000,000.

The Hawley roads have no line of their own from St. Paul to Chicago. Arrangements will be made with an existing line for a connection, giving another through route from Chicago to the Canadian Northwest.

It has not been decided yet whether the Minneapolis & St. Louis extension will link up with the Grand Trunk Pacific or the Canadian Northern. Speyer & Co. have taken a prominent part in financing the Grand Trunk Pacific, and they are associated with Mr. Hawley in the control of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, from which it was assumed in some quarters yesterday that the connection will be made with the Grand Trunk.

MAIL SAVINGS OF $9,000,000.

Hitchcock Would Pay Railroads for Space Instead of by Weight.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Radical readjustment of the methods of computing the pay of railways for transporting the mails, which will effect an annual saving of approximately $9,000,000, is recommended to Congress to-day by Postmaster General Hitchcock.

Mr. Hitchcock proposes to effect such saving by paying the railroads on the basis of cost with 6 per cent. profit. The plan provides that all railways shall report annually to the Postmaster General the expenses incurred in carrying the mails, in order that the department may determine the cost to the railways and a fair rate of profit.

The method of fixing railway mail pay in accordance with weight has proved expensive and unsatisfactory, and it is proposed to abandon it entirely, says Mr. Hitchcock. He suggests the substitution of the method of fixing compensation in accordance with the amount of space required in cars for the distribution and carriage of the mails, making proper allowance for the extent and frequency of the service performed.

Mr. Hitchcock sends to Congress with his report, which was made in response to an act passed in 1909, a draft of a bill which, if enacted, would carry the new plan into effect. He urgently recommends its passage.

EXPERTS FOR APPRAISER.

They Will Watch Markets and Counsel the Regular Examiners.

Francis W. Bird, Appraiser of the Port, announced yesterday the appointment of three "value experts," who will be temporary examiners. The Appraiser believes it is impossible for the regular examiners to keep informed regarding market prices. Accordingly he has designated the new men to keep in touch with market fluctuations, and give the benefit of their knowledge to the regular examiners.

The appointments include John W. Sutcliffe, examiner of cotton goods, at a salary of $1,600 a year. Mr. Sutcliffe is a graduate of the Fall River Textile School, and has had practical experience in the manufacture of cotton goods.

Charles L. Keil, examiner of cutlery, at $1,800 a year. Mr. Keil has had charge of the foreign cutlery department of Wiebusch & Hilger.

Henry B. Allen, examiner of iron and steel products, at $1,800 per annum. Mr. Allen was graduated this year from Columbia University. He studied metallurgy, specializing in metallurgy of iron and steel.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The following is the forecast for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Mississippi—Local showers Wednesday and probably Thursday; light, variable winds.

Florida—Local showers Wednesday and Thursday; light, variable winds, except moderate easterly over southern portion.

Louisiana—Local showers Wednesday and probably Thursday; light southerly winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature; moderate southerly winds.

Western Texas, Utah, and Kentucky—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Oklahoma—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature.

Arkansas—Fair in northern, probably showers in southern portion, Wednesday. Thursday, fair.

Tennessee—Unsettled Wednesday. Thursday, fair.

Ohio—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature; light westerly winds, becoming variable.

Indiana, Illinois—Probably fair Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature; light variable winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday; not much change in temperature; light variable winds.

Upper Michigan, Wisconsin—Probably fair Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature; light variable winds.

Minnesota—Unsettled Wednesday. Thursday fair; cooler in southern portion; light to moderate variable winds.

Iowa—Probably fair Wednesday and Thursday; somewhat lower temperature Thursday.

Missouri—Probably fair Wednesday and Thursday; slightly cooler in northwest portion Thursday.

[illegible] fair Wednesday and Thursday; [illegible] temperature Wednesday [illegible]

[illegible]—Probably fair [illegible] Thursday; somewhat lower [illegible]

[illegible]

SEEK UNIFORM DIVORCE LAW.

Col. Astor's Case Moves Congressman Norris to Urge National Convention.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—For the purpose of convening in Washington a National congress for the formulation of uniform divorce laws, Representative Norris of Nebraska to-day introduced a resolution instructing the President to call upon the Governor of each State to send delegates to such a convention.

The resolution, which carries an appropriation of $200,000 to defray expenses, was inspired, Mr. Norris declared, by the announcement of the coming marriage of Miss Force to Col. John Jacob Astor, as well as by the solemnization of hundreds of such marriages in the past.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
1st week Aug.	$33,746	$36,376	*$2,630
July 1-Aug. 7	164,597	187,750	*23,153

HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY—

Week Aug. 13	44,056	43,167	889
Jan. 1-Aug. 13	1,454,607	1,325,546	129,061

LONDON UNDERGROUND (Tubes)—

Week Aug. 12	£11,180	£10,325	£855
July 1-Aug. 12	73,455	71,295	2,160

LONDON UNDERGROUND, (Metropolitan District)—

Week Aug. 12	10,140	9,101	1,039
July 1-Aug. 12	66,157	62,151	4,006

LONDON UNDERGROUND, (London United Tramways)—

Week Aug. 12	9,821	7,111	2,710
July 1-Aug. 12	48,454	43,561	4,893

RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—

1st week Aug.	$9,946	$11,056	*$1,110
July 1-Aug. 7	52,131	63,361	*11,230

SEABOARD AIR LINE—

1st week Aug.	414,096	401,536	12,560
July 1-Aug. 7	1,994,028	1,904,081	89,947

CANADIAN PACIFIC preliminary statement of income for the fiscal year ended June 30—

Gross earnings	104,167,808	94,989,490	9,178,318
Op. expenses	67,467,978	61,149,534	6,318,444
Net earnings	36,699,830	33,839,956	2,859,874
†Other income	1,118,350	909,235	209,115
Total	37,818,180	34,749,191	3,068,989
Fixed charges	10,011,071	9,916,940	94,131
Surplus	27,807,109	24,832,251	2,974,858
S. S. replacem't & pension fund	1,080,000	980,000	100,000
Surplus	26,727,109	23,852,251	2,874,858
Dividends	14,853,867	12,382,112	2,471,755
‡Surplus	11,873,242	11,470,139	403,103

*Decrease.

†Includes only net earnings of steamships in excess of amount included in gross earnings.

‡Surplus does not include special income from interest on land sales and from other extraneous assets, which amounted to $6,602,205 in 1911. In 1910 interest and dividends on securities owned and interest on proceeds of land sales amounted to $5,481,825.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO for June—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Av. mileage op.	2,242	1,939	
Freight rev.	2,064,667	1,883,450	1,820,995
Pass. rev.	457,248	452,748	404,196
Oth. trans. rev.	155,809	163,371	181,990
Non-trans. rev.	16,823	15,990	10,410
Total op. rev.	2,694,548	2,515,560	2,417,592
Mt. way & str.	487,835	340,540	345,514
Mt. of equip.	459,889	475,772	396,733
Traffic exp.	54,878	51,719	51,910
Trans. exp.	776,158	736,147	611,448
Gen. exp.	66,960	81,215	55,719
Total op. exp.	1,845,716	1,685,394	1,461,327
Net op. rev.	848,831	830,166	956,265
Total op. rev.	848,831	830,166	956,265
Fxd. chgs. & tax less oth. inc.	558,083	309,308	476,856
Op. income	290,747	520,858	479,408
July 1 to June 30:			
Freight rev.	25,590,027	24,901,200	20,885,511
Pass. rev.	5,512,932	5,002,205	4,482,004
Oth. trans. rev.	1,247,356	1,146,340	1,138,690
Non-trans. rev.	233,096	187,424	124,502
Total op. rev.	32,583,411	31,237,169	26,630,717
Mt. way & str.	4,141,571	3,391,082	3,101,150
Mt. of equip.	6,198,825	5,858,843	4,938,938
Traffic exp.	615,338	535,207	466,042
Trans. exp.	10,044,173	8,509,434	7,328,683
Gen. exp.	793,707	642,183	532,023
Total op. exp.	21,793,615	18,936,699	16,366,837
Net op. rev.	10,789,796	12,300,470	10,263,879
Fxd. chgs. & tax less other inc.	7,561,511	6,009,984	6,251,752
Op. income	3,228,284	6,290,486	4,012,127

FONDA, JOHNSTOWN & GLOVERSVILLE for June—

Gross earnings	81,945	79,291	69,715
Net earnings	39,736	35,686	34,049
Gross, 12 months	946,366	904,751	773,849
Net, 12 months	495,919	458,869	383,029

HOCKING VALLEY for June—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Gross earnings	583,570	729,251	145,681
Expenses	287,830	371,273	83,443
Net earnings	295,739	357,978	62,238
Gross, 12 mos.	7,172,731	7,783,032	610,301
Expenses	4,600,046	4,739,828	139,782
Net, 12 mos.	2,572,684	3,043,203	470,519

LONDON ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO. for the six months ended June 30—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Gross earnings	£392,817	£365,624	£27,193
Exp. and taxes	174,920	167,220	7,700
Net earnings	217,897	198,404	19,493
Other income	5,713	5,743	*30
Total income	223,610	204,147	19,463
Int. on debent., rents, &c.	102,930	107,562	*4,634
Surplus	120,680	96,583	24,097

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RAILROAD CO. for the six months ended June 30—

Gross earnings	327,170	300,046	27,124
Exp. and taxes	152,741	143,331	9,410
Net earnings	174,429	156,715	17,714
Other income	49,028	45,381	3,647
Total income	223,457	202,096	21,361
Int. on deb., renewals, &c.	142,487	140,760	1,727
Surplus	80,970	61,336	19,634

*Decrease.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE report as filed with the Inter State Commerce Commission for June—

Mileage	4,629.16	4,590.55	38.61
Freight rev.	2,904,516	3,085,949	*181,432
Passenger rev.	943,067	896,183	46,883
Other trans. rev.	234,142	224,293	9,849
Non-trans. revs.	32,770	27,382	5,388
Total oper. revs.	4,114,496	4,233,808	*119,311
Mt. way & str.	843,125	1,155,988	*312,862
Maint of equip.	753,093	782,334	*29,300
Traffic exp.	88,558	101,369	*12,811
Transpor. exp.	1,393,170	1,418,145	*24,975
General exp.	98,139	119,769	*21,629
Total oper. exp.	3,176,027	3,577,607	*401,580
Net oper. revs.	938,469	656,200	282,268
Outside op. (net)	3,998	43,568	*39,560
Total net revs.	942,467	699,769	242,698
Taxes	311,289	133,552	177,736
Oper. income	631,178	566,216	64,962
July 1 to June 30—			
Freight rev.	39,066,033	38,421,779	644,254
Passenger rev.	11,641,309	10,796,997	844,311
Other trans. rev.	2,900,635	2,857,963	42,671
Non-trans. revs.	385,762	356,641	29,121
Total oper. revs.	53,993,740	52,433,381	1,560,358
Mt. way & str.	9,178,192	8,172,166	1,006,026
Maint of equip.	9,490,454	8,559,104	931,358
Traffic exp.	1,124,903	1,120,515	4,387
Transpor. exp.	17,588,595	16,030,238	1,558,356
General exp.	1,097,677	1,103,554	*5,877
Total oper. exp.	38,479,822	34,985,578	3,494,243
Net oper. revs.	15,513,918	17,447,808	*1,933,884
Outside op. (net)	40,403	121,232	*80,828
Total net revs.	15,554,321	17,569,035	*2,014,718
Taxes	1,938,089	1,602,632	335,456
Oper. income	13,616,232	15,966,402	*2,350,170

*Decrease.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant

Seymour Dry Goods Company, Pittsburg, Kan.; W. E. Seymour, dry goods and ladies' ready-to-wear; Hotel York.

Nugent, B., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; G. Roth, linens and white goods; 31 Union Square.

Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company, Decatur, Ill.; Miss P. Bailey, muslin underwear and infants' wear; 31 Union Square.

Newman, E. M., Company, Columbus, Ohio; J. S. Gessner, waists and muslin underwear; The Breslin.

Denver Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; M. G. Landis, upholstery goods; 30 East Twentieth Street; Hotel Navarre.

Filene's, W., Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; F. Spear, children's dresses; 4 West Twenty-second Street.

White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; A. Levy, cloaks and suits, basement; E. H. Young, prints; D. C. Theall, upholstery goods; F. J. Shaw, trunks, bags, and baskets; 41 Union Square.

Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; W. S. Tuffts, laces and embroideries; T. J. McCarthy, stationery; 31 Union Square.

Burke, Fitz Simons, Hone & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; P. F. Hargather, dress trimmings and feather boas; Park Avenue Hotel.

Rich, A., & Brothers Company, Atlanta, Ga.; J. H. Newton, neckwear and ribbons; 40 West Twenty-second Street.

Meldrum, H. A., Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. J. Cronin, silks; 41 Union Square; The Breslin.

Murdock Brothers Company, Champaign, Ill.; S. A. Murdock, cloaks and suits; Park Avenue Hotel.

Strauss Brothers & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; M. Goodman, cloaks and suits; Miss Murphy, notions and laces; Hotel Brostell.

Lewis, A. T., & Son, Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; K. Von Alt, clothing, hosiery, gloves, furnishing goods, women's knit underwear and hosiery; P. P. Brehm, carpets, rugs, curtains, and draperies; B. Petherick, notions, fancy goods, silverware, jewelry, ribbons, feather goods, and art needlework; 16 East Eighteenth Street.

Kemp & Herbert, Spokane, Wash.; Miss Bray, ladies' wear; 16 East Eighteenth Street.

Dry-Block Mercantile Company, Memphis, Tenn.; C. J. Dollinger, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Cadillac.

Minneapolis Dry Goods Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; J. Langfeld, jewelry and leather goods; 43 Broome Street.

Chamberlain & Patterson Company, Natchez, Miss.; W. C. Price, cloaks, notions, and laces; Hotel Grand.

Watt, Rettew & Clay, Norfolk, Va.; E. S. Malvern, notions; W. H. C. Ranson, furnishing goods; 214 Church Street.

Dey Brothers & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; J. A. Russell, cloaks and suits; 31 Union Square; Park Avenue Hotel.

Eisinger, Dessauer & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. Eisinger, general merchandise; 467 Broadway.

Peck, G. B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; Miss Burke, millinery; 2 Walker Street.

[illegible] Company, Cleveland, Ohio; C. E. Carlson, men's furnishing goods; A. N. Oldreive, hosiery, gloves, underwear, and umbrellas; 4 Washington Place.

Gottschalk, E., & Co., Fresno, Cal.; E. Gottschalk, cloaks and suits; 225 Fourth Avenue.

Columbia Dry Goods Company, Houston, Texas; B. Conn, cloaks, suits, waists, and dresses; 16 East Eighteenth Street.

Trankla, Charles, & Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.; J. Granten, dress goods and silks; 55 White Street.

New York Dry Goods Company, Helena, Mon.; Miss E. Harris, millinery; 129 West Twenty-seventh Street.

Uhler & Phillips, Marion, Ohio; J. B. Phillips, cloaks and suits; 315 Fourth Avenue; Hotel Navarre.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; R. B. Adam, dry goods; 2 Walker Street.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; G. S. Pomeroy, millinery; 2 Walker Street.

Elder & Johnston Company, Dayton, Ohio; J. W. Scott, laces, ribbons, handkerchiefs, umbrellas, gloves, and ladies' neckwear; 2 Walker Street.

Gable, W. F., & Co., Altoona, Penn.; Miss Plank, representing; 2 Walker Street.

Morehouse-Martens Company, Columbus, Ohio; Miss L. Neville, millinery; 315 Fourth Avenue.

Rogers, A. J., Company, Dallas, Texas; A. J. Rogers, cloaks and suits; 142 Fifth Avenue.

Elliott-Taylor-Woolfendin Company, Detroit, Mich.; C. F. O. Mason, cloaks and suits; 31 Union Square.

Hudson, J. L., Company, Detroit, Mich.; A. W. Krenning, millinery; Miss S. Barkume, ribbons and laces; 50 Union Square.

Lahr-Bacon Company, Evansville, Ind.; Miss A. Mecker, cloaks and suits; 142 Fifth Avenue.

International Corset Company, Amora, Ill.; C. H. Schopbach, corsets; Room 904, 874 Broadway.

Newspeter; St. Louis, Mo.; Miss Murphy, cloaks and suits; Miss Campbell, waists and furs; 18 East Twenty-seventh Street.

Jones, Post & Co., Kansas City, Mo.; H. M. Quinn, men's, children's, and boys' clothing; 48 Leonard Street.

Lowenstein, B., & Bros., Memphis, Tenn.; J. A. Moss, wash goods; 48 Leonard Street.

Wallace Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; W. J. Moak, cloaks and suits; New Amsterdam Hotel.

Nugent, B., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss A. Fox, infant's wear; 31 Union Square.

White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss G. Torpy, cloaks and suits; 47 Union Square.

Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; J. A. Witt, cloaks and suits; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss J. A. Finnecaine, infants' wear and muslin underwear; 214 Church Street.

McAlpin, G. W., Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss J. B. Jackson, muslin underwear and infants' wear; 214 Church Street.

Fair, The, Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss McKinley, millinery; Miss Cramer, millinery; I. Smith, representing; 214 Church Street.

White, J. B., & Co., Augusta, Ga.; Mrs. G. Lovett, hosiery and underwear; Miss Ferris, children's wear; 214 Church Street.

Thompson-Hudson Company, Toledo, Ohio; J. M. Forbes, laces and ribbons; 50 Union Square.

Stone & Thomas, Wheeling, West Va.; Miss M. Sullivan, laces and veilings; 320 Church Street; Hotel Grand.

Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. G. Cameron, cloaks and suits; 214 Church Street.

Hills, McLean & Haskins, Binghamton, N. Y.; Miss E. Dodge, millinery; 70 Franklin Street; Hotel Grand.

Daniels & Fisher Stores Company, Denver, Col.; Mrs. H. E. Apperson, millinery; 56 Worth Street; Park Avenue Hotel.

Fair, Montgomery, Montgomery, Ala.; H. Dansinger, general merchandise; 214 Church Street.

Castner-Knott Company, Nashville, Tenn.; Miss E. Dittrick, ladies' underwear, infants' wear, and corsets; E. Zeller, representing; 214 Church Street.

Watt, Rettew & Clay, Norfolk, Va.; Miss A. Delaney, cloaks, suits, waists, and furs; 214 Church Street.

Horne, J., Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; I. J. Jenkins, notions; S. C. Barbour, ribbons and ladies' neckwear; 320 Church Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Lipman, Wolfe & Co., Portland, Ore.; H. W. Atkins, trimmings, ribbons, and laces; 100 Fifth Avenue.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Pottsville, Penn.; Miss B. L. Davis, dress goods and silks; 2 Walker Street.

Kline, Epplhimer & Co., Reading, Penn.; J. S. Tobias, upholstery goods; 315 Fourth Avenue.

Powers Mercantile Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; Miss C. A. Ryan, millinery; Miss K. La Grau, representing; 214 Church Street; Hotel Prince George.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. G. Spoerl, hosiery and knit underwear; 115 Worth Street.

Sheehan, Dean & Co., Elmira, N. Y.; E. Dean, general merchandise; 320 Church Street.

Thompson, N. J., & Co., Elmira, N. Y.; V. S. French, hosiery, underwear, and notions; Hotel Brostell.

Lewis J. C., Company, Louisville, Ky.; M. J. Davies, housefurnishing goods; 70 Franklin Street.

Kaufman-Strauss Company, Louisville, Ky.; B. Marcus, domestics; 31 Union Square.

Guggenheimer, C. M., Lynchburg, Penn.; Miss A. Burks, laces; 40 West Twenty-second Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; J. Bernstein, linens, ribbons, and white goods; C. J. Ward, millinery; 73 Spring Street.

Ives, Upham & Rand Compny, Meriden, Conn.; C. L. Upham, Jr., furs; 73 Spring Street.

Porteous & Mitchell Company Norwich, Conn.; J. M. Lee, millinery, ribbons, hosiery, and gloves; T. Galligan, laces and embroideries; 55 White Street.

Watts & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; W. S. Sullivan, cloaks, suits, and furs; 55 White Street.

Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; H. J. Donnelly, laces, ribbons, handkerchiefs, and embroideries; 55 White Street.

Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; Mrs. M. C. Wood, infants' wear; 2 Walker Street.

Thompson-Hudson Co., Detroit, Mich.; W. R. Ford, Scranton, Penn.; Mr. Sukosky, cloaks and suits; Broadway Central Hotel.

McAlpin, G. W., Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss M. Krisler, gloves; 214 Church Street.

Daniels & Fisher Stores Co., Denver, Col.; Mrs. L. Mellen, art needlework; 56 Worth Street; Hotel Great Northern.

Newcomb-Endicott Company, Detroit, Mich.; F. T. Buchanan, carpets; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Kirven, J. A., Company, Columbus, Ga.; J. A. Kirven, domestics; 69 Fifth Avenue.

Ayres, L. S., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; H. Schuman, white goods; 31 Union Square.

Freimuth, I., Duluth, Minn.; D. Loevna, hosiery, underwear, books, and stationery; F. Robinson, dress goods, silks, flannels, and linings; 100 Fifth Avenue.

Mendel, S., Hot Springs, Ark.; dry goods; Hotel Grand.

Siegel, H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; R. G. Alexander, bedding; Hotel Grand.

Marting Brothers Company, Portsmouth, Ohio; R. S. Marting, dry goods; 45 East Seventeenth Street; Hotel Grand.

Quackenbush, Gos & Co., Troy, N. Y.; J. J. Madden, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.

Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; Mrs. M. G. Holtt, ladies' neckwear; Miss J. Burger, ladies' wear; 215 Fourth Avenue; Hotel Wolcott.

McAlpin, G. W., Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; W. N. Bayless, hosiery and furnishing goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Wolcott.

Renwick Brothers & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; A. W. Renwick, millinery; Hotel Grand.

Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss E. Dean, waists; 214 Church Street; Hotel Grand.

Fraser R., Utica, N. Y.; A. W. German, upholstery goods; Hotel Navarre.

Liepolo Bros., Selma, Ala.; J. Liepold, notions and furnishing goods; Hotel Gregorian.

Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss R. Spenzel, muslin underwear; H. Nachman, underwear; 31 Union Square.

Gimbel Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; J. S. Commell, boots; J. E. Gordon, domestics; Miss Avery, ribbons; Broadway and Thirty-second Street.

Kennedy & MacInnese, Pittsfield, Mass.; W. H. MacInnes, dry goods; 320 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.

Monnheimer Bros., St. Paul, Minn.; R. A. Smith, silks; 320 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.

Heilprin L., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; L. H. Friedlander, cloaks and suits; Hotel Navarre.

Schaper Bros., St. Louis, Mo.; W. Schaper, ladies' wear; Miss J. Kennedy, waists; 69 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Navarre.

Jones Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; W. T. Hambs, clothing and furnishing goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Cumberland.

Newcomb-Endicott Company, Detroit, Mich.; H. B. Scott, cloaks, suits, and waists; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Mandelbaum, J., & Sons, Des Moines, Iowa; M. Cohen, cloaks, suits, and waists; 70 Franklin Street; Hotel Woodward.

Heller, M., Newcastle, Penn.; general merchandise; Miss Tyner, ladies' wear; Hotel Great Northern.

Loveman, Joseph & Loeb, Birmingham, Ala.; W. T. Giles, housefurnishing goods; 31 Union Square; Hotel Collingwood.

Hale Brothers, San Francisco, Cal.; D. H. Young, domestics; 395 Broadway; The Hermitage.

Bear, Morris, & Brother, Wilmington, N. C.; J. I. Bear, notions; The Elks.

Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; P. J. Kraseise, knit underwear and hosiery; 4 Washington Place; Hotel King Edward.

Campbell & Judkins, Boston, Mass.; A. D. Campbell, millinery; Hotel Brostell.

Malley, E., Company, New Haven, Conn.; J. T. Duff, carpets; 320 Church Street; Hotel Victoria.

Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss A. M. Smith, corsets, ladies' and infants' wear; Hotel Victoria.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; M. H. Newmeyer, laces, hosiery, and gloves; Hotel Grand.

Starr, L., & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss F. L. Sylvia, ladies' ready-to-wear clothing; Miss G. Chessleigh, waists; Miss F. Prescott, suits; Hotel Brostell.

Williams, Guernsey B., Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; G. B. Williams, hosiery and gloves; Hotel Brostell.

Snow, Mecaslin & Co., Boston, Mass.; J. R. Snow, millinery; Hotel Brostell.

McWhirr, R. A., Company, Fall River, Mass.; J. Conn, cloaks and suits; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Brostell.

Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; A. G. Creesman, muslin underwear, waists, and infants' wear; Broadway and Tenth Street; Hotel St. Denis.

Weinberg Cloak Company, Baltimore, Md.; J. Weinberg, cloaks; Hotel St. Denis.

Wiesen, H., Philadelphia, Penn.; waists; Hotel Albert.

Herbert, W. P., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; W. P. Herbert, cloaks and suits; Hotel Brostell.

Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss Day, white goods, laces, and handkerchiefs; 1,261 Broadway.

Spokane Dry Goods Company, Spokane, Wash.; E. B. Gordon, cloaks, suits, waists, ladies' and infants' wear; 225 Fourth Avenue.

Edwards, E. W., & Son, Rochester, N. Y.; Miss E. McDonald, waists; Hotel Victoria.

Pikosky, J., New Haven, Conn.; ready to wear; 100 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Victoria.

Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; L. Kaufman, cloaks, suits and waists; 200 Fifth Avenue; Holland House.

Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. Kahnweiler, clothing, hats and caps; Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street; Hotel Latham.

Kaufman, Straus Company, Louisville, Ky.; J. A. Dorsey, furnishing goods, hosiery and gloves; 31 Union Square; Hotel Latham.

Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; D. J. Morgan, robes; 214 Church Street.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; W. P. Briggs, china and lamps; 464 Broome Street; Hotel Grand.

Central Store Company, Youngstown, Ohio; W. H. Toulmin, cloaks, suits, and waists; Miss B. Johnston, waists; Hotel Grand.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; S. P. Caldwell, cloaks and suits; 464 Broome Street.

Kaufman-Strauss Company, Louisville, Ky.; Miss R. Edelson, millinery; 31 Union Square.

Higbee Company, Cleveland, Ohio; W. L. Foster, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Imperial.

Nathan, J. J., & Co., Beaumont, Texas; J. J. Nathan, notions and cloaks; 320 Church Street.

Mills, Ellis, Reading, Penn.; W. E. Mills, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.

Registered at Merchants' Association.

Koch, Schaffner & Adler, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. M. Koch, clothing; Hotel Cadillac.

May Company, Cleveland, Ohio; P. Glueck, jewelry department; Hotel Woodstock.

The Fashion, Ironton, Ohio; H. D. Minces, Mrs. H. D. Minces, Samuel Minces, Gertrude Minces, and Bess Lambert, general merchandise; Hoffman House.

White, Z. L., Company, Columbus, Ohio; J. E. Clemens, cloaks and suits; Park Avenue Hotel.

Merchants' Association, Brandon, Manitoba; G. L. Johnson, Mrs. G. L. Johnson, and Miss F. Dennison, dry goods; Hotel Manhattan.

Rike-Kumler Company, Dayton, Ohio; E. F. Clingan, department store; Hotel Imperial.

Munger, H. G., & Co., Herkimer, N. Y.; E. L. Jackson, dry goods; Park Avenue Hotel.

The Famous, Huntsville, Ala.; T. T. Terry, department store; Park Avenue Hotel.

McAlpin, George W., Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. F. Hoppen, department store; The Hermitage.

Enwers, J. N., Youngstown, Ohio; Laura C. Biddle and Bessie Leach, department store; Hotel Navarre.

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Hauser & Davis Mfg., 59 East 8th St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 43 Franklin.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN MATTHEWS, a corporation, Bankrupt.—No. 14,599.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of April, 1911, the above-named bankrupt was duly adjudicated bankrupt and a first meeting of creditors was held May 19, 1911, and a Trustee elected at said meeting; said Trustee qualified and filed his bond; since then the Trustee has filed his account and report and resignation as Trustee herein and the office of Trustee being now vacant a second first meeting of creditors will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County and State of New York, on the twenty-fifth day of August, 1911, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, pass upon the resignation and account of the Trustee herein, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee and transact such other and further business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, August 14th, 1911.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH SPIVACK, Bankrupt.—No. 15,125.

To the creditors of Joseph Spivack, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of June, A. D., 1911, the said Joseph Spivack was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, Referee in bankruptcy, No. 38 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of August, A. D., 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

August 14th, 1911.

NO. 15,238.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GODFREY KNOBLOCH, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Godfrey Knobloch of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 30 day of June, A. D. 1911, the said Godfrey Knobloch was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, Referee in bankruptcy, No. 38 William Street, City and County of New York, on the — day of August, A. D. 1911, at — o'clock in the — noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

August 15th, 1911.

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and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed as part of purchase price. [illegible] machines guaranteed for one year, at a saving of [illegible]
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FORECLOSURE SALE.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Plaintiff, against EDWARD A. KRACKE and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date [illegible] of July, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 24th day of August, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

"All those certain pieces or plots of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of The Bronx, City of New York, County of New York, (formerly County of Westchester,) and State of New York, known on a map entitled 'Map of the New Park, Westchester County, New York, belonging to Messrs. Pinchot and Morrell, surveyed by William H. Meige, Civil Engineer, and Matthew Cox, City Surveyor,' as plots Numbers One, Eight, Nine, Ten, Eleven, Twelve, and Fifteen, a copy of which map is annexed to a deed recorded in the office of the Register of Westchester County, in Liber 1,004 of Conveyances, Page 61, said plots containing about thirty or thirty-one acres; also all the right, title, and interest in and to one-half the roads or drives adjacent to the property hereby conveyed.

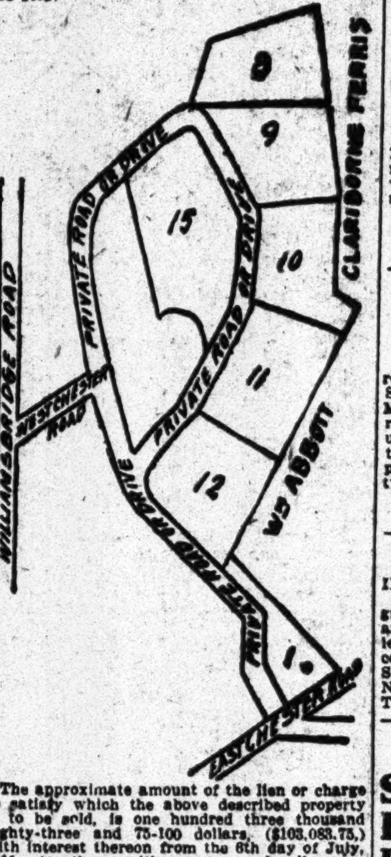
"Subject, however, to all rights of way reserved in deeds recorded in Liber 1,004 of Conveyances, Pages 56 and 61, and mentioned in deeds recorded in Liber 1,118 of Conveyances, Page 360, Liber 1,205 of Conveyances, Page 53, Liber 1,222 of Conveyances, Page 396, and Liber 1,266 of Conveyances, Page 343, all of said deeds being recorded in the office or offices of the Register or Clerk of Westchester County."

Dated New York, July 25, 1911.

ENOS S. BOOTH, Referee.

JEROME, RAND & KRESEL, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 27 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold, is one hundred three thousand eighty-three and 75-100 dollars, ($103,083.75,) with interest thereon from the 6th day of July, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to four hundred seventy-nine and 5-100 dollars, ($479.05,) with interest from July 24, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is seven thousand one hundred fifty-five and 24-100 dollars ($7,155.24) and interest.

Dated New York, July 25, 1911.

ENOS S. BOOTH, Referee.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

New York, August 1st, 1911.

Bank of the Manhattan Company.

The following is a true and accurate statement of every account made with this bank, and of each dividend and each item of interest declared upon any of the stock, bonds, or other evidences of indebtedness of this bank, which at this date has remained unclaimed for five years or over, and the names of [illegible] any person or persons authorized to receive the same for the last five years, to wit:

90 Dividends, 2 shares, Margaret Jenkins, unknown, $495.00.

116 Dividends, 2 shares, Thomas Keefe, unknown, $540.50.

133 Dividends, 18 shares, Henry Moss, unknown, $2,923.07.

150 Dividends, 1 share, Johanna Murphy, unknown, $330.00.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

D. H. PIERSON, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Cashier of the Manhattan Company Bank, and that the foregoing statement is true and accurate in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

D. H. PIERSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of August, 1911.

W. S. JOHNSON,
[Seal of Notary.] Notary Public, Westchester Co.
Certificate filed in New York Co.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISAAC LEVY, doing business as I. LEVY & SON, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Aug. 16, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 3 Waverley Place, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the bankrupt, consisting of woolen piece goods, linings, trimmings, buttons, clothing, machines, power tables, motor, safe, fixtures, etc.

ALBERT STICKNEY, Receiver.

HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Attorneys for Receiver, 115 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS ATLAS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Aug. 28, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 105 Bleecker St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the bankrupt, consisting of flowers, feathers, millinery articles, trimmings, dies, and machines used in the manufacture of artificial flowers; machinery, safes, desks, typewriter, fixtures, etc.

[illegible], Trustee.

JOSEPH LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Trustee, 309 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORITZ EICHMANN, trading as EICHMANN MFG. CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Aug. 22, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 337 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' belts, stock of ladies' belts, machinery, fixtures, etc.

[illegible], Receiver.

CARELL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 64 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BERNARD LOVINGER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells [illegible], 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at [illegible], Borough of Manhattan, assets of [illegible] groceries [illegible]

[illegible]

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1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

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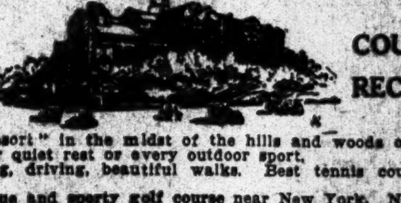

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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Tenement House Property Traded for Suburban Lots—Investor Buys West Harlem Apartment—Wooster Street Loft Sold—Good Demand for Brooklyn Dwellings.

The realty market was in an unusually quiet state yesterday. The few Manhattan transactions were limited in volume, private houses and tenements being the chief features. The suburban market, which has shown evidences of slightly more activity than in the past few months, furnished a few fairly good sales, and in Brooklyn a good demand was apparent for private dwellings.

West 88th Street Dwelling Sold.

Pease & Elliman have sold for Miss Helen Macklin the three-story private dwelling at 165 West Eighty-eighth Street, on plot 15 by 100, to a client for occupancy.

Wooster Street Loft in Trade.

Frank Haem has purchased from Metzgen & Schuster 150 Wooster Street, a five-story loft building on a lot 25 by 100. In part payment the buyer gave Brooklyn property. Ginsberg & Meyer negotiated the sale.

Tenement Property Traded.

The Maze Realty Company has sold to Pauline Kaplan 681 Beck Street, a four-story double flat, on plot 33 by 125, and 1,062 Grant Avenue, a three-family brick house on plot 25 by 125. The buyer gave in part payment eight lots on the south side of McLean Avenue, Yonkers, 150 feet east of Martha Avenue. This plot will probably be improved. Lauter & Blackner negotiated the sale.

John M. Ruckert has sold for Pietro Viscardi and Salvatore De Pace to Mrs. Wilhelmina Delle the five-story and basement double flat with stores, 213 West Sixtieth Street, near Amsterdam Avenue, on a lot 25 by 100.5, for an investment. The buyer gives in part payment the two-story basement and attic frame house on a lot 25 by 100, at 1,430 Commonwealth Avenue, near 177th Street.

Deal in West Harlem.

An investor has purchased from the Brown Realty Company 255 West 111th Street, a six-story apartment house, on a plot 36 by 100.11.

The property adjoins the northeast corner of Eighth Avenue. Another sale in the same block is reported pending.

Brooklyn.

John H. Gelhert, Jr., sold for Mrs. A. M. C. Young to Dr. Lefferts A. McClelland 78 McDonough Street, a three-story dwelling.

Frank A. Seaver sold the one-family frame house, on a plot 60 by 100, at 1,063 Eighty-fifth Street, Dyker Heights, to Charles Kingsley for occupancy.

E. A. Konter sold for Wanser & Hulsten 58 Stanhope Street, a three-story dwelling, and for Mrs. Wowereit to M. Schneider the dwelling at 901 Willoughby Avenue.

John H. Havlin sold the plot 100 by 100 at the corner of Bay Twenty-ninth and Eighty-sixth Streets.

Long Island City.

Judson A. Harrington has sold for E. Rathgeber, referee, the southeast corner of Potter Avenue and Chauncey Street, Astoria, Long Island City, 50 by 100. Also, for Clarence A. Sahler the plot on the west side of Hamilton Street, 65 feet south of Washington Avenue, Ravenswood, Long Island City.

Suburban.

Samuel P. McConnell has sold to Mrs. Edith O. Bloodgood his 250-acre estate at Oscawana. The McConnell property originally consisted of the Knapp, Horton, and Tice farms, and was assembled about ten years ago. Mrs. McConnell improved the estate at a considerable outlay in the construction of one of the most attractive residences in the section.

The estate fronts more than a mile on two highways, which extend along two sides of the tract, and contains many driveways, a wealth of woodland, and two large lakes. John V. Alexander negotiated the sale.

New Hotel at Edgemere.

A new hotel is to be built at Edgemere, L. I., by A. S. Iserson. It will have a frontage of 200 feet on the ocean between Columbus and Hudson Avenues. It has been designed by the architect, B. E. Stern, and has been leased from the plans by the Lewis H. May Company to Bettie S. Lindeman. The hotel will be ready for occupancy May 1, 1912. The lease covers a term of years, and aggregates a rental of over $50,000.

Leases.

D. H. Renton & Co. have leased for Flora G. Haywood the three-story and basement private dwelling 511 West 149th Street to a client for a term of years.

The Duross Company have leased for Frank L. Wing a large store in the Wing Building on the corner of Ninth Avenue, Thirteenth and Hudson Streets, to the wholesale grocers, Middendorf & Rohrs.

The Charles F. Noyes Company and Charles Weil announce that they have negotiated the lease of the Langdon Hotel at 157-159 West 124th Street to John E. Korndahl for twenty-one years at an aggregate rental of $210,000. Mr. Korndahl will spend over $50,000 in improvements to the Langdon.

Van Norden & Wilson have rented for Morris E. Sterne, Incorporated, the two upper floors in the building 14 East Forty-third Street to a client for a term of years.

Joseph Rutz's son has leased for Mrs. Emma G. Townshend to the Propp Company the store and basement at 108½ Bowery. The Propp Company is now at 54 Bowery, which is part of the plot upon which William Kramer's sons contemplate erecting a new theatre.

Remove Ann Street Encroachments.

Plans have been filed for removing the encroachments on the two four-story stores and office buildings at 56 and 58 Ann Street, and 111 and 113 Fulton Street. The entrance steps on the Ann Street building will be removed and placed inside and the store fronts placed back to the building line at a cost of $1,500. The Collegiate Dutch Reformed Church is the owner. Bannister & Schell are the architects.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Samuel Marx.

[illegible]d St, 119 and 121 East, n s, 227.6 ft e of Park Av, 50x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Freehold Construction Co., $55,160.

[illegible] St, 306 East, s s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 18.4x100.11, four-story tenement; receiver's sale, adjourned to Aug. 16.

De Reimer Av, e s, 375.1 ft n of Edenwald Av, 25x100, Edenwald; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, L. A. Bolser, $2,090.

By Joseph P. Day.

173d St, 452 and 454, e s, 100 ft e of Park Av, 50x100, two-story dwelling and two-story stable; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, L. E. Kleban, $9,662.

By James L. Wells Company.

110th St, 161 to 171 East, n s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 150x100.11, six four-story tenements and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Julius Levy, $60,558.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Intervale Av, w s, 341.11 ft s of 167th St, 50x95.2x50.6x88.1, vacant; foreclosure sale, to Robert F. Seifert, $9,225.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed for new structures in the Bronx. The following were filed in Manhattan:

36TH ST, 550 and 552 West, for a six-story brick loft, 50x98.8; estate of Samuel Booth, 359 7th Av, owner; J. H. Knubel, architect; cost $40,000

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

17TH ST, 221 to 225 West; Monahan Express Co., 61 Greenwich Av, owner; G. M. McCabe, architect; cost $30,600

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, AUG. 15.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

BROADWAY, 810, e s, 23.8x115; Edw. D. Dowling, referee, to Surety Realty Co., 100 Broadway, (mtg $140,000,) Aug. 14; attorneys, Elsman, L., C. & L., 135 Broadway...$20,000

COLUMBIA ST, w s, 150 ft n of Delancey St, 25x100; Rosie Joseph to Benjamin J. Weil, 247 West 73d St, B. & S., all liens, June 15; attorneys, Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St..$100

DECATUR AV, e s, 300 ft s of Woodlawn Road, 50x120, (mtg $12,000;) Decatur Av, n w s, 366.7 ft n e of 205th St, 50x100, (mtg $14,700;) Annie D'Ambra to Ada Realty and Mortgage Co., 2,977 Decatur Av, Aug. 12; attorney, Emil Hermanni, 391 East 149th St $100

GERARD AV, e s, 100 ft s of 158th St, 202.10x178x irregular; Helen E. Maguire, individually and as devisee of John F. Maguire, Jr., to Leo Bishop, 956 Anderson Av, ½ part, mtg $24,000, and all title, July 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$11,000

HOE AV, e s, 275 ft n of Jennings St, 25x100; Richard P. Maslen to Michael Romeo, 752 East 226th St, and Joseph Serra, 594 Boulevard, Long Island City, mtg $1,000, July 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

HOFFMAN ST, n e corner of 187th St, strip 2.7 to Lot C x118.3, being part of Lot B, map of Cedar plot, Powell farm; Mary Windsor to Giuseppe Carozza, 2,475 Belmont Av, Aug. 11; attorney, United States Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 20 Vesey St....$100

HOFFMAN ST, e s, Lot C, map of Cedar plot, Powell farm, except part for street; Kate Walsh, widow, and others, heirs, &c., of Thomas Walhr, to Giuseppe Carozza, 2,475 Belmont Av, (mtg $2,500,) Aug. 9; attorney, United States Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 20 Vesey St....$100

JEROME AV, e s, 408.5 ft n of 198th St, 113.4x90; L. Behrman to Moses Hodes, 245 East 200th St, all liens, Aug. 14; attorney, Samuel S. Lipschutz, 51 Chambers St....$1

LANE ST, e s, 157 n e of road from Kingsbridge to Williamsbridge, 100x98.2; Carrington Phelps to George L. Lucas, Earle Pl, New Rochelle N. Y., et al., A. T., quitclaim, June 1; attorney, T. H. Cuthbert, 45 Broadway....$50

LOT 44, Map 1,130 A, property New York Catholic Protectory; William Kelleher to Philip Rogers, 225 ft e of 124th St, Aug. 14; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av....$100

LOT 76, Map 1,114A of 329 lots, part of Schiefflin estate; Michael Romeo to Richard R. Maslen, 3,212 Aqueduct Av, July 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Richard R. Maslen to James di Benedetto, 630 East 222d St, (mtg $500,) July 24; attorney, same....$100

LOT 112, Map Century Investing Co., Bronx; Benjamin C. Brown to Thomas Longstaff, 1,699 Nelson Av, and another, ½ part, Aug. 11; attorney, Eugene Stratton, 1,663 Nelson Av....$100

LOT 869, map of Laconia Park, Arthur J. Mace to Paulo Sussano, 1,639 Melville St., Van Nest, all liens, June 19....$487

LOTS 500 and 501, map of Van Nest Park; Ferd C. Bamman to Michael Cahill, 176 West 137th St, all liens, Aug. 1; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Michael Cahill to John M. Barry, 176 West 137th St, and Daniel F. Mahoney, 128 West 136th St, (mtg $3,586,) and all liens, Aug. 14; attorney, same....$1

MANHATTAN AV, 443, w s, 25x100; Harry Levy to Jennie Ettinger, 17 East 97th St, mtg $27,500 and all liens, Aug. 14; attorneys, Gethner, Simon & A., 277 Broadway....$1

MONROE ST, 22 and 24, s s, 49.5x104, to 27 and 29 Hamilton St; Hannah Schwartz to Florence E. Bruning, 1,925 7th Av, (mtg $70,000,) Aug. 14....$100

NATHALIE AV, w s, Lot 42, Map 175, of part of Anthony estate, Kingsbridge Heights, 25x98x25.2x101; John H. Magonigle and Catharine, his wife, to Florence Magonigle, May 13, 1910; attorney, Hy. Patton, 55 Liberty St....$100

PARK AV, w s, 437.8 ft s of 187th St., 100.2x93.3x100.5x98.3; Liberty Investing Company to Hamilton Securities Co., 165 Broadway, Aug. 14; mtg $16,450; attorneys, Fletcher, S. & L., 165 Broadway....$100

ST. JOHN'S AV, 1,024, n w corner of Southern Boulevard, 50x100; Emily M. Roemer to McKeon Realty Co., 418 West 25th St, (mtg $55,000,) July 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

UNDERCLIFF AV, w s, 69 ft n of Washington Bridge Park, 158x143.7x158x146.2; Liberty Investing Co. to Hamilton Securities Co., 165 Broadway, Aug. 14; attorneys, Fletcher, S. & L., 165 Broadway....$100

1ST AV, n w corner of 99th St, 80.11x100; 1st Av, s w corner of 100th St, 40.11x100; Jefferson Bank to Manhattan Avenue Holding C., 74 Broadway, all liens, June 26; attorneys, Strassbourger, E. & F., 74 Broadway....$1

1ST AV, 2,029-2,031, w s, 37.11x85; Biagio Pernetti to Maria G. Pernetti, his mother, 2,210 2d Av, ½ part, all liens, March 28, 1908....$1

14TH ST, s s, e ½ of w ½ of Lot 237, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Arthur J. Mace to Malke Kramer, at Cuddebackville, N. Y., Aug. 10; attorney, A. B. Kramer, 319 West 118th St....$100

14TH ST, s s, w ½ of e ½ of Lot 237, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Arthur J. Mace to Alter Liberman, 176 Forsyth St, and another, Aug. 10....$100

TWENTY-SECOND St, 485 West, n s, 15.8x98.9; Margaret A. Dowling to Agnes L. Sadlier, 117 South Congress Av, Atlantic City, N. J., (mtg. $7,000,) Aug. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$100

31ST ST, 31 and 33 West, n s, 33.4x98.9; Clarence Martin to Union Land Holding Co., 170 Broadway, Aug. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

31ST ST, 31 and 33 West, n s, 33.4x98.9; Union Land Holding Co. to Clarence Martin, 31 West 31st St, all liens, Aug. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

42D ST, n w corner of Depew Pl, 80x177.7; N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co. to N. Y. & Harlem R. R. Co., s w corner of 45th St, and Lenox Av., July 18; attorney, Ira A. Place, Grand Central Terminal....$1

57TH ST, n s, 66.8 ft e of 11th Av, 16.8x100.5; Sarah E. Dunham to Samuel H. Neuburger, 66 East 83d St, and Charles E. M. Miller, 561 West 57th St, (firm Miller Incline Truck Co., 561 West 57th St,) (mtg $70,000,) Aug. 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

77TH ST, 160 West, s s, 20x102.2; B. H. Weisker, Jr., and others, Commissioners in partition, (Mary H. Christopher, plaintiff, vs. Ed. Holliston and others, defendants,) to Eliza A. Hollister, Wapiti, Wyo., July 28; attorney, David B. King, 165 Broadway....$1

70TH ST, 165 East, n s, 15.6x102.2; John Monks, Jr., to Jerome Monks, 346 West 71st St., C. A. G., Aug. 11; address party of 2d part; 82 Beaver St....$1

104TH ST, 252 West, s s, 18x100.11; Mary C. L. Pray and another, heirs, &c., of Margaret M. Locke, to Bloomingdale Construction Co., 160 Broadway, June 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

146TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 120x99.11; Hopkins Holding Co. to Cooper Realty Co., 20 Exchange Place, mtg $111,000, July 28; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway....$1

158TH ST, 522 to 528 West, s s, 100x99.11; Michael Cahill to Ferd C. Bamman, 436 West 154th St, mtg $130,000, Aug. 1; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway....$1

223D ST, (9th Av,) n s, Lot 562, Map 143, Wakefield, 100x114; Ernestine Voss to the Morris Improvement Co., 761 East 228d St, (mtg $3,000,) Aug. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

229TH ST, w ½ lot 667 and n 14 ft of w ½ lot 668, map Wakefield, 50x129; Teresina Durzio to Peter Whittle, 918 East 214th St, Aug. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

AHERN, Mary, to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; Lexington Av, n e corner of 45th St, 20x55, Aug. 15, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St....$4,000

BAMMAN, Ferdinand C., to Samuel Wacht, 130 West 123d St; Bailey Av, n e corner of Kingsbridge Road, 109.5x irregular, due as per bond, Aug. 1; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway....$5,850

BLOOMINGDALE CONSTRUCTION CO. to Adelaide L. Deane, 252 West 104th St; 104th St, 252 West, s s, 18x100.11, Aug. [illegible], due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....[illegible]

[illegible] Park, Aug. 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway....[illegible]

CAUCHOIS, Frederick A., to Thomas H. Smith, Jr., 483 Argyle Road, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 36th St, 66 and 70 West, leasehold, Aug. 14, demand; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St....$7,000

CULLO & CO. to Minnie Meyer, 121 Henry St, Brooklyn; 147th St, n s, 80 ft e of Robbins Av, 37.6x79, Aug. 15, 5 years; attorneys, Rabe & Keller, 258 Broadway....$18,000

DANIES, Mary E., to Grace L. Horton, 2,831 Broadway; Teller Av, w s, 176.6 ft n of 165th St, 20x100, Aug. 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. F. Duckworth, 61 Park Row....$800

DI BENEDETTO, James, to Richard R. Maslen, 3,212 Aqueduct Av; Lot 76, map of Schiefflein estate, Bronx, Aug. 14, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$500

FINDLAY, Alexander, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; John St, 102, s s, 21.8x47.0x18.4x47, 1-3 part, July 21, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway....$2,500

HAPPERSBERGER, John, to Amalia Oppenheimer, 315 West 113th St; 146th St, s s, 200 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100, (prior mtg $14,000,) Aug. 15, 3 years; attorney, Max Altmayer, 290 Broadway....$2,000

MAYBACH, Charles H., and another to James K. Price, 1,646 Mount Hope Av; Clinton Av, 1,976, e s, 25x100, Aug. 14, 1 year, 6 p. c..$625

McGRALL, Mary F., to Frank Rauch, 1,020 St Johns Av; Lots 559 to 561, Map of Lohbauer Park, Aug. 11, 3 years, 5½ p. c; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,000

McKEON REALTY CO. to Robert McGill, Hoboken, N. J.; 25th St, s s, 425 ft e of 10th Av, 125x98, prior mtg $71,500, Aug. 12, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$55,000

McSHANE, Mary, to Raymond Guarini, 1,721 Avenue T, Brooklyn, N. Y., and another; Madison St, 26, 24x125x27x125, Aug. 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Guarini & C., 23 New Bowery....$10,000

MISSIONARY SOCIETY OF ST. PAUL THE APOSTLE IN STATE OF N. Y. to Seamen's Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St; Columbus Av, n w corner of 54th St, 68x irregular, Aug. 15; 5 years, 4½ p. c; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St....$75,000

MORRIS IMPROVEMENT CO. to Ernestine Voss, Harrison, N. Y.; 223d St, n s, Lot 562, Map of Wakefield, 100x114, (prior mtg $3,000,) Aug. 14, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,000

NALLY, Mary A., to Simeon C. Bradley, 2,702 Marion Av; Van Cortland Av, s s, 49.6 ft n e of Villa Av, 89x145.7x73.7x98, Aug. 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$3,500

NELSON, Benqt, to Johanna Ternery, 100 West 19th St; Lots 32 to 34, 45 to 50, and e ½ of Lot 31, Block 30, map of Section C, Edenwald, Aug. 7, due as per bond; attorney, B. Nelson, 16 East 42d St....$3,500

NURICK, Aaron, to William Menke, 331 Central Park West, and another; 11th Av, 464, e s, 24.8x100, Aug. 14, 4 years; attorneys, Heymann & H., 35 Nassau St....$15,000

ROGERS, Alice F., to Catholic Women's Benevolent Legion, 153 East 44th St; 3d Av, n s, 277.9 ft w of 1st St, 50x100, Aug. 14, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, William D. McNulty, 141 Broadway....$2,500

ROGERS, Philip, to Jacob Cooper, 92 Morningside Av, and another; Lot 44, map of New York Catholic Protectory, Bronx, Aug. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. Cooper, 20 Vesey St....$700

ROMEO, Michael, to Richard R. Maslen, 3,212 Aqueduct Av; Hoe Av, e s, 275 ft n of Jennings St, 25x100, Aug. 14, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1,000

ROSE, Louis C., to Antoria De Grunnon, 1,986 Cruger Av; Lots 43 and 44, Map 49, lots near Bronxdale, (prior mtg $6,000,) July 17, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles Schano, Morris Park Av, corner of White Plains Road....$6,000

ROSENFELD, Harris, to John W. Grolz, 56 Manhattan Av; 161st St, s s, 130 ft e of Robbins Av, 25x100.5, Aug. 12, 5 years; attorneys, H. F. Lippold, 53 Park Row..$3,500

SCHNATZKIN, Sol M., to Otto H. Albanesius, 109 Fairview Av, Jersey City, N. J.; 86th St, s s, 100 ft e of Riverside Drive, 100x102.2; 197th St, s s, 255 ft w of Broadway, 170x99.11, prior mtgs $756,000, Aug. 10, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$40,000

UNION LAND HOLDING CO. to William L. Levy, 46 West 76th St; 31st St, 31 and 33 West, n s, 33.4x98.4, prior mtg $183,000, Aug. 11, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway......$20,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

AVENUE A, w s, 15.3 ft s w of 2d St, 19.3x64, May 16, 1905; Andrew Stahl, Jr., and wife to Apolonia Stahl; Cornelius Huth, 38 Park Row....$8,000

CHATHAM SQUARE, 17, mortgage on fixtures, &c., Jan. 4, 1910; Louis Saracino and Nunzio Velardi to Hy. W. Wohlman....$150

COLLEGE AV, 943, w s, 17.1x100, April 27, 1909; Fredrike Brandau, to John L. Debes, 945 College Av; Louis Reiss, 375 East 161st St....$1,700

FORREST AV, w s, 233.10 ft n of Wall St, being Lot 31, map of Eltona, 37.6x87.6, April 15, 1908; John H. Lankenau and Anna F. D., his wife, owners, 1,103 Forrest Av, to Frank Dirks, 1,050 Clay Av; Emil Hermanni, 362 Willis Av....$3,000

LOT 1, Map 1,351 of 12 lots, consisting of a subdivision of Lots 67 and 142, map of Bronxwood Park, and Lots 48 to 54, 66 to 68, map of Adee Park, July 2, 1909; Warwick Realty and Construction Co. to William C. Trull; owner, Joseph A. Mascia, 710 Rosewood St, Bronx; United States Title Guarantee and Insurance Co., 20 Vesey St....$700

LOT 2, Map 1,351 of 12 lots, consisting of a subdivision of Lots 67 and 142, map of Bronxwood Park, and Lots 48 to 54, 66 to 68, map of Adee Park, July 2, 1909; Warwick Realty and Construction Co. to William C. Trull; owner, Joseph A. Mascia, 710 Rosewood St, Bronx; United States Title Guarantee and Insurance Co., 20 Vesey St....$600

LOT 123, map 1,130a, New York Catholic Protectory, Jan. 18, 1909; Constanzo Perrella to Edward A. Schill; A. C. Astarita, 320 Broadway....$1,400

LOTS 1 and 2, Map 1,351 of 12 lots, consisting of Lots 67 and 142, Bronxwood Park, and 48 to 54 and 66 to 68, map of Adee Park, July 30, 1911; Joseph A. Mascia, owner, 710 Post St, Bronx, to the Warwick Realty and Construction Co., 20 West 1st St, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; M. J. Mack, East 205th St, and Barnes Av, Williamsbridge....$900

LOTS 35 and 36, map 1,131 A, St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, July 3, 1906; Margaret M. Chambers, to Timothy E. Cohalan; Mrs. Bessie Healy, 690 East 138th St....$1,078

MAIN ST, 1,599, Bronx, mortgage on personal property, May 6, 1910; Frederick Vogel to John Eichler Brewing Co.; John McMahon, 156 Broadway....$1,200

MANHATTAN AV, 440, e s, 25.3x95, March 3, 1905; Moses Rosenberg and Carrie, his wife, to Henrietta Rosenbaum, administratrix of Rebecca Oppenheim, deceased; owners, parties first part on premises; Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway....$7,500

OGDEN AV, w s, 25 ft s of 165th St, 25x95, March 2, 1901; Joseph H. Jones and Fanny L., his wife, to Florence Colgate Spranza; owner, Abram Staff, 299 Harrison Av, Passaic, N. J.; Robert W. Todd, 229 Broadway....$7,000

TIFFANY ST, w s, 118.3 ft n of 165th St, 88x100, Dec. 23, 1899; Frederick Thilemann, Jr., et al. to Empire City Savings Bank; owner, the 182d Street Realty Co., 2,289 1st Av; Charles W. Dayton, 27 William St.$3,000

WESTCHESTER AV, 943, mortgage on fixtures, May 16, 1911; Patrick McCusker of 1,023 Southern Boulevard to A. C. Wicke, President A. C. Wicke Manufacturing Co.; Philip Marx, 2,041 Washington Av....$300

SAME PROPERTY, July 17, 1911; same to Charles Schwalm, 1,023 Southern Boulevard; attorney, same....$300

3D AV, (now Knox St,) n s, 277 ft from n w corner 1st St, (now Veno St,) 50x100, May 7, 1896; Alice F., wife of James P. Rogers, and others, owners, 433 East 239th St, to C. Gregory, Ardonia, N. Y.; William D. McNulty, 141 Broadway....$1,500

5TH ST, 751, n s, 34.4x97, Aug. 15, 1907; Schaja Goldstein to Joseph Corn, 738 Kelly St, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A....$4,625

7TH AV, n e corner of 25th St, 34.6x98.9; 10th Av, w s, 40.5 ft n of 69th St, 20x65, July 9, 1885; Mary W. Lent, to Henry Z. Krassler, trustee, Jno. Walton and others; James B. Sheehan, 223 Spring St....$10,000

10TH AV, n e corner of 206th St, being Lots 621 to 624, and 657, map 718, part of estate of Isaac Dyckman, known as Part First, Dyckman Homestead, 100x124.11, Feb. 15, 1910; Gustavus L. Lawrence, owner, 2,228 Broadway, to Chelsea Realty Co.; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$44,000

11TH ST, 646 East, s s, 25x94.9, Aug. 15, 1905; Lena Klein and another to Caroline Stern; A. A. Silberberg, 255 Broadway....$4,700

17TH ST, 115 East, n s, 25x92, July 11, 1907; John M. Breen to James Madden; Hatch & Clute, 100 Broadway....$6,000

25TH ST, 147-149 West, n s, 34.6x98.9, Oct. 3, 1910; Mary W. Carden, Eva M. Lent, and Ella L. Lent to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; owner, Mary W. Carden, 225 West 71st St; address, 176 Broadway....$110,000

29TH ST, 428 West, s s, 25x98.9, Aug. 15, 1910; Emma C. Carroll to Louise G. and Emma A. Muller, 417 West 154th St; Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$2,000

31ST ST, 31-33 West, n s, 33.4x98.9, March 31, 1909; John H. Snell, Adams Centre, N. Y., to Daisy L. Goldstone and W. Clarence Martin, owner, on premises; Elsman, Levy, Corn & Lewine, 135 Broadway....$20,000

39TH ST, 306 East, n s, 25.6x49.4x irregular, July 16, 1908; Salvatore di Salvo, to Domenico Pollino, 240 Elizabeth St; Abraham S. Weltfisch, 150 Nassau St....$1,120

42D ST, s s, 20 ft w of 7th Av, 20x90, March 28, 1906; James C. Fuller and Sally B., his wife, to Commercial Savings Bank; Edward M. Burghard, 120 Broadway....$2,500

70TH ST, 320 West, s s, 18.2x100.5, Aug. 12, 1907; Peter Ciancimino to Mary A. Kaufman, 257 Arlington Av, Brooklyn; Arnold Lichtig, 141 Broadway....$1,900

125TH ST, 261 West, mortgage on fixtures, &c., Feb. 18, 1911; Winthrop S. Whitaker and another, to H. W. Stearns....$1,200

147TH ST, West, s s, 80 ft s e of Robbins Av, 37.6x79, May 5, 1911; Cullo & Co. to Mary S. Croxson; S. G. Thomas, 40 Wall St.$16,000

158TH ST, 522-528 West, s s, 100x99.11, Jan. 2, 1909; Michael Cahill and Margaret, his wife, to Daniel D. Mahoney, 128 West 136th St; O'Grady Bros., 277 Broadway....$8,111

Assignments of Mortgages.

MUTUAL TRUST CO. OF WESTCHESTER COUNTY to Bernardina H. Heyman....$100

SANGUINETTI, Henry L., to Title Insurance Co....$3,000

TITLE INSURANCE CO. to Knickerbocker Trust Co., trustee....$21,000

KISSLING, Jacob P., and another, executors, to Eugene Gerbereux....$3,500

FULTON TRUST CO. to Albert W. Scholle, trustee, 2 assignments....$70,000

BAUMAN, Ferdinand C., to Samuel Wacht.$1

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO. to Frances A. Allen....[illegible]

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO. to Fulton Trust Co., Commissioner....$15,000

LEVY, William L., to Sidney H. Rosenthal....$20,000

NEWKIRK REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION CO. to Max Rothschild....$100

SPERANZA, Florence C., executrix, to Florence C. Speranza....$1

COULTER, Elmer D., to Timothy E. Cohalan.$1

BOSTELMAN, William H. N., and another, executors, to William H. N. Bostelman....$1

HASTORF, William, to Israel Jacobs....$4,400

CASSIDY, Frank J., to Windsor Trust Co. $1

LOCASCIO, Sidoro, to Domenico Pollino..$500

GOLDSTEIN, Meyer A., and others to Lahr M. Lorenzer....$7,500

ERNST, Moritz L., and another to Christian D. Meyer....$1,500

MANHASSET INVESTMENT CO. to Alice C. Newcombe....$20,000

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of lessee.

DELANCEY ST, 34, and Orchard St, 117, store and basement; Morris Rose and another to Siman Grossoff, 240 Jefferson St, and another, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorneys, Arnstein, D. & D., 128 Broadway....$3,300

JOHN ST, 16, barber shop; L. M. Wollstein to Dominick Contino, 10 and 12 Franklin St, 2 9-12 years from Aug. 1, 1911; address, 16 John St....$490

SOUTH ST, 164, store; Union Construction and Realty Co. to Adolph Lowy, 164 South St, 5 years from Aug. 1, 1911; address, J. Everard's Brewery, 12 East 133d St....$960

WEST BROADWAY, 178, all; Martin L. Meinschein to Excelsior Brewing Co., 277 Hart St, Brooklyn, N. Y., 5 years from May 1, 1911; attorneys, Holm, W. & S., 35 Nassau St....$1,700

WEST FARMS ROAD, (or Main St,) 1,409, all; John H. Hahn to Frederick Vogel, on premises, 5 years from May 1, 1911; address, Central Brewing Co., 68th St and East River..$600

2D AV, 383, all; John Benzur to Meyer Schenkman, 195 Avenue B, and another, 2 10-12 years from July 1, 1911; attorney, L. Alexander, 115 Broadway....$1,600

9TH AV, 475, part of store; Carrie B. Rupp to David Cohn, 355 West 39th St, and another, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorney, A. H. Bauer, 299 Broadway....$1,380

36TH ST, 68 to 70 West, all; James M. Tully and another, executors, to Frederick A. Cauchois, 4 7-12 years from Oct. 1, 1910; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St..$11,500

62D ST, 148 West, all; Ellen T. Linden to Excelsior Brewing Co., 277 Hart St, Brooklyn, N. Y., 5 8-12 years from July 1, 1911; attorneys, Holm, W. & S., 35 Nassau St.$1,200

104TH ST, 14 and 16 West, all; Julia S. Manheimer to Maud Connell, 205 West 109th St, 5 years from Sept. 1, 1911; attorneys, Atwater & C., 48 Cedar St....$5,000

124TH ST, 157 and 159 West, all; S. F. Myers Realty Co. to John E. Korndahl, 875 Columbus Av, 21 years from July 15, 1911; attorney, S. P. Goldman, 141 Broadway....Taxes and $10,100

Mechanics' Liens.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 156th St, 99.10x125; William M. Moore Construction Co. against Audubon Improvement Co., owner and contractor....$3,000

BATHGATE AV, e s, 25 ft n of 184th St, 25x96.7; Sanitary Fire Proofing and Contracting Co. against Special Building Co., owner and contractor....$45

COLUMBUS AV, 796 to 801, and 94th St, 80 West; Philip Goldwasser against Louis Vogel, owner; Nathan Lemlein, owner; Emanuel Fox, contractor....$18

FORSYTH ST, 126 and 128; Jacob Olstein against Chebra Poel Zedek Anshei Ella, owner; Rachmiel Chamin, contractor....$176

NEREID AV, s s, 82 ft w of Barnes Av, 25x—; August W. Blau against Vincenso Palmieri, owner and contractor....$60

TREMONT AV, 7 and 9; Frank Smario against Han Construction Co., owner and contractor....$85

28TH ST, 127 to 131 West; Albert Oliver against John E. Olson Construction Co., owner and contractor....$1,035

36TH ST, 53 to 57 West; T. J. Flood, Inc., against 55 West 36th Street Co., owner and contractor....$500

43D ST, 106 to 114 West; David Tanzer against Elks Lodge No. 1 of New York, owner; James Hanley, contractor....$27

44TH ST, 155 West; Marcus Schlossman against Arthur Human, owner and contractor; Barney J. Fox, contractor....$48

110TH ST, 21 to 25 East; Charles V. Piersig against Harris Tow, owner; Mrs. Harris Tow, contractor....$21

180TH ST, 661 West; Coleman Liquid Copper Co. against Alonzo B. Right, owner; Von Dietsch Painting and Decorating Co., contractor....$175

115TH ST, s s, 175 ft w of Broadway, 50x100.11; 114th St, n s, 125 ft w of Broadway, 100x100.11; William Buess against Carnegie Construction Co., owner and contractor....$2,125

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

JENNINGS ST, s w corner of Vyse Av; Rudolph Gersmann against Cristie Construction Co. and others, June 21, 1911....$1,200

43D ST, 6 and 8 East; George J. Vogel against Lena K. Hoag and others, Feb. 14, 1911.$136

43D ST, 8 East; William McClintock against same, Dec. 1, 1910....$330

Lis Pendens.

ANDREWS AV, e s, 167.11 ft s of 180th St, runs 91.6x e 7.1x n w 91.9 to begining; Hannah Gold against James L. Breese and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, L. J. Gold.

CAYUGA AV, e s, 243.9 ft s of 246th St, 81x118.9; Belle T. Sewell against Charles E. Jennings and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, M. Frank.

FRANKLIN AV, s e s, Lots 101 and 104, Map of Village of Morrisania, —x—; George N. Reinhardt against Leo Levinson and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. M. S. Schulz.

GRANT AV, n w s, 397 ft s w of Samuel St, 33x100; Achille Bataille against Lillie Carpenter and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. A. Viau.

JACKSON AV, n e corner of 160th St, 24.2x175; Longfellow Av, w s, 107.3 ft n of 167th St, 100x100; Forest Av, e s, 100 ft n of Cedar Place, 25x135; Isaac Lewis and others against Emma M. S. Mestaniz, (notice of levy;) attorney, A. Goodman.

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph A. Walter against same, (notice of levy;) attorney, A. Goodman.

LOTS 52, 58, 64, 68, 82 to 86, 109, 120, amended Map of Bronxwood Park and Lots 19, 38 to 39, supplementary Map of Bronxwood Park, $1,039; Herman D. Epper against Bronxwood Realty Co., (notice of levy;) attorney, L. E. French.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 245.2 ft s of 167th St, 21.10x142.10; John T. Loew against City of N. Y. and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, L. A. Sable.

82D ST, 306 East; Prisca Cramme against Abraham Jacobs and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. P. Botty.

83D ST, n s, 448.9 feet e of Columbus Av, 21.3x80; Poughkeepsie Savings Bank against Augustus W. Colwell and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. E. Losey.

100TH ST, 68 East; Carrie P. Burr and others against Theresa V. Keyes and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

115TH ST, n s, 80 ft e of 2d Av, 20x100.10; Lion Brewery of New York City against Antonio Galasso and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, A. P. Fitch, Mott & Grant.

188TH ST, s s, (proposed,) 95 ft w of Wadsworth Av, 50x94.11; William J. Carlin against Charles A. Fiuri and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. Coffin.

207TH ST, n s, 50.7 ft e of Decatur Av, 50.7x94.6; City Real Estate Co. against Morris Ginther and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

Building Loan Contracts.

BAISLEY AV, n e corner of Fairfax Av, 75x100; Frank Rauch loans Mary F. McGrail..$3,000

25TH ST, s s, 425 ft e of 10th Av, 125x98.9; Robert McGill loans McKeon Realty Co....$55,000

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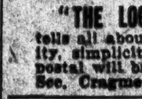

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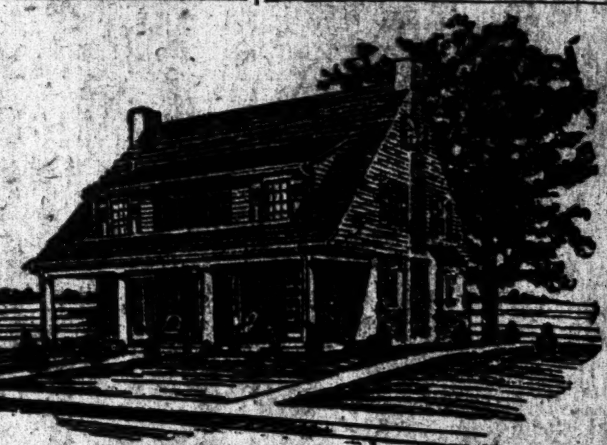

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$5,950 BUYS A $7,500 HOUSE.
A beautiful new home built by "day's work"; gas, electricity, running water, parquet floors, beamed ceilings, large wardrobes; many special features; a large plot on an attractive avenue in private residence park; fine surroundings; 24 minutes to Herald Square or Battery on the Pennsylvania tunnel line; near depot; very easy terms and small deposit, or will rent with privilege of buying and apply rent payments on purchase. Call, write, or phone T. J. McNEECE, 150 Nassau St.
PHONE 4070 BEEKMAN.

BUNGALOW AND BUNGALOW SITES only one hour out; near seashore and station in one of the most charming sections of Long Island; with an abundance of stately trees and foliage; high, rolling ground; although cheap, they are ideal; you can procure bungalow and site of ¼ to ½ acre, or more land if desired, for $700 to $1,250 on terms of $50 down and $10 monthly. Call or write at once. Home Sites, 202 West 34th St., N. Y.

Eight choice lots in Brentwood Park, L. I., for sale at a sacrifice. L. C. Kirchbaum, [illegible] Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Penn.

Write [illegible]

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

BRIGHT, AIRY OFFICES
¶ Sunshine and fresh air fill every office in the Times Building.
¶ Every office has at least two outside windows
¶ The Times Building is located in the heart of New York's popular business and amusement district.
¶ Subway station in basement; convenient to all "L" and surface lines.
¶ All modern equipments.
¶ Telephone 1000 Bryant, Rental Office, Room 406.
TIMES BUILDING
Times Square.

LOFT.—WILL SUBLET BEAUTIFUL LIGHT LOFT ON THE FIFTH FLOOR (115 WEST 27TH ST.) IN THE HEART OF THE DRESS DISTRICT; WILL ALSO SELL GENUINE QUARTERED OAK SHOWROOM PARTITIONS WITH BRAND NEW CARPETS; NO REASONABLE OFFER WILL BE REFUSED. ADDRESS R 252 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Broadway and 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE
LIGHT OFFICES, $30 to $50.
Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

SUPERIOR STORE AND BASEMENT TO LEASE ON 125TH STREET.
Extra wide; high ceilings; long lease. Apply 17 East 125th Street. F. R. Houghton, 156 Broadway.

29 EAST 125th ST., FOR RENT
Two upper floors for business; alter to suit; give long lease. Houghton, 156 Broadway.

Attractive apartments on first floor in street suitable for corsetiers, embroidery, dressmaker, or millinery at liberal rates. Hotel St. Lorenz, 720 [illegible], near Lexington Av.

Ground floor, 50x100, high, light, to let at very low figure; best shipping and railroad facilities; ideal manufacturing or business. Mohegan Tube Co., 544 and 546 West 22d St.

Builder will rent part of office [illegible] Room [illegible] East 42d St.

[illegible]

SLAWSON & HOBBS

162 West 72d Street, Near B'way

Convenient Directory of West Side Apartment Houses in which apartments are offered for rent from October 1st. In numerous instances possession may be had prior to this date.

12 ROOMS:

NO. OF BATHS.			
3	GEORGEAN COURT, 58 Central Park West, cor. 66th St.	$4,000	Per Annum

11 ROOMS:

NO. OF BATHS.			
3	WENDOLYN, cor. Riverside Drive and 100th St.	3,300 to 3,600	"
2	WOODMERE, 561 W. 141st St., cor. Broadway	1,640	"

10 ROOMS:

NO. OF BATHS.			
3	GEORGEAN COURT, 58 Central Park West	3,200 & 3,500	"
3	WENDOLYN, cor. Riverside Drive and 100th St.	2,800 & 3,000	"
3	TERRACE COURT, cor. Riverside Drive and 98d St.	2,000 & 2,400	"

9 ROOMS:

NO. OF BATHS.			
2 & 3	CORNWALL, 255 W. 90th St., cor. B'way.	2,200 to 2,600	"
3	CLIFF HAVEN, 417 Riverside Drive, cor. 114th St.	2,500	"
2	LIVINGSTON, 261 Central Park West, cor. 86th St.	2,350 & 2,500	"
2	TERRACE COURT, 202 Riverside Drive, cor. 98d St.	1,800 to 2,000	"
1	STUART, 250 W. 94th St., cor. B'way	1,300 to 1,500	"
1	ROSARY, 306 W. 99th St., near Riverside Drive	1,300 to 1,500	"

8 ROOMS:

NO. OF BATHS.			
2	GEORGEAN COURT, 58 Central Park West, cor. 66th St.	2,300 & 2,400	"
2 & 3	CHESTERFIELD, 260 Riverside Drive, cor. 98th St.	1,800 to 2,300	"
1	PAMLICO, 97 Central Park West, near 69th St.	1,800	"
2	YORKSHIRE, 562 W. 113th St., cor. B'way.	1,400 to 1,700	"
1	STUART, 250 W. 94th St., cor. Broadway	1,400	"
1	ROSARY, 306 W. 99th St., nr. Riverside.	1,000 & 1,100	"
2	375 CENTRAL PARK WEST, near 97th St.	1,200	"
1	FLORHAM, 256 W. 97th St., nr. B'way	1,200 to 1,500	"
1	349 WEST 85TH ST., near Riverside	1,400	"
1	NEW WINDSOR, 294 Central Park West, near 90th St.	1,200 to 1,400	"
1	VERNON, 350 W. 71st St., nr. Riverside.	1,200 to 1,400	"
1	HAMLET COURT, 600 W. 165th St., cor. Broadway	1,000 to 1,100	"
1	12 WEST 92d ST., near Central Park West	1,100	"
1	843 and 845 WEST END AV., nr. 101st St.	600 to 780	"
1	ELWOOD, 4 W. 105th St., near Central Park West.	900	"
1	147 W. 111TH ST., near Lenox Av.	540	"

7 ROOMS:

NO. OF BATHS.			
2	PETER MINUIT, 25 Claremont Av., nr. 116th St.	1,500	"
1	LA ROCHELLE, 57 W. 75th St.	1,500 to 2,000	"
2	YORKSHIRE, 562 W. 113th St., cor. Broadway	1,300 to 1,800	"
2	ANTLERS, 603 W. 111th St., nr. B'way	1,400 to 1,600	"
1	LA GRANGE, 1 W. 83d St., cor. Central Park West	960	"
1	4 and 12 WEST 92D ST., nr. Central Park West.	1,000	"
1	375 CENTRAL PARK WEST, near 97th St.	900	"
1	HAMLET COURT, 600 W. 165th St., cor. Broadway	900 to 1,000	"
1	BONAIR, 601 W. 142d St., cor. Broadway	900	"
1	DEVONSHIRE, 325 W. 83d St., near Riverside Drive	720 & 1,000	"
2	HAVEN COURT, 4,241 B'way, cor. 180th St.	840	"
1	ELWOOD, 4 W. 105th St., nr. Central Park West.	720	"
1	ELMORE COURT, 541 West 124th St., nr. B'way.	480	"
1	100 W. 85TH ST., cor. Columbus Av.	630	"
1	147 W. 111TH ST., near Lenox Av.	576	"
1	131 W. 61ST ST., near Columbus Av.	600	"

6 ROOMS:

NO. OF BATHS.			
1	CATHERINE, 1 W. 89th St., cor. Central Park West	$1,200	Per Annum
1	VON COLON, 311 W. 97th, near Riverside.	900 & 960	"
1	WOODMERE, 561 W. 141st St., cor. B'way.	840 to 1,000	"
1	PUTNAM COURT, 150 W. 104th, near Amsterdam Av.	840	"
1	3 W. 108TH ST., near Central Park West.	660	"
1	ELMORE COURT, 541 W. 124th St., near B'way.	480	"
1	176 W. 94TH ST., near Columbus Av.	480	"
1	169 W. 91ST ST., cor Amsterdam Av.	480	"
1	57 W. 84TH ST., cor. Columbus Av.	43 & 45	Per Month
1	WESLEYAN DWLGS., 3,575 B'way, 147th	720	Per Annum
1	HAVEN COURT, 4,241 Broadway, cor. 180th	510	
1	KISHAWANA, 554 to 558 W. 181st St.	34 to 40	Per Month
1	565 W. 148TH ST., cor. Broadway	45	"
1	502 W. 176TH ST., near Amsterdam Av.	32	"

5 ROOMS:

NO. OF BATHS.			
2	PETER MINUIT, 25 Claremont Av., 116th	900	Per Annum
1	ARDNAREE, 504 W. 111th St., near B'way	720 to 780	"
1	ELWOOD, 4 W. 105th, near Central Park West	480	"
1	PUTNAM COURT, 150 W. 104th St., near Amsterdam Av.	600	"
1	WOODMERE, 561 W. 141st St., cor. B'way	720 to 840	"
1	BONAIR, 601 W. 142d St., cor. B'way	660 to 720	"
1	WILTON APTS., 601 W. 164th, cor. B'way	540 & 600	"
1	HAVEN COURT, 4,241 B'way, cor. 180th.	456 to 540	"
1	122 W. 99TH ST., near Amsterdam Av.	32 & 34	Per Month
1	574 W. 182D ST., cor. St. Nicholas Av	33	"
1	565 W. 148TH ST., cor. Broadway	32	"
1	550 W. 184TH ST., cor. Audubon Av.	32	"
1	600 W. 189TH ST., cor. Broadway	37	"
1	516 W. 180TH ST., cor. Audubon Av.	27	"
1	502 W. 176TH ST., near Amsterdam Av.	28	"

4 ROOMS:

NO. OF BATHS.			
1	VON COLON, 311 W. 97th St., near Riverside Drive	600	Per Annum
1	PUTNAM COURT, 150 W. 104th St., near Amsterdam Av.	480 to 600	"
1	HARRIET, 1 W. 127th St., cor. 5th Av.	480	"
1	3 W. 108TH ST., near Central Park West	480	"
1	WILTON APTS., 601 W. 164th St., cor. Broadway	480 & 540	"
1	WOODMERE, 561 W. 141st St., cor. Broadway	660	"
1	HAVEN COURT, 4,241 B'way, cor. 180th St.	480	"
1	STUDER COURT SOUTH, 1,330 St. Nicholas Av.	510	"
1	STUDER COURT NORTH, 598 W. 177th St.	450 to 480	"
1	227 COLUMBUS AV., near 71st St.	23	Per Month
1	122 W. 99TH ST., near Amsterdam Av.	24 & 25	"
1	661 W. 179TH ST., cor. Broadway	28 to 32	"
1	550 W. 184TH ST., cor. Audubon Av.	28	"
1	600 W. 189TH ST., cor. Broadway	28	"

3 ROOMS:

NO. OF BATHS.			
1	WILTON APTS., 601 W. 164th St., cor. Broadway	420 & 450	Per Annum
1	HAVEN COURT, 4,241 Broadway, cor. 180th St., with kitchenette	420	"
1	STUDER COURT SOUTH, 1,330 St. Nicholas Av., cor. 176th St., with kitchenette	360 to 420	"
1	STUDER COURT NORTH, 598 W. 177th St., cor. St. Nicholas Av., with kitchenette	330 to 390	"

2 ROOMS:

NO. OF BATHS.			
1	WILTON APTS., 601 W. 164th St., cor. B'way	300	"
1	STUDER COURT NORTH, 598 W. 177th St., cor. St. Nicholas Av., with kitchenette	300 & 330	"

Our annual booklet, containing complete information about houses under our management, will be mailed on application.

SLAWSON & HOBBS

Telephone, 7240—Columbus.

West Side.

The "Apthorp"

(Astor Apartment)

Broadway, West End Av., 78th to 79th St.

A Few Apartments to Rent from October 1

Apply to Superintendent on Premises.

THE WINFIELD
207 West 56th ST.

Between Broadway and Seventh Ave.
Completely Reconstructed

Exclusive, High Class Modern Apartments, 7 and 8 Rooms With Baths.

Extra Servants' Rooms
Day and Night Hallboy and Elevator Service.

RENTS $1,560 TO $2,100

Apply on Premises or

MOORE & WYCKOFF
546 Fifth Ave., Cor. 45th St.
Telephone 1263 Bryant.

Hesperus & Parthenon,
400-408 MANHATTAN AV.
High-class elevator apartments of 2, 4, 6 rooms and bath.
Dining room on premises. Rent $30 to $65.

67-69 St. Nicholas Ave.,
Elevator apartments of 5-6 rooms and bath.
Rent $38 to $48. Supt. on premises.

61-69 East 86th Street,
NEAR MADISON AV.
High-class elevator apartments of 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms and bath; $45 to $80.

35 West 116th Street,
BET. 5TH AND LENOX AVS.
5 and 6 rooms and bath.
Rent $25 to $35. Apply on premises.

BERKELEY ARMS,
326 to 332 West 95th St.
Handsome up-to-date apartments.
[illegible] rooms; Subway express station.
RENTS, $45-$75.
[illegible]—Riverside.

OREGON

54TH ST. & 7TH AV.

Only 12 story fireproof apartments south of Central Park with MODERATE rents.

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
3, 4, 5 & 6 ROOMS
RENTS $800 TO $1,800

Ready for occupancy Sept 1 to 15.
Representative on premises.
GIBBS & KIRBY, Agents,
Broadway & 103d St. 'Phone, 975—River.

HOTEL WOODWARD

HOUSEKEEPING ANNEX

Broadway & 55th St., N. Y.
CONVENIENCE of a Hotel with PRIVACY of a Home.

Substantial Reductions, when apartments are taken now, on a lease from October First.

LIBERAL CONCESSIONS
SUB-LEASE

Clarendon; Riverside Drive, 86th. Ninth corner apartment, eleven rooms, four baths. Owner, broker, or HUBERTH & GABEL, [illegible] 4th Av.

West Side.

Rockledge Hall

Riverside Drive,
Corner 102d Street.

The Most Substantially Constructed House on the Drive.
The Finest 9 Room Apartment in New York.

THE Rockledge Hall, a new 12 story, steel constructed building, represents the most modern type of high class apartment house construction. The large rooms and general arrangement are designed to meet the requirements of those accustomed to private dwellings.

Suites of 8 and 9 Extra Large Rooms,
3 Baths, Large Foyers.
COAT AND LINEN ROOMS.
Rental, $2,500 to $3,500.
Renting Agent on Premises, or
Calder, Nassoit & Lanning
Broadway and 105th Street.

CENTRAL PARK WEST
and 88th Street

Elegant Apartments
7 to 9
Extra Large Rooms
and 2 Baths
at
Very Moderate Rents
Superintendent on Premises or
L. J. Phillips & Co.,
73D STREET & COLUMBUS AV.

INVERNESS,
200-210 WEST 57TH ST.
Handsome extra large, light apartments of seven and eight rooms and bath; only two left; all modern improvements; rents $1,600 and $2,400; possession Oct. 1.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

A.—102 WEST 93D STREET.
Unusually desirable corner apartment on the first floor; 7 rooms; excellent hall service, etc. Rent $70.
Possession before Oct. 1st.
FIRM L. J. CARPENTER,
25 Liberty St.

LIFE BUILDING
21 West 81st St.
Apartments to rent, unfurnished, 3 to 4 rooms and bath; rents $600 up.
W. HARVEY, Mgr., on Premises.

THE ORLEANS, 80TH STREET 100 WEST.
A high-class fireproof apartment house. 1, 2, and 3 rooms, furnished or unfurnished. [illegible]

A FEW
Two, Three, and Four Room
APARTMENTS,
furnished and unfurnished, in the exceptionally located
Schuyler Arms
307 West 98th St.,
on terms that will surprise you.
Two doors from Riverside Drive. Near Express Subway station. Convenient for elevated and surface lines.
Maid service included.
Restaurant in building.
'Phone 3964 Riverside.

Absolutely Fireproof.

The Evelyn,

Columbus Av. and 78th St.,
opposite Museum of Natural History; non-housekeeping Apartments; all improvements; elevator, hall and maid service; electric light free; extension telephone.

Restaurant in Building.

Two rooms and bath........$600 to $720
Three rooms and bath......$660 to $950
Telephone, 7048—Schuyler.
Superintendent on premises.

471-475 CENTRAL PARK WEST—LARGE COMFORTABLE APARTMENTS, COOL IN SUMMER, WARM IN WINTER; EIGHT ROOMS AND BATH, $900 TO $1,300. SUPERINTENDENT AT 471.

471-475 CENTRAL PARK WEST—LARGE COMFORTABLE APARTMENTS, COOL IN SUMMER, WARM IN WINTER; EIGHT ROOMS AND BATH, $900 TO $1,300. SUPERINTENDENT AT 471.

MANHATTAN. West Side.

Stadium View
Shore View
445-446 Riverside Drive,
north of 116th St.,
one block from the Subway.
Six to nine rooms and three baths.
Rent from $1,200 to $1,900.

The Cherbourg
1 West 92d St.,
Cor. Central Park West.
One block from "L."
Excellent location, overlooking park; Modern elevator Apartments; all large, sunny, outside rooms.
9-10 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Rents $1,600 to $2,400.

Cathedral Court and Parkview
229-237 West 110th St.,
opposite Central Park;
5 and 7 Rooms and 2 Baths.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
Rents $600 to $1,000.

The Gainsborough
112 Riverside Drive,
near 84th St.
Ideal location, overlooking the river; high-class elevator Apartment of unusually large rooms.
7 and 8 rooms, 1 bath & 2 toilets.
$1,300 to $1,700.

Apply to Superintendents, on premises, or
McVickar, Gaillard Realty Co.
444 Columbus Av., near 81st St.

TWO LARGE APARTMENTS

To Lease from October 1 in the

CARLISLE DWELLINGS

No. 450 West End Avenue

(Southeast corner of 82d St.)
The most exclusive corner apartment house on West End Avenue. One corner apartment on sixth floor, containing eleven large rooms and three bathrooms, and one apartment on first floor containing ten rooms and three bathrooms.....ONLY TWELVE APARTMENTS IN ENTIRE BUILDING, COVERING A CORNER PLOT OF OVER 100x100. ...Will decorate to suit. Open for inspection......inquire on premises.

THE WASHINGTON,
318-322 West 51st.
Attractive apartments of six large, light rooms, elevator, telephone; all modern improvements. Apply to Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 450 5th Av.

THE LINCOLN,
306-310 West 51st.
Attractive apartments of four and five large, light rooms, elevator, telephone, all modern improvements. Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 450 5th Av.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

WESTBOURNE COURT
S. E. Cor. 140th St. and Broadway.
Largest and Best Finished Apartments on Washington Heights.
Suites of 4, 5 and 7 Rooms and Bath, with 5 and 7 closets to an Apartment. Bedroom, size 12x15; Dining Room, 12x16.
RENT $540 TO $1,100.

THE BRIARCLIFF
S. E. Cor. Broadway and 162d St.
4, 5, 6 Rooms and Bath, Parquet Floors, with ample closet room.
RENT $420 TO $720.

RENAULT COURT
207 West 110th Street,
(Cathedral Parkway).
Apartments of 4, 5, 7, and 8 rooms and bath. Bedrooms, 12x16; Dining Rooms, 12x18. Five and six closets to Apartments.
$570 TO $1,300.

AMBASSADOR
S. E. Cor. 97th St. and Madison Av.
Apartments of 5, 7, 8, and 9 rooms, 2 baths.
RENTS $720 TO $1,800.
C. M. Silverman & Son, Owners.

Hamilton Terrace

65-75 Hamilton Terrace.
3 BLOCKS EAST OF AMSTERDAM AVE.
Five minutes' walk to Subway station at 145th St. and Broadway.

A new, high-class Apartment House, situated in a select, quiet residential neighborhood which is restricted to private houses, and has all modern improvements.

2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 10 rooms.
Rent $30 to $110.

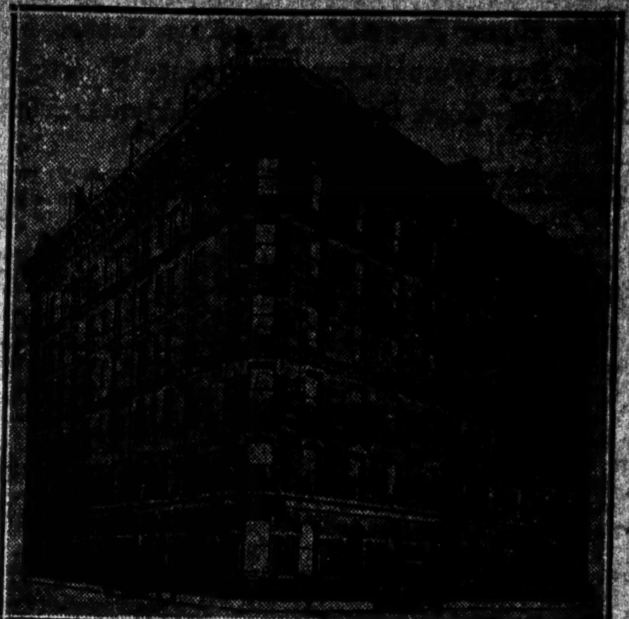
YORKTOWN COURT
Cor. Fort Washington Av. and 162d St.
New Apartment House, recently completed.
3 to 7 rooms, $37.50 to $75.
SUPT. ON PREMISES.

REED HOUSE
121st St. and Broadway.
5 Rooms, $540- $660
6 Rooms, $720- $840
7 Rooms, $840-$1,200
This property is held and managed by an individual owner as a permanent investment.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

STRATHMORE
S. E. Cor. 113th Street and Riverside Drive
Finest location on Riverside Drive; apartments arranged for comfort and for entertaining. Main rooms unusually large and attractive. Service painstaking and particular; white. Two apartments on floor of 10 rooms, 3 baths and large foyer, pantry; 14 closets. Service elevators direct to kitchen. Managed by the owners as a permanent investment.
HALL, HAWKES & PRENTICE, 32 Nassau St.
Renting offices on premises. Telephone, John [illegible].
Floor plan sent on request.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and phone service.
APARTMENTS, [illegible]

MANHATTAN. West Side.



The ROCKINGHAM

Broadway, Southeast Corner 56th Street

Most convenient location in the city. Broadway surface cars pass the door. Subway and "L" station within few blocks. Within three short blocks of Central Park. Convenient to the theatres and shops. Large rooms and halls, marble staircases. Elevator apartment house constructed for comfort and convenience. Spacious entrances on two streets.

8 and 9 Rooms and Bath. Rents $1,000 to $1,700.

J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., Agents

Tel. Bryant 2400 — 17 WEST 42D STREET

West Side. Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Fowler Court

400 Riverside Drive,
corner 112th St.,
Choicest Section of Drive.
Convenient to 110th St. Subway.
Two entrances, service elevators.
4, 5, 6, 7, 8 Rooms, with 1, 2 and 3 Baths, $600 to $2,200.

Brookfield

450 Riverside Drive,
just above 116th St.,
convenient to Subway.
New 10 Story Fireproof Building.
7 exceptionally large rooms.
Large foyer and two baths.
$1,500 to $1,900.
Also Duplex Apartments of 7 very large rooms and bath.
$900 to $1,200.
Also 4 rooms and bath, $720.

Morris Hall

501 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St.
corner Amsterdam Ave.
Overlooking Park and New Cathedral.
New Fireproof Apartments.
Every conceivable improvement.
Convenient to subway and "L."
6, 7, 8 Rooms, with 2 Baths, $1,100 to $1,800.

Chepstow

215 West 101st St.,
N. E. Corner Broadway.
Convenient to Sub. and "L" Stations.
10 sty. Building. Absolutely fireproof Filtering Plant, 4 Elevators.
6, 8, 9 Rooms and 3 Baths, Rents $1,400 to $2,200.

Apply to Superintendents, on Premises, or

Calder, Nassoit & Lanning,
BROADWAY, COR. 105TH ST. — Tel., 8380—River.

BROOKLYN.

Georgian Court
Corner Gates and Franklin Avenues, Brooklyn, on 3 car lines; 8 large rooms and bath. All outside rooms. All conveniences. Rental $600 to $1,100 a year. Now Ready.

The Graydon
68-74 Montague Street, Brooklyn Heights, overlooking Bay and Harbor, 8-story fireproof. Ready in September. Every modern convenience. Within a few minutes of Subway and Wall Street Ferry. $525 to $1,000 a year.

The Woodhull
62-64-66 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn Heights, overlooking Bay and Harbor. Ideal housekeeping apartments for small families; also non-housekeeping apartments. Near Wall Street Ferry and Subway. $525 to $1,400 a year. Ready in September.
For illustrated booklet or personal inspection apply to
REALTY ASSOCIATES, 176 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Telephone 6480 Main.

BROOKLYN'S NEWEST ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, FACING PROSPECT PARK PLAZA AND LIBRARY.

Kings Court

CORNER STERLING PLACE AND BUTLER PLACE, BETWEEN VANDERBILT AND UNDERHILL AVES.

8 Rooms and 2 Baths. Rents Reduced, $900 to $1,000

Every modern improvement, day and night elevator and telephone service. Location, equipment and service equal to New York's $2,400 apartments. MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED. SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

MANHATTAN. West Side. Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE ROCKFALL
N. E. CORNER BROADWAY & 111TH ST.
Adjoining Subway station; beautiful location.
NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE OF THE HIGHEST TYPE.
7 Rooms and 2 Baths
8 Rooms and 3 Baths
All outside and unusually large rooms.
REASONABLE RENTS.
Immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

HARLEM LIBRARY BLDG.,
32 WEST 123D ST.
Cosy, light apartments of one, two, and three rooms and bath; telephone; rents $180 to $480 per year, including steam heat, service, and light.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

MANHATTAN. West Side. Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

VERSAILLES PALACE
605-607 W. 113th St.
BET. B'WAY & RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Exceptionally large, light 6, 7, 8 room apartments; new fireproof building; all modern improvements; unexcelled service; rents reasonable. Representative on premises.

East Side.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,481 Madison Av., Southeast Corner 99th St.
Beautiful corner apartment seven outside rooms; bath; perfect condition; $60 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity; all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

Apartment House Owners

¶ Now is the time to appeal to the people returning from the country and to the many thousands in the city who are looking for Apartments.

¶ THE NEW YORK TIMES is the most effective medium to reach the desirable class of tenants.

THE NEW YORK TIMES
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.
East Side.

THE HANOVER APARTMENTS,
PARK AVE. & 63D ST.
8 & 9 ROOMS,
TWO BATHS.

Exceptionally large light airy rooms. Uniquely arranged, with spacious closets. Handsomely decorated to suit individual tastes.

$1,500 to $2,400.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

Bachelor Apartments
All night elevator service.
5 East 45th St.
2 to 6 rooms with 1 to 3 baths.
Superintendent on premises, or
William S. Denison & Co.
141 Broadway.

The WILBRAHAM
N. W. Cor. Fifth Ave. & 30th St.
Opposite Holland House
Two, Four or Six Rooms with Baths.
Southern Exposure—Fireproof Bldg.
FRED'K FOX & CO.,
1,[illegible] B'way, Phone 6786 Murray Hill.
Supt. on Premises.

"LA CASA BLANCA,"
55 East 76th St.,
NEAR MADISON AV.

[illegible] rooms, bath and servants' bath; rent [illegible]-$1,260; also corner apartments, all light [illegible], $1,400; white enameled woodwork; parquet floors, electric lights, telephone each apartment. Telephone 1690—Lenox.

ARTHUR HALL,
N. E. COR. 96TH ST. & MADISON AV.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
8 and 9 Rooms,
WITH TWO BATHS.
Rents $1,200 to $1,500.
SUPT. ON PREMISES.

THE LEXINGTON
144-146-148 East 22d St.
Sub-lease attractive large apartments, 5 & 6 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.
MODERATE RENT.
References, leases. Superintendent on premises.
WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
937 Broadway. Telephone 5929 Gramercy.

DOCTOR'S APARTMENTS.
Have been occupied several years by successful physicians, now to rent.
7 rooms—$1,000.
11 rooms—$1,700.
LA CASA BLANCA APTS.,
55 East 76th St., near Madison Ave.

715 MADISON AV., (NEAR 63D ST.) Non-housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms and bath; elevator, electric light, steam heat; good service; rent $60; references required.

BRONX.

TWO MONTHS FREE!
Must sublet exquisite apartment, seven all outside rooms; electric light; parquet floors; only $35.
1,239 Franklin Avenue.
Two blocks 169th St. 3d Av. Elevated.
Suitable Physician or Dentist.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

Brooklyn.

Standish Arms
167-169-171 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS,
Near Pierrepont St. Fireproof Construction.
IN EVERY DETAIL THE LEADING APARTMENT HOTEL OF BROOKLYN.
Splendid View of Harbor

Situated in the most aristocratic section of Brooklyn. Subway to Wall Street 6 minutes. Apartments furnished or unfurnished. Single room and bath $300 to $450 per year. Two rooms and bath $420 to $900 per year. Larger suites in proportion.

RESTAURANT A LA CARTE.
CLUB BREAKFASTS.
ARTHUR H. MYERS, MANAGER.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

A.—A.—Cathedral Plaza,
Cathedral Parkway, 110-109th Sts., Columbus Av.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS;
JUST COMPLETED. ELEGANTLY FURNISHED.
ELECTRIC FANS IN EVERY APARTMENT.
2 AND 3 ROOMS,
bath and kitchenette; maid service if desired.
FURNISHED, MONTHLY $45 up; WEEKLY, $10 up.
UNFURNISHED, $30 TO $55.
RESTAURANT IN BUILDING.
OPEN EVENINGS. TEL. 3970—RIVERSIDE.

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible] J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
[illegible]OCKS AND BONDS
[illegible] ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
[illegible]ednesday, Aug. 16th, 1911
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
[illegible] 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET,
FOR ACCOUNT OF EXECUTORS.
[illegible] City of New York 3½ p. c. Coupon Bds., due Oct., 1916.
[illegible] City of New York 3½ p. c. Coupon Bond, due Nov., 1917.
[illegible] City of New York 3½ p. c. Coupon Bds., due Nov., 1918.
[illegible] City of New York 3½ p. c. Coupon Bds., due Nov., 1927.
[illegible] Green Bay & Western R. R.
[illegible] Texas Land Syndicate No. 3.
BY ORDER OF TRUSTEES.
[illegible] La France Copper Co. 1 Mtge. 6 p. c. Gold Bds., Jany., 1911, coupon on.
[illegible] ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
[illegible] Interest in 2d Mtge. of $4,000 given by Congregation Ahavith Achim covering property S. S. Quincy St., 350 feet west of Reid Av., Borough of Brooklyn, N. Y.
[illegible] Susquehanna Coal & Coke Co. 1 Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1940.
[illegible] Knickerbocker Trust Co.
[illegible] Bank of America.
[illegible] National City Bank.
[illegible] Empire State Surety Co.
[illegible] Kings County Elec. Light & Power Co. 6 p. c. P. M. Interest-bearing Scrip.
[illegible] National Surety Co.
[illegible] Second Avenue R. R.
[illegible] Importers & Traders' Natl. Bank.
[illegible] Mercantile Natl. Bank.
[illegible] Bankers Trust Co.
[illegible] Pacific R. R. of Missouri St. Louis R. R. 1 Mtge. 5 p. c. endorsed Bonds, 1938.
[illegible] Metropolitan Bank.
[illegible] American Exchange Natl. Bank.
[illegible] Great Lakes Coal Co.
[illegible]

Find Lost Articles.

❡ There is one sensible way to go about finding valuable articles lost on the streets or in public places.

❡ Place a notice among the Lost advertisements in The New York Times. Through their good offices lost jewelry and garments are restored to owners, stray pets get back home, and all sorts of mischances arising from accident or carelessness are quickly adjusted. Mentioning a reward helps.

❡ Go to any advertising agency or telephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000.

Lost

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Sunday night, between Keyport and Perth Amboy, N. J., from automobile, black patent leather handbag containing silver purse, money, watch, keys; liberal reward. A. B. G., Jr., 175 West 72.

LOST—Certificate of Deposit No. A68,043 for $230, issued by U. S. Trust Co. of New York to Joseph Batt and Simon Shochat, guardians for Annie Shochat. If found notify J. Batt, 2 East 118th.

LOST.—Legal envelope containing papers, on Lenox Av., between 114th and 115th Sts., Monday, about noon. No value to other than owner. Reward. Westminster Hall, 73 and 75 Lenox Av.

LOST—Monday, gold pin, surrounded with pearls, in Knickerbocker Hotel, or in front of it; reward on return. Joseph M. Gaites, Room 411, 1,402 Broadway, New York City.

LOST or stolen, on Saturday, Aug. 12, between Polo Grounds and 155th St. Subway station, gold fob, engraved "F. H. D."; liberal reward; no questions. X 167 Times.

LOST—Tuesday, watch fob, animal's head, diamonds for eyes, and one in mouth; suspended on strap; liberal reward. Y 14 Times.

LOST.—Gold watch and fob, initial "D." Riggs Restaurant, 42d St. Reward. Return cashier.

LOST—Locket, diamond centre, initial "J. M." Reward, return to Mr. Goltz, 34 W. 48th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Aug. 15.—By POLICE. Apply Property Clerk, 300 Mulberry St.: Handbag, containing prayer beads, tweezers, &c.; cardcase, containing chauffeur's badge, cards, photos, &c., stickpin; suitcase, containing men's wearing apparel, skirt, shoes, and belt; small quantity of copper, auto license and lamp; trunk, containing men's wearing apparel, IN BROOKLYN. Apply 269 State St.: Razor, quantity rope.

FOUND, Aug. 14.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—Hudson Tubes. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Fire insurance policy, tape, diploma, accordion, harp, cap, package.

FOUND, Aug. 15.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Umbrella, package, lady's jacket, purse, hat.

FOUND, Aug. 15.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Four packages, sweater, three umbrellas, photographs, purse.

FOUND, Aug. 15.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Grip, package.

FOUND, Aug. 15.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Two umbrellas, grip, four packages, coat.

FOUND, Aug. 15.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Bundle, two packages, grip, lady's umbrella, knapsack.

FOUND, Aug. 15.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Three keys, satchel.

FOUND, Aug. 15.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Comb and brush, raincoat, books, eyeglasses, cap, razor strop, umbrella, 5 packages, eyeglasses, gloves, roll of plans, tennis racquet, keys, valise, umbrella, handbag.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Photograph gallery for sale at bargain price for cash to prompt buyer. Call Jenkins Studio, 352 6th Av., corner 22d St.

PARTNER, with $2,000 or more, for a good paying kimono manufacturing business on 5th Av. Y 22 Times.

$1,000 invested rooming or boarding house will net $2,000 profits in 8 months if properly run. James, 15 East 54th.

Business Notices

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Multigraph typewritten letters delivered promptly; samples submitted; addressing, filling in, classy signatures; work must be best produced; satisfactory to you. Telephone 1332 Cortlandt. William Gray, 93 Nassau St.

Help Wanted
Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer; good place; $20.
LEDGER CLERK; department store experience; $15.
BOOKKEEPER; cloak and suit experience; $18.
BILL CLERK; Elliot Fisher, wholesale; $15.
COLLECTORS, (2;) furniture, books; experience; $12.
YOUNG LADIES, (6;) bookkeepers, stenographers, typewriters.
BOYS, (5;) offices, errands, stock; $5-$6.
Employers Reference Service Agency, 114 West 23d St.

STENOGRAPHERS—Female; temporary, permanent; $12 to $25 a week. Whitney & Bergman, (Agency,) 27 William St.

Situations Wanted
Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers. Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

COMPETENT help of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 'Phone 1538 Riverside.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers, waitresses, colored; city, country. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288 Morningside.

HELP.—Select colored help furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 8th Av. 'Phone Harlem—5370.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

For Sale

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, typewriters, safes, cash registers, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, adding machines, neostyles, bookcases; partition. Nathan's, White St. and West Broadway.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 58-60 Franklin, 388 Broadway.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week; $1.10 a line 7 consecutive times.

[illegible]

Country Board

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; $1.[illegible] a line 7 consecutive times.

New Jersey.

"COLUMBIA," Butler, N. J.—Hydropathic, Kneipp, massage, osteopathic, faradic, milk regeneration treatment scientifically; refuge for neurasthenic, rheumatic; stomach circulatory trouble; $10. (circular.)

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BRIGHT, ALERT WOMAN to interview subscribers; salary and commission; good opening for right party. The Century Co., 33 East 17th St.

EXPERIENCED SALES LEDGER BOOKKEEPER, BEST & CO., 1 WEST 35TH ST.

GOVERNESS—FRENCH OR GERMAN; MUST HAVE EXCELLENT REFERENCES AND EXPERIENCE. APPLY AT 36 WEST 72D ST., BET. 10 AND 10:30 A. M. WEDNESDAY.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant wanted; must be an educated American, between 21 and 25 years of age, capable and willing, and strictly high-class in every particular. Apply in person Tuesday and Wednesday to Jones-Keyser Company, 142-6 West 24th St., New York.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, Remington, educated, American. Longmans, Green & Co., Publishers, 449 4th Av.

TYPISTS.—Accurate, rapid young woman operators on Remington machine for $12 positions and over, with a large corporation; must have experience and ability. Address, stating age and experience, F. E. T., 463 West St., Manhattan.

WANTED.—Young woman stenographers for $15 position and over with large corporation; must have experience and ability; Remington machine used. Address, stating age and experience, F. E. T., 463 West St., Manhattan.

WANTED—Nursery governess, willing to live in country. Address Hull, Richlands, Tazewell Co., Va.

YOUNG LADIES.—We have opening for a number of young ladies with office experience, such as filing, alphabetizing, &c.; those having worked in the subscription department of a publishing house and familiar with card and stencil filing systems preferred. Apply by letter, stating age, experience, and salary expected. Floren & Co., Station V, N. Y. City.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOND and STOCK SALESMAN.—By established firm for out-of-town locality or to travel; live securities and dividend payers; unusual opening for good man on commission basis that amounts to something. Y 21 Times.

BOY WANTED, 15-16 years of age, for stock and sample work in dry goods importing house. Apply with written reference Wednesday at 9 A. M. John Pullman & Co., 515 Broadway.

BOY WANTED in downtown fire insurance office; must have a good education; previous experience unnecessary; state age and references. R 243 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR AND SALESMAN.—Brooklyn and Long Island, over 25; salary to start, $18 weekly and 15 per cent. Patterson, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

DESIGNER wanted, to make up a showy line of popular priced lawn waists and dresses for jobbing and retail trade; steady position if satisfactory. Feineman Brothers, 120 Greene St.

DRAUGHTSMAN FOR SHOP DETAILS, ORNAMENTAL IRONWORK; MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; NONE OTHER NEED APPLY. WELLS ARCHITECTURAL IRON CO., RIVER AV. AND 151ST.

ENGINEER wanted. Hotel Roland, 56 East 59th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Typewriter and steno-
parents; fine penman required. Answer, giv-
rapher, under 20 years of age, living with
ing references, in own handwriting. $10 to start. Letter only. Advertiser, 410 West End Av.

OFFICE BOY.—About 15; wages $5 to start; good penman, and living with parents. Answer, giving references, in own handwriting. Advertiser, 410 West End Av.

PROMOTER AND ORGANIZER.—Wanted, an expert promoter and organizer, to complete the organization and promotion of this company through the Southwest and on the Pacific Coast; kindly be explicit as to your capabilities in the first letter; stock salesmen also apply in person. X 160 Times.

RENTING AGENT, (25 to 28,) for apartment house; only those having had previous experience need apply; wages, $18 per week. Address B 102 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED FOR CITY AND MIDDLE WEST ON POPULAR-PRICED LINE OF WAISTS AND DRESSES; MUST HAVE ABILITY AND TRADE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. Y 24 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—We are open for the services of a live salesman with established trade to sell house dresses and kimonos; would consider a good partnership if he has money to invest; good opportunity for right party; advise, stating references. Opportunity, Y 12 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted, who is acquainted with automobiles, supply houses, to take as a side line automobile fronts out of town. Apply Sobel & Rooten, 74 Wooster St.

SALESMEN, &c.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good-paying, steady position. Apply all day, 217 West 125th St., Room 18.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, cloak and suit salesman for popular-priced line; must have ability and trade; excellent opportunity for right party. Call. R. & M., 121 Spring St.

SALESMAN wanted; experienced. National Rubber Coat Co., 43-45 East 12th St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST WANTED.—Protestant young man, well recommended; one with some knowledge of searching names and addresses preferred; hours 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. daily; moderate salary; call with references Thursday only. Presbyterian Hospital, Madison Av. and 70th St.

STENOGRAPHER, with some knowledge of bookkeeping, for confidential position in New York law office; college graduate preferred. Write education, qualification, references, salary. Box 66, Irvington, N. Y.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—A man; must be good in figures and write a fair hand; report in person Thursday morning, between 9 and 10 o'clock. M. Kirchberger & Co., 22d St. and 2d Av.

WANTED—Young man about 19 or 20 years old as factory timekeeper; located about 50 miles from New York; good opening; answer in own handwriting. Y 23 Times.

WANTED a bright, neat office boy over 16 years of age; excellent opportunity. Address office by letter only to Allen Agency, 45 West 34th St.

$1,000 EARNINGS A MONTH FOR THE RIGHT SALESMAN; REFERENCES REQUIRED. Y 15 TIMES.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTHORS' manuscripts typewritten intelligently. Secretary, W 91, Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, with knowledge of stenography, desires position; 8 years' experience. L 262 Grand St., Adv. Agency.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

GIRL, 17 years old, would like a position in office; understands typewriting; good penman; accurate at figures. Address (B. H.) F. H., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

NURSERY GOVERNESS or mothers' helper, by refined young woman; fond of children; kindergarten graduate; good sewer; best references. P 280 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—By young lady; little experience; thorough knowledge office work; understands switchboard. F. Holtz, 2,322 Norman St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; bright beginner. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660—East New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—First-class; second to none; no agencies. R 244 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, expert all lines, desires monthly audits; books systematized; personal service. Y 6 Times.

AEROPLANE BUILDER.—Experienced all sorts of [illegible]

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A EUROPEAN representative, speaking necessary languages, thoroughly familiar with merchandising throughout Europe, including Russia and Siberia, desires to connect with A1 American factory; best connections; A1 references; personal interview desired. R 241 Times Downtown.

ARTIST, who does ladies' and men's fashion (pen and ink, wash, and color,) also commercial work, wants permanent position; salary, $30. Y 16 Times.

BOY, 16 years old; very neat in appearance; writes a good hand; attended high school a year and a half; desires a position in a wholesale house, hosiery preferred. (M. G.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, 16 years old, willing worker, is seeking office position; has had some experience and can furnish good references. Address (J. R.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, 15 years old, with working papers and good references, would like position; attends evening high school. Address (H. P.) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR.—White Steamer or gasoline car; 12 years touring Europe and America. 22 Susquehanna Av., Cooperstown, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; 4 years' experience; own repair; best references. N. C., 315 West 28th St.

HERE is clean-cut young college man (Dartmouth) with three years' commercial and selling experience; if you want a salesman of unusual personality—one who's willing to put his heart in your work—one who believes in himself—invite me to present myself for your consideration; references of the highest order. X 126 Times.

LAW.—Young man, 25 years old, experienced stenographer, entering law school next month, desires position in law office. X 182 Times.

MECHANIC, with mechanical, theoretical, and practical knowledge, wants a position for improvements and working up new ideas and patents. L. Edmonds, 201 East 79th St., N. Y.

RESTAURANT MAN desires position, lunchroom or restaurant, city or country; assistant to proprietor or management; thoroughly experienced. Manhattan, E 49 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced in confectionery box and stationery lines; trade acquaintance in Eastern, Middle States, and Canada; desires to make change. Lakeside, Y 17 Times.

YOUNG MAN, German, sober, honest and industrious; expert auto. mechanic, acquainted with foreign and American cars; wishes situation as chauffeur, or in private garage or shop; have been in business for myself overhauling cars, with great satisfaction. If interested address B. Goldman, Box Y 3 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, conscientious, intelligent, good mathematician, knowledge of bookkeeping, desires in or outside position. W. Young, 353 Etna St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, (24,) capable and thoroughly experienced, seeks position of responsibility. Address J. R., 357 East 18th St.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

5TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms, private baths; transients and table guests.

10TH ST., 20-22-23 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; private bath; table guests; exclusive.

48TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large single rooms; private bath; house and table strictly first-class; references.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Large rooms, with dressing rooms; small room, running hot and cold water; telephone; near elevated and subway.

69TH, 74 WEST.—Cool, comfortable rooms; private baths; superior table; Summer rates; telephone; references.

74TH, 128 WEST, (Phone 1836 Columbus.)—Small, large rooms; elegant table; very reasonable; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Sixteenth year; Summer rates; rooms; private baths; references.

76TH, [illegible] WEST.—Newly furnished parlor dining; Southerners, Westerners desired; transients accommodated; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

79TH, 118 WEST.—Rooms, en suite or single; first-class in every respect; references.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Refined, exclusive home for desirable people; private bath; telephone; generous table.

80TH, 141-143 WEST.—Desirable rooms, newly decorated; private bath; parlor dining; references.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Every care given for comfort, table, and privacy looking to permanency.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms; excellent table; high-class Jewish house; table guests.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Every room, bath steam heated, parquetted; electricity; excellent cooking; telephone; table board.

50-52 WEST 83D.
Newly furnished; electric light; private baths; telephone.

84TH ST., 55 WEST.—Scrupulously clean, homelike rooms; parlor dining room; table guests; American family.

84TH ST., 53 WEST.—Beautiful large, single rooms; private baths; excellent home table; Jewish; reference.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant rooms; private bath; excellent cuisine; table guests and transients accommodated.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms, near Park; convenient Subway, elevated; table guests accommodated.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Well-furnished large and small rooms; excellent table; telephone; references.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Newly renovated house; rooms, with board; homelike; telephone 7442 Riverside; reference.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; private bath; business people preferred; telephone.

107TH ST., 320 WEST.—Cool, attractive room; two; private family; elevator apartment; references. Hughes.

111TH, 407 WEST.—Coolest location; large room; private bath; single room; phone Morningside 8136.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Summer rates.

149TH, 540 TO 546 WEST.—Broadway Subway, famous Riverside, Hudson River near by; The Audubon; bright rooms, delicious meals, best accommodations, low rates, large porch, open air dining; transients, table boarders accommodated. Telephone, 2757—Audubon.

150TH, 531 WEST.—Accommodations with refined private family; large and small rooms; excellent board.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

East Side.

15TH ST., 310 EAST, (opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor, private bath; single and double rooms; telephone; table guests.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view Stuyvesant Park; transients accommodated; references; telephone; board optional.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

60TH, 40 EAST.—One block park; fine rooms; elevator; excellent board optional; Summer rates.

89TH, 1,346 LEXINGTON AV.—Large, small rooms; married couple, gentlemen; parlor dining; 'phone. Gross.

MADISON AV., 694 AND 696.—Fine rooms; excellent board optional; Summer rates until Sept. 15.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Large and small rooms, private bath; $3.50 up.

MADISON AV., 839 (70th St.)—Rooms or board; Summer prices; breakfast in rooms; references.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, HEIGHTS, 5.—Water view; Subway, five minutes Wall St.; corner trolley connects ferry, bridges, seaside; apartments, rooms, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood, house high-class; table, choicest products New York markets; $8-$20 weekly. 995—Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 75. (Near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. Phone 1795—Main.

PARK SLOPE, [illegible] PRESIDENT ST.—[illegible]

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

YOUNG BUSINESS WOMAN wants room and board in Spanish boarding house. R 238 Times Downtown.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

8TH ST., 8 WEST.—Single and double rooms, handsomely furnished; every modern convenience, including telephone on every floor.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite or single; delightfully cool; electric lights; references.

9TH ST., 59 WEST.—Large room; private bath; single room, hot and cold water; telephone.

9TH, 41 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; hot and cold water; large closets; telephone.

13TH ST., 164 WEST, (west of 6th Av.)—Exceedingly desirable square room adjoining bath for gentleman.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large, small rooms; modern conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

40TH, 43 WEST.—Comfortable large and small rooms; private bath; running water; reference; gentlemen.

52D, 55 WEST.—Large furnished room; private bath; gentlemen only; references.

248 WEST 52D, (BROADWAY.)
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; ALL CONVENIENCES.

56TH ST., 108 WEST.—Pleasant outside room, having all conveniences; refined surroundings; good neighborhood. Tappan.

58TH, 17 WEST.—Handsome large parlor floor, furnished; electric light; extension bath; suitable physician.

68TH ST., 35 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, small rooms; with, without bath; electric light; 'phone; reasonable.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Suite or separate; every comfort; beautiful location; board optional; refined home.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Large, cool, well-furnished sitting room and alcove bedroom adjoining; private house; $25 month; gentleman; reference.

72D ST., 134 WEST.—Large, medium, single rooms; private bath; telephone; resident caterer; meals optional.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms; baths; subway express; Summer prices.

73D, 173 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; Summer rates.

74TH, 106 WEST.—Large and small rooms, single or en suite; Summer rates; references; phone.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, cool rooms in refined neighborhood; telephone; references; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Large room on first floor, for gentlemen; bath, electric light.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Desirable rooms; all conveniences; suitable one or two; references; reasonable.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Elegant front room; all conveniences; 1 or 2 gentlemen; single room; references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Entire second floor, with private bath; also small room; private family.

79TH ST., 149 WEST.—Desirable rooms, private bath, two gentlemen preferred; on second and third floor.

80TH ST., 133 WEST.—Large, small rooms, newly furnished, adjoining bath; private family; telephone; references.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Large, front room, second floor; dressing room, running water; private house; telephone.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Large, medium rooms, with dressing room and bath adjoining; moderate; references.

83D ST., 124 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; gentlemen or man and wife; all conveniences. Carlson.

88TH ST., 106 WEST.—Delightful rooms; every convenience; ideal location; near Subway and "L"; references.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Residence near Riverside Drive; handsomely furnished room; large; accommodations; all conveniences; reasonable; 'phone.

105D, 216 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Cheerful, bright, outside room, comfortably furnished; $3; private. Carroll.

107TH, 216 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, ample closets; elevator apartment; Southern family. White.

110TH ST. (near Broadway.)—Attractive large front chamber for business man; excellent accommodations with exclusive family of three adults; modern high-class elevator apartment; $[illegible]. Particulars Y 5 Times.

112TH ST., 501 WEST.—Desirable rooms, elevator apartment; shower, 'phone, electricity; references. Wells.

115TH ST., 357 WEST.—Well-furnished room; board optional; all conveniences; private house; reasonable.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Breezy Morningside Heights; large and small rooms; elevator; Subway, trolley. Smith.

419 WEST 118TH ST.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; 5TH WEST.

121ST ST., 509 WEST, Bancroft Apartments.—Just completed; none finer; beautiful rooms, furnished, unfurnished; single or en suite; private baths; electric lights, elevators; elegant dining room; transients accommodated.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner, four windows; telephone; single, en suite; $3, $5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Cor. B'way.)—Exceptionally cool front rooms; kitchen; elevator; references. Apt. 21.

124TH ST., 527-529 West, (near Broadway, Columbia College, and Horace Mann School.)—Choice, up-to-date apartments, 4 & 5 rooms; bath, steam, elevator, telephone; $32 to $45 month.

145TH ST., (198 Edgecombe Av.)—Two rooms, nicely furnished, well kept; private house; all conveniences.

FURNISHED ROOMS in elegant apartment hotel; $5 per week upward. Morningside-7800, Apt. 309.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600.—Rooms facing river; single, en suite; private baths; meal accommodations. Pierson.

East Side.

11TH ST., 35 EAST.—Large and small rooms, newly furnished; running water; southern exposure.

17TH ST., 113 EAST, Near Union Square.—Large, light, clean front, rear rooms; reasonable; telephone.

21ST ST., 130 EAST, (Overlooking Park.)—Furnished rooms without board; $3 per week up.

22D ST., 45 EAST.—Pleasant rooms in refined house; $3 to $7 week; references.

43D ST., 16 EAST.—Attractive, comfortable rooms; single or en suite; baths; telephone; references.

45TH ST., 26 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with baths; Summer rates; gentlemen; references.

54TH ST., 15 EAST (5th Av.).—Desirable rooms; select neighborhood; Summer rates; board optional.

1.—76TH ST., 33 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates.

87TH ST., 62 EAST.—Fine rooms; new furniture; select neighborhood; Summer rates.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE, with reception room and extension; all handsomely furnished. Apply 1,041 Madison Av.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted a room on east side at reasonable rates, with privilege of telephone; meals furnished if desired. Train Nurse Grownery, Orange, N. J.

JAPANESE GENTLEMAN wants a room, with breakfast, in private family; modern apartment. Address Kyoto, 532 Broadway.

Furnished Houses Wanted

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted—A modern furnished house, good location, New Rochelle or vicinity, for about four months. Send particulars and lowest rent to E. S. Willard & Co., 45 Pine St.

LOOKING FOR AN APARTMENT?
[illegible] announcements in The New York [illegible] best apartments in most desirable [illegible]

Used Autos For Sale

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTOMOBILES.
Green's Purchasing Agency, old Brewster Building, 1,387-1,389 Broadway, corner 48th St. Used automobiles of the highest grades can be purchased from us at sacrifice prices. We have the largest show rooms in the city and the greatest variety of cars to select from. All makes, from $125 to $3,000. Demonstrations cheerfully given. Satisfactory time payments arranged.

This is the season for unusual bargains in used cars; the best cars are those factory rebuilt by responsible manufacturers, and guaranteed by them the same as new cars; we have a number of FACTORY REBUILT CARS carrying this guarantee, which we submit for your inspection as the best values ever offered in this market. USED CAR DEPARTMENT, STODDARD MOTOR COMPANY, 225 West 57th St., N. Y.

Thomas gentleman's roadster; fine condition, full equipment; two extra bucket seats; reason for selling owner going away. University Garage, 122d St. and Broadway.

Corbin touring car, looks like new; will have to be seen to be appreciated; will sell cheap. University Garage, 122d St. and Broadway.

CHALMERS "FORTY" TOURING car, rebuilt and repainted. C. Dow, 1,637 Broadway, New York.

Packard Runabout, 1908; rare chance to get wonderful car cheap. Call 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

CHALMERS cars, rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,637 Broadway, City.

Automobile Supplies

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTO TIRES AND TUBES.
When you are through going around looking for bargains try us; we have them. TUXEDO TIRE EXCHANGE, 53d St. and 8th Av. 'Phone 1482 Col.

Automobiles to Rent

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Five-passenger touring; excellent riding; competent driver; $2.50 an hour. Tea Room, 33 West 61st St.

Beautiful six-cylinder, large, seven-passenger touring car, $3 per hour. Lamensdorf, 4550—Audubon.

Automobiles Wanted

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

WANTED—LIMOUSINE BODY FOR PACKARD 18; STATE LOWEST PRICE. ALLEN, R 255 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Real Estate For Sale or To Let.

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Queens.

ELEGANT 9-ROOM HOUSE.
Modern; all latest improvements; 2 blocks from shore; only 27 minutes from Penn. Station, N. Y. C.; on 2 full lots; 2 more lots can be acquired if desired; macadamized streets; cement walks, curbs, &c.; has electric lighting; sewered property; privilege of fine bathing beach, dock, anchorage and high-class yacht clubhouse; refined and select neighborhood and elegant surroundings; price $7,000; terms will be arranged to suit purchaser; title guaranteed. Address Waterfront, Box R 224 Times Downtown.

OVERLOOKING LONG ISLAND SOUND.
New eight-room house, all improvements, including sewers; water front privilege for boating and bathing; also large water front plot; liberal terms. D. Brown, 391 East 149th St., corner 3d Av., Room 213.

Jamaica.—$2,600-$2,800; new houses; $200 cash, balance $25 monthly pays everything; improvements; open Saturday afternoon, Sundays. Bebell, 324 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Long Island.

BUNGALOW AND BUNGALOW SITES, only one hour out; near seashore and station in one of the most charming sections of Long Island; with an abundance of stately trees and foliage; high, rolling ground; although cheap, they are ideal; you can procure bungalow and site of ⅓ to ½ acre, or more land if desired, for $700 to $1,200 on terms of $50 down and $10 monthly. Call or write at once, Home Sites, 235 West 34th St., N. Y.

Huntington.—Small bungalows with plot 100x100; high, airy, fertile land; price, $900 and up; write for tickets to see them. Beck, 1,361 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Write us for prices and for description of our dwellings in Flushing. Wallace Appleton Company, Flushing, L. I.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

Sub-let.—$3,000 duplex apartment, Riverside Drive, for $2,000, year's lease; 10 rooms, 3 baths; all rooms overlook river; liveried attendants; most select apartment on Drive; one block from Subway Express Station. B. A. E., 248 Times Downtown.

Nordica, Corner 118th St. and 7th Av. Driveway. High-class, modern apartments, 6 and 7 rooms and bath, $780-$1,000; beautiful ground floor apartment, suitable for physician, 7 rooms and bath, $1,000. Superintendent on premises.

Washington Irving, 203 West 112th St., Near 7th Av. Driveway.—High-class modern apartments; convenient to Subway and "L" trains; 8 rooms and bath; $900-$1,000. Superintendent on premises.

Apartment to rent from Sept. 1, two rooms, bath, and kitchenette; southern exposure; Japanese service, for $60 per month. Blackwell, 167 West 72d St.

21st, 328 West.—Six light rooms, bath; hot water supply; halls heated; reasonable rent.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

WANTED by a private family of adults an unfurnished apartment of nine rooms with all modern conveniences; location between Washington and Vanderbilt Avs., Willoughby and Fulton. Address, R 254 Times Downtown.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF NEW YORK—HENRY B. TWOMBLY, as Trustee, et al., Plaintiffs, against HARRY MULDOON et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 5th day of July, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 6th day of September, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by D. Phoenix Ingraham, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, together with the buildings erected thereon, situate, lying and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, and bounded and described as follows, to wit:

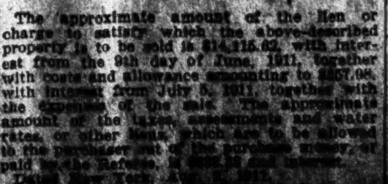
BEGINNING at a point in the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Street, distant seventy-five feet westerly from the southwesterly corner of One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Street and Second Avenue; thence running southerly and parallel with said Second Avenue ninety-nine feet and eleven inches to the centre line of the block; thence running westerly and along said centre line of the block twenty-six feet; thence running northerly and again parallel with said Second Avenue and part of the way through a party wall ninety-nine feet and eleven inches to the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Street; and thence running easterly and along the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Street twenty-six feet to the point or place of beginning; be the said several distances or dimensions more or less; together with the buildings and appurtenances thereon.

Dated New York, Aug. 2, 1911.

PHOENIX INGRAHAM, Referee.

PUTNEY, TWOMBLY & PUTNEY, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 2 Rector Street, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 246 E. 128th St.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $14,115.62, with interest from the 9th day of June, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to $257.98, with interest from July 5, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $[illegible] and interest.

Dated New York, Aug. 2, 1911.

[illegible]

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Nicely furnished 5-room apartment, all rooms overlooking the Palisades of the Hudson. Fort View Apartments, 181st St. and Northern Av. Apartment 5-D. Ask for Lopez. A bargain.

Oct. 1.—High-class, modern, eight-room apartment, handsomely furnished old mahogany, Oriental rugs, piano; select neighborhood. Wright, 306 West [illegible] St.

Front elevator; three, six rooms, bath, $[illegible], $65 month, (weekly.) Ross, 547 West [illegible].

MASTER'S SALES.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO, EASTERN DIVISION.—THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee under a mortgage and deed of trust made by Alma Cement Company, dated April 14, 1906, Plaintiff, against ALMA CEMENT COMPANY, Defendant.—NOTICE OF SALE IN EQUITY.

Notice is hereby given that, in pursuance of the decree of foreclosure and sale made in this cause on or about the twentieth day of July, 1911, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court at Columbus, Ohio, foreclosing the mortgage and deed of trust dated April 14, 1906, made by Alma Cement Company to The Standard Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, I, James O. Tripp, the Special Master in and by said decree appointed for the purpose, will, on the first day of September, 1911, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, on the mortgaged premises, at the front door of the main office of Alma Cement Company at Wellston, Jackson County, Ohio, sell at public auction to the highest bidder therefor, and as an entirety, without valuation, appraisement, redemption or extension, and with all muniments of title thereto and evidences of ownership thereof, the property, premises and franchises covered by said mortgage and deed of trust and described in said decree as follows:

ALL AND SINGULAR the property of every description, real, personal and mixed, franchises, rights and privileges owned by Alma Cement Company, including the property more particularly described as follows:

FIRST. The following real estate situated in the county of Jackson, in the State of Ohio, and in the township of Wellston, bounded and described as follows:

(a) Being a part of the South East Quarter of the North West Quarter of Section seven (7). Beginning on the North Line of said South East Quarter of the North West Quarter and the center line of the Portsmouth branch of the Cincinnati, Washington and Baltimore Railroad; running thence West on the Quarter Section line four hundred (400) links to a stone; thence South at right angles ten hundred and fifty-two (1052) links to a stake in the center line of the Ohio Southern Railroad, from which the South West corner of the Wellston Steel and Nail Mill bears North 11 degrees and 30 minutes East, four hundred and thirty-four (434) links; thence East parallel to the North line three hundred and fifty-five (355) links to the center line of the Dayton & Ironton rail-road, and 457 links to the center line of the Portsmouth branch of the Cincinnati, Washington and Baltimore railroad, thence in a Northerly direction along the center line of said railroad to the place of beginning, containing 4.51 acres more or less, excepting therefrom the coal underlying the soil thereof and also excepting such rights of occupancy for railroad purposes as the Ohio Southern Railroad Company, and the Wellston and Jackson Belt Railroad Co., or the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo Railroad Company, The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway Company, or any other railway company may have acquired in any lawful way or manner, or may have without leave or possession taken possession of in any manner.

(b) Part of the North West Quarter of Section 7, Township 9, Range 17 Jackson County, Ohio, and being all of the land included between the West line of the land formerly of Alma Portland Cement Company in said Quarter Section, and the rights of way of the switch and the main track of the Ohio Southern Railroad, said piece being triangular in shape and containing six acres more or less, except stone, coal and other mineral substances underlying said premises with the right to mine and remove the same.

SECOND. The following real estate situated in the County of Vinton, in the State of Ohio, and in the townships of Vinton and Clinton, and bounded and described as follows:

The whole of section number twenty-six (26) of township No. nine (9), of range No. sixteen (16), Ohio Company's Purchase, containing 640 acres, more or less;

The whole of section number thirty-two (32), same township and range, containing 640 acres more or less;

The whole of section number thirty-three (33), same township and range, containing 640 acres more or less.

The whole of fractional section number thirty-two (32), same township and range, containing 262 acres more or less;

The whole of fractional section number thirty-three (33), same township and range, containing 262 acres more or less;

Said lands being in Vinton township, Vinton County, Ohio.

Also all of section number twenty-four (24), of township No. ten (10), of range No. seventeen (17), except the South West Quarter of the South West Quarter thereof, containing 600 acres more or less, and

The North half, (N. ½), of section number twenty-five (25), of the last named township and range, containing 320 acres more or less;

Said lands in township ten of range seventeen, being in Clinton township, Vinton County, Ohio, and in the district of lands subject to sale at Chillicothe, Ohio.

The aggregate acreage of this second parcel being 3364.

This grant being subject to all legal highways, the right of way of The Hocking Valley Railway, and a lease of about ten acres, now held by The Vinton County Coal & Mining Company.

Together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof; and all and singular the mills, factories and structures now situate on the property hereinbefore described, or any part thereof; and all machinery, fixtures, tools, appliances and property of every kind and description forming a part of the manufacturing plant and equipment of such properties and premises; and all rights, liberties, privileges and franchises which are now the property of or used for or in connection with the business of the Company, including trade-marks, trade-names, processes, franchises, patents, patent rights, copyrights, licenses, and inventions of every kind and nature whatsoever; and any and all real property and all the estate, right, title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, of Alma Cement Company of, in, and to the above-described premises and property, and every part and parcel thereof.

The Special Master will receive no bid from any one who shall not first deposit with him as a pledge that he will make his bid good in case of acceptance, the sum of $5,000 in cash or by certified check on any National Bank or Trust Company, or bonds issued under and secured by the said mortgage and deed of trust of the aggregate face amount of $25,000. The deposit received from any unsuccessful bidder will be returned to him when the property shall be struck off. The deposit received from the successful bidder shall be applied on account of the purchase price. The Special Master will accept no bid of less than $500,000, and unless such sum shall be bid the sale will be adjourned. Upon the acceptance of any bid the bidder shall forthwith deposit with the Special Master the sum of $15,000 in cash or by certified check on any National Bank or Trust Company, or $75,000 face amount of said bonds; but any cash or bonds which may have been previously deposited by the successful bidder as a pledge that he would make good his bid, shall be received on account of the amount required of him upon the acceptance of his bid. In lieu of the actual deposit of bonds with the Special Master for any purpose aforesaid, he will accept the certificate of any National Bank or Trust Company that it then holds subject to his order the amount of bond required with all unmatured coupons attached. In case any bidder shall fail after acceptance of his bid, to comply with any order of the Court relating to the payment thereof or the completion of the purchase, the sums deposited by such bidder, whether paid in cash or by certified check or represented by bonds or certificate, shall be forfeited as a penalty for such failure and shall be applied to the payment of the expenses of a resale and toward making good any deficiency or loss in case the property shall be sold at a less price on any resale, and to such other purposes as the Court may direct. If the Court shall not confirm the sale for which a deposit shall have been made, either by cash, by certified check, in bonds or certificate, such deposit shall be returned to the bidder.

The purchaser or purchasers shall, on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, make such further payment or payments in cash on account of the purchase price as the Court may direct. So much of the purchase price as may not be required by the Court to be paid in cash may either be paid in cash, or the purchaser may turn in to the Special Master bonds and coupons of the defendant, Alma Cement Company, issued under and secured by its said mortgage and deed of trust, and shall be credited on account of the purchase price for bonds and coupons so turned in with the amount which would be paid in cash upon such bonds and coupons out of the net proceeds of sale if the whole amount of the purchase price were to be paid in cash.

The purchaser as part of the consideration for such sale and in addition to the price bid, shall take the property subject to any liens which may have been or may hereafter be established as having priority over said mortgage and deed of trust.

The Special Master will provisionally accept the highest bid made at the sale, and if such bid shall thereafter be confirmed by the Court, and the purchaser shall complete his purchase either by payment of cash, or by payment in bonds to the extent and as permitted in said decree, or by payment partly in cash and partly in bonds, then the purchaser shall forthwith be let into possession of the property and premises sold.

For a more detailed statement of the terms and conditions of the sale, reference is hereby made to said decree on file with the Clerk of the United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, at Columbus, Ohio.

Dated, Columbus, Ohio, August 2, 1911.

JAMES O. TRIPP,
Special Master.

GUTHRIE, BANGS & VAN SINDEREN, Solicitors for the Plaintiff, 44 Wall Street, New York City, N. Y.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

New York, Aug. 15, 1911.

TO THE PUBLIC AND TRADES PEOPLE:
I hereby notify the public that I will no longer be responsible for the debts of my wife, Elsie Roman Goldston.

PHILIP GOLD[illegible]

SEATS FOR WOMEN IN THE BRIDGE CRUSH

Capt. Bourke's Plan Works Well on the Three Trolley Loops Where It Has Been Tested.

MAY BE EXTENDED SOON

Separation of the Sexes Arouses No Protests—Women Enjoy a Small Rush of Their Own for Seats.

Thanks to the inventive genius of Capt. Edward J. Bourke of the Brooklyn Bridge Police Traffic Squad thousands of male Brooklynites who have heretofore borne the name of "car hogs" are to show gallantry in the nightly crush of homegoers at the bridge trolley stations. Hereafter the guiding principle at those stands and in those cars will be: "Women seated first."

In the past the crush of homegoers has streamed madly through the parking spaces where the trolley cars turn in their respective loops back to Brooklyn, and men and women alike have elbowed their way into the seats, obeying the rule of "first come first served." The women naturally were at a disadvantage in this unmannerly mêlée, and success and a seat usually came to the man who had a shrouder of brawn and a soul of pork. Men like F. Hopkinson Smith fell to calling New York the most unmannerly city in the world.

Capt. Bourke of the Bridge Squad, resenting alike the incivility shown to the women and the slur cast upon his city, began to think. His cogitations finally discovered to him a long six-foot-high dusty iron fence that had for the last twenty years run unobserved and unutilized through the very centre of the parking platforms—a sort of vermiform appendix of the bridge structure, the purpose or usefulness of which no one seemed to have discovered.

Then there dawned a light upon the gallant soul of Capt. Bourke. He decided to use the old iron railing as a sort of separator of the sexes in the vesper bridge crush that had so long vexed him and his traffic squad. Last night, from 5:05 to 6:25 o'clock, he did.

For the time being it has been deemed advisable ot try the new plan only on the last three loops of the eight on the street level of the bridge. Track 6 for Court Street and Seventh Avenue cars; track 7 for Vanderbilt Avenue and Bergen Street cars, and track 8 for Flushing Avenue and Graham Avenue cars. At each of these platforms were stationed three traffic policemen—one in front and at the centre, one at the trolley stand to the right of the iron railing, and one to the left of the railing. As the crowd poured up to the platform the traffic policemen quietly turned all the men into the space at the right of the railing, and all the unescorted women into the division at the left of the railing. There, at the left, it has always been customary for incoming trolley cars to stop and discharge their passengers from Brooklyn. Now, no sooner has the discharge of passengers been effected than the women gathered at the left of the iron fence pour rapidly into the vacant seats. The cars start on, stop again at the right of the fence, and take on the crowd of waiting men herded there. The whole procedure takes up less time, according to the police, than before, when all the passengers were taken aboard at the second stop.

Capt. Bourke has made a few exceptions to his general rule of division. In addition to the unescorted women, the traffic policemen allow cripples and aged men and women to file into the division at the left of the railing and take the first seats. On the other hand, women with escorts are turned into the division at the right of the railing, on the supposition (amply verified) that their escorts will be able to elbow a place in the car for them. Only a few of the married women have so far objected to being thus penalized. One of them, in the midst of the bridge crush last evening, walked into the platform so far behind her hurrying spouse that the traffic policeman mistook her for a single woman anad turned her deftly aside into the inclosure for women at the left. She bounced greedily into a seat; the car filled rapidly with women and started on to the second stop, where the men got aboard. The woman's husband failed to get a foothold even on the running board, and stood bewailing his fate long after the car pulled out. He announced to the laughing throng, as he shook his fist at the traffic policeman, that his wife had not a cent for carfare and that he had all the bundles.

While the men behind the restraining traffic policeman stood in willy-nilly gallantry at the right of the railing, waiting for their turn to board the cars, the women, who when left to themselves weren't at all concerned with courtesy or idle displays of gallantry, poured in a mad rush into the vacant seats, with far less consideration for each other's comfort than they would expect the men to show. Which seemed to prove that women, too, are abundantly human.

There are at present no signs at the platforms telling men to turn into the right and women into the left divisions, but the very sight of a gathering knot of womenfolk at the left of the railing worked automatically last evening to draw other women there. They seemed to know that so many of their kind wouldn't congregate there if it were not well worth their while. On the other hand, few of the men manifested any desire to stray over into the favored section, despite the longer wait for seats in the section reserved for men. Only a few of them grumbled.

On the whole, the police last night pronounced the experiment a success. The plan may be extended, with modifications, to the other loops of the bridge if it can be done in such a way as not to produce a clogging of traffic at the street entrance to the bridge. The railway officials have expressed themselves favorably to the adoption of the plan and will cooperate with the police in carrying it out.

FINGER PRINTS NOT HIS.

Coroner Winterbottom Denies Waldo's Charge and Defends His Action.

Coroner J. E. Winterbottom replied yesterday to a letter in which Police Commissioner Waldo had some unkind things to say regarding the handling of evidence by coroners. The coroner's letter follows:

Aug. 15, 1911.

The Hon. Rhinelander Waldo, Police Commissioner, City of New York.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 11th instant, published in the newspapers of the 12th, with postmark of the 14th, duly at hand.

The Coroners of this borough are very well aware of the value of finger prints in aid of the detection of crime, and they have always done everything in their power to facilitate the work of the Police Department.

In the Jackson murder case, I permitted the body of Mr. Jackson to remain undisturbed for three hours in order to give the department expert the opportunity to note any finger prints that might be found on the body of the deceased.

I take exception to the statement:

"On the occasion of a recent crime a Coroner handled and fingered articles found in the vicinity of the murder to such an extent that it was impossible for the police to secure any evidence from this source."

I question the authority for making such a statement. Why you assume the finger prints to be mine is beyond understanding. To the best of my knowledge, the Police Department has no specimen of my finger prints to compare with those on the bottle in question, and, moreover, the bottle was handled by several detectives in charge of the case.

I do not deny handling the bottle. How could I? I am the one who found it and turned it over to the police, thus giving them the very clue through which the crime was solved.

I respectfully call your attention to Paragraphs 1,778 and 1,776 of the Consolidation Act of New York City, which plainly defines the duties of the Coroner in respect to articles of evidence, and from which you can see that I acted fully within my rights and which rights I intend to insist upon as long as I remain in this office as a duly-elected Coroner, and in the performance of my duties. Most respectfully yours, J. E. WINTERBOTTOM.

Commissioner Waldo has not made an- [illegible]

TO CONTEST DURYEA'S WILL.

Mrs. Thelberg Arrives from Sweden to Dispute Brother's Signature.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Aug. 15.—Mrs. Eva Thelberg of Sweden, sister of Walter Duryea, who died last May after living several years with a broken neck, has arrived in this country to take the necessary legal steps to break his will, which left the bulk of his estate to Miss Eleanor Peregrin, his nurse. Mrs. Thelberg is one of three sisters mentioned in the Duryea will. To her were bequeathed $10,000 and a portrait of her father. Mrs. Marcia V. Cox of Perryville, Va., receives by the terms of the will $10,000 and a portrait of her mother, while Mrs. Grace E. Sprigg of Essex Fells, N. J., receives $20,000 and some family heirlooms. For two of Mrs. Sprigg's children a trust fund of $50,000 each is created, while two of Mrs. Cox's children receive $5,000 each.

The Sprigg home in Essex Fells is closed for the Summer, and the present whereabouts of Mrs. Thelberg cannot be learned here. It is said she will try to break the will on the ground that it was not signed by Walter Duryea. The signature of the will was witnessed by Francis M. Crawley of 33 Harrison Avenue and Theodore Ames, Jr., of 71 Christopher Street, Montclair. A third witness was William C. Woolsey of 88 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn. It will be contended that Duryea was physically unable to sign the will.

COMES BACK A LIVE SERGEANT

Louis Stick, Mourned as Dead Five Years, Is a Real Soldier.

Louis Stick, who had been mourned as dead for nearly five years, walked into his home at 12 Charlton Street, Newark, yesterday. His mother fainted when she saw him.

Stick disappeared from his home on Sept. 14, 1907, after he had been threatened with arrest for losing money which did not belong to him. He and a friend, Reuben Bolton, boarded a freight train at Newark and beat their way to Easton, Penn.

Bolton got weary of tramping after a week and returned home with a story that Louis Stick had been ground to death under the wheels of a freight train. An effort to verify the report was without result, but Bolton stuck to his story.

After Bolton quit him Stick determined not to return home until he could make money enough to pay back what he had lost. He traveled to California, and then returned to Chicago. Next he was a cow puncher on a ranch in Arizona. Again he returned to Chicago and enlisted in the United States Cavalry. Within nine months he was made Corporal in the Eleventh Cavalry. For a time he was stationed in the Philippines. Before Stick was discharged a few months ago he was promoted to the rank of Sergeant.

BOSTON KID WAS TOO NICE.

Park Row Newsboys, He Said, Would Not Let Him Be One of Them.

Hyman Wolbert, 15 years old, of 87 North Russell Street, Boston, entered the Detective Bureau at Police Headquarters yesterday afternoon and told Lieut. Diefenthaler that he was hungry and wanted a job or that he be sent back to Boston. He had come from Boston three weeks ago, he said, and had tried to earn a living by selling papers. The other newsboys drove him first away from Park Row and then from the Bowery. His money gave out and he found himself in danger of starving. He had left home in Boston, he said, because his family was too poor to keep him. He had hoped to support himself in New York and send money to his family.

Lieut. Diefenthaler advanced the opinion that the newsboys along Park Row would not have stopped him from selling papers just because he came from Boston.

"Yes," said the boy, "but I try to wash my face every day, and I always like to have my shoes shined."

The Lieutenant admitted the boys on Park Row might have objected to his appearance.

Wolbert's clothes, while threadbare, were well brushed, and although his shoes were run down at the heal, they were neatly polished. He said that he had washed his own linen, but couldn't find any sadiron with which to complete the job.

The Lieutenant placed him in the temporary care of the Children's Society.

MAYOR APPOINTS SHANAHAN.

Brooklyn Lawyer Succeeds the Late George Fielder as Municipal Justice.

Mayor Gaynor yesterday appointed William Seward Shanahan a Justice of the Municipal Court of the Sixth District, Brooklyn, to succeed Justice George Fielder, who died recently. Mr. Shanahan was educated at Columbia College, where he was graduated in 1897 with the degree of A. B. He was graduated at the New York Law School in 1898, was admitted to the bar in June, 1899, and has since practiced law, with offices at 44 Court Street, Brooklyn, and 87 Nassau Street, Manhattan.

The new appointee was a member of the Assembly for four consecutive terms, and among the bills with which he was connected was an amendment to the stock corporation law. It was passed in 1907 as a part of the Public Service Commission law, which was advocated by Gov. Hughes.

LINER CECILIE HELD UP.

Man from Italy Was Ill, but Did Not Have Cholera.

The North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie, which arrived yesterday from Europe with 600 cabin passengers, was detained for three hours in Quarantine on account of a steerage passenger, from one of the cholera-infested districts in Italy, being ill.

After a careful examination by Dr. Doty the case was found to be not dangerous and the liner was allowed to proceed to her pier at noon.

Capt. Hogemann said that there was no news of a strike when the Kronprinzessin Cecilie left Bremen or when she called at Southampton. The voyage had been fair, with some rain approaching the Newfoundland banks. On Sunday the liner ran into fog, which necessitated her speed being reduced for three hours. She made the passage in 5 days 15 hours 18 minutes, at an average speed of 23.21 knots an hour.

END FLUSHING BAY BATHING.

Health Authorities Think the Water Is Unhealthful and Close Houses.

The Department of Health closed yesterday six bathhouses on Flushing Bay, near Corona, and policemen were stationed at them to give warning that it was unsafe to bathe there. More than 500 persons were ordered away.

The department officials say this prohibition has been made because of the condition of the water. In Flushing and vicinity several cases of infantile paralysis have occurred, and the medical authorities believe some may have been caused by bathing.

Owners of the bathhouses protested vehemently, yet their application for permits to keep open were denied.

NEW LABOR EXCHANGE OPENS IN EAST SIDE

Branch of National Employment Institution Will Supply All Kinds of Workers.

NOT TO BE RUN AS A CHARITY

Aim Is to Provide a Meeting Place for Employer and Employe, and to Save Time and Money for Both.

A labor exchange, adapted to American conditions from those operated successfully in Berlin and London, was opened yesterday morning in Cooper Square. A large, airy room in the building at Nos. 56 and 58, opposite the park, was opened at 9 o'clock, and 500 or more skilled workmen or laborers called during the day. A dozen employers visited the exchange to see men who were looking for jobs and talk with them. The bargaining between wage earners and employers of labor is conducted directly, and the exchange is simply to provide a meeting place.

The exchange is a department of the National Employment Exchange, founded April 15, 1910, after an investigation for the Sage Foundation by Edward T. Devine. For a year and a half the exchange has sent out laborers from two offices downtown and office workers from a bureau at 47 West Forty-second Street. The method used has been the old system of registrations and applications. So many difficulties were encountered in getting the right men without loss of time and of money advanced for transportation that it was decided to open a labor market.

Under this plan, an employer may come to New York and take back with him the help he needs. When work is accepted the employe pays the exchange a fee of $2. Although the enterprise has an endowment of $100,000, it is to be run on a business basis, and is expected to become self-supporting.

At the head of the exchange is Edward W. Carpenter, a young man who has been a contractor and has handled all kinds of laborers. He is not a sociologist, just an all-around director of workmen. On railroad construction work in the West he took through the unsettled country great parties of men, who built their cities as they went along. He has been in command of workmen from all parts of the earth and of every grade, from cooks to electrical engineers. As a contractor he dealt extensively with labor agencies, and studied the conditions that confront both workman and employer. Mr. Carpenter went abroad last Spring to look into the workings of the exchange in Berlin, and has organized this exchange with a view to meeting American needs.

"It is simply a question of getting employers interested," he said. "New York is oversupplied with skilled workmen, and, if anything, undersupplied with laborers. There probably would be plenty of laborers if all the men in the city would work. But the parks are very pleasant these days, and men who hate to work find ways of getting on. Representatives of employers who have the ability of sizing up a man who is looking for work can usually pick out these loafers if they come in here. We can spot them ourselves, and will discourage them if they try to take advantage of us. For the man who really wants a job, this system will be an immense gain over the old way of going from place to place looking for work or going to a position of which he knows nothing.

"The employer can get men on very short notice if he is within visiting distance of New York. Suppose a man has a contract which he must carry out by a certain date, and on a Monday morning three of his men fail to show up. If he advertises, he cannot get workmen before twenty-four hours. If he can get on a car or a train and come to this room, he can get three men and have them at work by noon.

"We have sent out circular letters to employers all over the country, requesting that they send their representatives to us when they need men. We have advertised in the papers that men may be had here. Our idea is to bring it to pass that any sincere workman who is out of a job can get a place without loss of time or money."

As a place to study labor conditions the new labor exchange has advantages. It is like a Board of Trade or a Stock Exchange, and will reflect business conditions as do the other exchanges. The oversupply of skilled workmen, for example, is a prominent feature of the labor market, and is attributed to the desire of men in the smaller towns for city life. This is a sample of conversation that can be heard at the exchange:

"What is your trade?"

"Lathe hand."

"Where do you come from?"

"Bridgeport."

"Were you thrown out of work there?"

"Oh, no, I wanted to come to New York to live, and thought I would have no trouble getting a job."

And the advice of the labor bureau is, "Go back to Bridgeport."

At this season of the year, all outdoor labor performed by Italians and foreigners is running full blast, and more men are wanted than can be supplied. There is steady demand from the West and South for men at wages ranging from $1.75 to $2 a day.

Among the subscribers to the fund of $100,000 for this work are the Sage Foundation, J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Archbold, Mortimer L. Schiff, John G. Milburn, Jacob H. Schiff, John D. Rockefeller, Robert W. de Forest, George F. Baker, Elbert H. Gary, Otto H. Kahn, and Isaac N. Seligman. Otto T. Bannard is the President of the institution.

GIVES UP SUBWAY JOB.

Peckworth, Whose Bid Was a Million Less Than Bradley's, Asks Release.

Charles H. Peckworth, to whom was awarded by the Public Service Commission the contract for Section 7 of the Lexington Avenue subway route has asked to have the award canceled and his check for $10,000 given as evidence of good faith, returned to him. He says that as the bids were opened on Oct. 27 last year, but were not approved by the Board of Estimate till July 21, the delay has been long and unreasonable. No official statement as to the action of the commission in this matter has been made, but it is understood that Mr. Peckworth will be permitted to withdraw from the contract and his check will be returned to him. The contract will then be readvertised.

No great surprise was felt at Mr. Peckworth's action, as his bid was so much lower than that of his competitors that it was considered doubtful whether the bonding companies would be eager to insure the successful completion of the contract. The section extends from Fortieth to Fifty-third Street, with stations at Forty-second and Fifty-first Streets. The Charles H. Peckworth Company bid $2,755,463, the Bradley Construction Company, $3,870,333; the MacArthur Brothers' Company, $4,958,157, and the Degnon Contracting Company, $4,955,754. It includes a good deal of heavy rock excavation and some costly underpinning of buildings. A bond of $350,000 would be required.

IF YOU TRAVEL

the world over, it would be impossible to find a more select stock of fine imported materials than that of L. L. Schwartz & Co., 198 Broadway. All the late Spring and last Winter materials. Their price for suit or overcoat was $75.00 to $100.00, our price $25.00. Sale on second floor.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Eve 8:15. Mat. To-day & Sat. $2-$1.50.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe.
THE PINK LADY

LIBERTY West 42d Street. Overture 8:15. Matinees To-day & Sat. 2:15.
"Most Fascinating of all Operas." —Eve. Sun.
CHRISTIE MACDONALD in THE SPRING MAID.

GAIETY THEATRE, 46th St. & B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
ALL ABOARD AT 8:15 TO-NIGHT
Henry W. Savage offers the Great Travel Show
EXCUSE ME
A Pullman Carnival by Rupert Hughes.
MIRTHMAKERS' SYMPOSIUM.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
JOHN HYAMS & LEILA McINTYRE
in THE GIRL OF MY DREAMS

JARDIN DE PARIS ATOP THE N. Y. THEATRE.
Nights at 8:30. Smoking. Refreshments.
LAST 3 WEEKS.
3 SHOWS IN ONE ZIEGFELD FOLLIES TABLE SEATS $1.

FOLIES BERGERE 46th St. B'way. RESTAURANT (a la carte) from 6:30 to 1 A. M. from 8:15 to 11 P. M. 2 REVUES & BALLET.
11:15 TO 1 A. M. CABARET SHOW.
THE MIDNIGHT SENSATION HELLO PARIS
with THE SIBERIAN WHIRL.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day. Pop. Prices.
VALESKA SURATT in THE RED ROSE.
MOST GORGEOUS MUSICAL COMEDY IN YEARS.

GEO. M. COHAN'S Theatre, B'way, 43d St. Ev. 8:15, Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
Seats Now for Labor Day Mat. Mon., Sept. 4th.
GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD

Winter Garden B'way & 50th. Tel. 411 Col. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. Sat.
BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIRS TO LADIES AT MATINEES TO-MORROW & SATURDAY.
GERTRUDE HOFFMANN Announces
LA SAISON DES BALLETS RUSSES
(Season of Russian Ballets).

39TH ST. Thea. 39th, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15.
JOHN MASON in Augustus Thomas' greatest work, AS A MAN THINKS.

Maxine Elliott's Thea. 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:30.
Evenings 8:30. Henrietta CROSMAN in THE REAL THING.

BROADWAY Thea. B'way & 41st. Eve. 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15.
LEW FIELDS in THE HEN PECKS

CASINO B'way & 39th. Seats Tom'w SAM BERNARD
2 WEEKS ONLY. AUG. 21 TO SEPT. 2 in HE CAME FROM MILWAUKEE.

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ., B'way & 35th.
KINEMACOLOR MOTION PICTURES
Colored moving pictures of the Coronation, taken by Royal Command.
Twice Daily, 2:30 & 8:30. 25c.-50c.

ROOF GARDEN 8:15 P. M. 25 & 50c. AMERICAN THEATRE, 42d, W. of Broadway.
12:30 to 11:30 P. M. All Seats Reserved. 12 Big Vaudeville Acts.
Mats. 10-15; Night 10-15-25c. Continuous Vaudeville.
Baseball games reported by innings at the Matinee.

PROSPECT THEATRE Prospect & Westchester Ave. MAT. TO-DAY WILDFIRE

OLYMPIC E. 14th St. Phone 708 Stuy. Home of High-Class Burlesque.
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America's Greatest Playhouse. Everybody acts.
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PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK
Opposite W. 130th St. Ferry. Fireworks Thursday.

Kennedy
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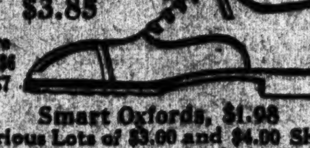
Our Finest Tan Oxfords in This Clearance
$3.85
Were $5, $6 & $7



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Various Lots of $3.00 and $4.00 Shoes Tan Calf, Black Calf & Patent Leather on new straight Flat English Lasts
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Handy for the week-end trip.
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Your particular chimney problem studied by experts, and estimates given without charge. The work is undertaken with this understanding:
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Sipped while taking food,
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YOU will find the best selections among the suits reduced to $15, and values greater than ever before.

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The medium weight garments in this sale will give you service way into the Fall, and they go with the rest at less than half their actual value.
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You May Find Here Just What You Need.
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We are not over-stocked, nor have we had a backward season. On the contrary, we never sold down so low, and our business has been good. There are, however, small lots of desirable Suits which you should see. We are anxious to find the man, who, during the rush, may have secured something that was not entirely satisfactory, as we cheerfully refund the purchase price, which we always hold on deposit until every transaction gives perfect satisfaction.
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Exceptional Shirt Values At.............. 85c & $1.15
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Will contain many special features of wide general interest, including
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Something about this descendant of a noted family and his forebears.
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One scion of a noted house is a waiter, another a farmer, and still another a night watchman in a freight depot.
Business Conditions All Over the World
An interview of unusual importance with Roger W. Babson, the well-known authority on financial statistics.
The Centenary of Theophile Gautier
Europe is getting ready to honor the memory of the great French poet, novelist, and critic.
The Review of Books
Will include, among other articles for the book reader, these features:
Mark Twain's First Humor.
His introduction is "The Territorial Enterprise," of Virginia City, where his fame began.
What "Arizona" Used to Mean.
Thrilling days that an army officer's wife spent there in the seventies.
"Futurism" ad Nauseam.
Some of the literary antics of Marinetti, Italy's grand priest of the order.
The Power of a Great Beauty.
What a diarist of the Regency has to say of many things.
Thus Did Kings Become Kings.
Magic art and their evolution as set forth in Dr. Frazer's "Golden Bough."
New Light on Luther's Life.
Recently discovered sources of information the basis of Dr. Preserved Smith's work.
Hardy Reading His Own Books.
Preparing an American edition — Kipling's "jingo" poetry—English literary news.
Pictorial Section
Will contain half tones of the following:
Harvest Festival at Narragansett Pier.
A Cemetery for Pets at Hartsdale, N. Y.
Scenes from Dickens's Novels as They Look on His Centenary.
Beach at Coney Island on a Hot August Day.
Well-Known Society Folk.
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